

LXI API
Extended Function

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**Revision history**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ***Revision*** | ***Description*** |
| 1.02022-05-10 | Initial version |
| 1.02022-05-24 | This revision updates the term ‘insecure’ to ‘unsecure’ throughout the document. |
| 1.02022-06-09 | Corrected typo in section 23.10.6.3. The URL of the schema on the LXI web site was inconsistent with other references. Added observation to 23.10.15 pointing out the IDevID cannot be deleted. |
| 1.02022-06-16 | Corrected the name of LXICertificateRequest/CryptoSuite to LXICertificateRequest/SignatureAlgorithm and specified the error response. |
| 1.02022-11-17 | Various editorial changes:* Clarified the rules for non-LXI interfaces and behavior of @clientAuthentication required.
* Clarified behavior of ClientAuthenticationMechanisms
* Added editorial dates to each API schema
* Updates to Signature Algorithm to call out the syntax of the OID string
 |
| 1.12023-10-20 | Refactored and extended the LXI Identification Schema and updated requirements regarding device response returning 202 (Pending).Modified the sections related to referencing this Extended Function in the LXI Web Page and LXI Identification XML to not include a reference to the API Extended Function.Update appropriate references to domain lxistandard.org to public.lxistandard.org.Clarify use of the Identification Schema when reporting IPv6 addresses.Allowing passwords to be sent as hashes.Updated description and example of using SCRAM |

# LXI API Extended Function

The LXI API Extended Function specifies the methods, semantics, and payload schemas of the LXI REST APIs.

Devices shall not claim compliance with the API Extended Function unless they also comply with an LXI extended function that requires LXI REST API methods. Compliance with the API Extended Function indicates that all of the methods required by other implemented LXI Extended Functions (or the LXI Device Specification) that require REST API methods are implement as specified in this extended function including all the rules and requirements associated with APIs in general and the specifics of the APIs and schemas implemented.

## Purpose and Scope of this Document

The following sections describe the purpose and scope of this specification.

### Purpose

This document defines the REST API used by other LXI Extended Functions.

### Scope

This document defines a common set of RULES and RECOMMENDATIONS for constructing a conformant LXI Device with the LXI API Extended Function. Whenever possible these specifications uses existing industry standards.

The original LXI Device Specification included both requirements for all LXI Devices and a number of Extended Functions in a single document. Common information remains in the LXI Device Specification and specific information related to the Extended Function moves to separate documents.

## Definition of Terms

This document contains both normative and informative material. Unless otherwise stated the material in this document shall be considered normative.

NORMATIVE: Normative material shall be considered in determining whether an LXI Device is conformant to this standard. Any section or subsection designated as a RULE or PERMISSION is normative.

INFORMATIVE: Informative material is explanatory and is not considered in determining the conformance of an LXI Device. Any section or subsection designated as RECOMMENDATION, SUGGESTION, or OBSERVATION is informative. Unless otherwise noted examples are informative.

RULE: Rules SHALL be followed to ensure compatibility for LAN-based devices. A rule is characterized by the use of the words SHALL and SHALL NOT. These words are not used for any other purpose other than stating rules.

RECOMMENDATION: Recommendations consist of advice to implementers that will affect the usability of the final device. Discussions of particular hardware to enhance throughput would fall under a recommendation. These should be followed to avoid problems and to obtain optimum performance.

SUGGESTION: A suggestion contains advice that is helpful but not vital. The reader is encouraged to consider the advice before discarding it. Suggestions are included to help the novice designer with areas of design that can be problematic.

PERMISSION: Permissions are included to clarify the areas of the specification that are not specifically prohibited. Permissions reassure the reader that a certain approach is acceptable and will cause no problems. The word MAY is reserved for indicating permissions.

OBSERVATION: Observations spell out implications of rules and bring attention to things that might otherwise be overlooked. They also give the rationale behind certain rules, so that the reader understands why the rule must be followed. Any text that appears without heading should be considered as description of the specification.

## Relationship to Other LXI Standards

This specification defines an API that may be required by other LXI Extended Functions. This extended function is only required in conjunction with other extended functions that specify certain API capabilities. Therefore compliance with this specification is not included in the Web page or Identification documents by the device.

## Acronyms

The following acronyms are used in this specification:

API Application Program Interface

CMS Cryptographic Message Syntax, as defined by RFC 8933 or its successors

CSR Certificate Signing Request

DevID Device Identifier as defined by IEEE 802.1AR. When used in this document, the clarifications in the LXI Security Extended Function are assumed.

HiSLIP High-speed LAN Instrument Protocol

HTTP Hyper-text transfer protocol

HTTPS Hyper-text transfer protocol performed over a TLS connection

IDevID Initial Device Identifier as defined by IEEE 802. 1AR. When used in this document, the clarifications in the LXI Security Extended Function are assumed.

LCI LAN Connection Initialize

LDevID A locally significant Device Identifier, as defined by IEEE 802.1AR, this is a DevID provisioned to the instrument by the end-customer. When used in this document, the clarifications in the LXI Security Extended Function are assumed.

LXI LAN Extensions for Instruments

OpenGroup Standards organization, see OpenGroup.org

PEM Stands for Privacy Enhanced Mail, although the use in this specification is to refer to the conventional PEM File format for representing X.509 certificates.

REST Refers to an HTTP API. Stylistically, an API organized as a REpresentational State Transfer API.

SCPI Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments. Managed by the IVI Consortium.

TCP Transmission Control Protocol

TLS Transport Layer Security

VXI-11 VXI-11 specification as managed by the VXI Consortium. VXI-11 provides an ONC RPC-based mechanism for IEEE 488.2 messages.

XML Extensible Mark-up Language

XSD XML Schema Definition

## Compliance Requirements

For a device to comply with the LXI API Extended Function, it shall implement the methods required by any other implemented LXI Extended Function. The methods shall implement all endpoints specified for the method with the semantics, payloads, and headers specified by this extended function document. This includes requirements explicitly called out as rules and any behavior or requirement that states that devices *shall* behave in a certain fashion or provide a certain capability.

The API XML payloads shall comply with the LXI XML schemas. That is, devices shall produce and correctly consume XML documents that are schema-valid based on the LXI schemas. These schema files are not physically included in this document, but are specified in this document and posted at the LXI website as XSD files.

### RULE – Devices Comply with Current Schemas

The LXI schema’s may be updated from time to time. The LXI Conformance Policy indicates the minimum versions devices are required to conform to as part of conformance to a device specification version. Devices shall support schemas that are current at the time of their development, which may be minor revisions more recent than the minimum requirement of the conformance policy.

Devices shall clearly indicate versions of the schema they support.

Devices may also support older schema versions.

## RULE – “LXI API” Extended Function is not included on the Welcome Web Page

Devices implementing the LXI API Extended Function do not include a reference to the LXI API Extended Function in the display item of the welcome web page.

See section 23.3, *Relationship to Other LXI Standards* for a full explanation.

## RULE – “LXI API” Extended Function is not included in the LXI Identification

Devices implementing LXI API Extended Function shall not include a <Function> element in the <LxiExtendedFunctions> XML element with the FunctionName attribute of “LXI API” and a Version attribute containing the version number of this document.

See section 23.3, *Relationship to Other LXI Standards* for a full explanation.

## Editorial Conventions Used in This Document

The following conventions are used in this document:

* References to elements or attributes of elements outside of the element/attribute being currently described use italicized XPATH syntax. This syntax represents the element hierarchy much like a file system path. Attributes are indicated with a leading ampersand ('@').
	+ For instance, foo/bar/@baz refers to the attribute baz of the element bar which is contained in the element foo.
* Elements
	+ There are numerous cases where some parent element may be optional, however if the parent element is present, then certain child elements or attributes may be required. Thus, if the parent is present, then the child elements and attributes shall be included as specified. In these cases, the parent is listed as optional, and the child elements and attributes are listed as required. This practice includes both syntactic requirements and LXI standards rules.
	+ The requirements for the usage of elements are called out in the requirements column of tables of subelements where that element is referenced.
	+ The documentation of the element itself, deals with requirements on the use and syntax of that element, regardless of if it is required in the context of the parent element.
* The specification identifies many elements and attributes that are syntactically optional, that are required to be implemented by LXI devices.
	+ The implementation requirements for elements are called out in the tables where they are referenced.
	+ The requirements for attributes are called out in the Description column in the attributes tables with a paragraph title of *Required*. If the attribute requirement is tagged with a RULE, then the attribute shall be implemented as defined.
* Unless stated otherwise, attributes are read/write. Typically, if an attribute is read-only the LCI column of the tables indicates *Read-only*.
* Statements regarding unsecure mode are rules and indicate required behavior of devices in determining if the device is in unsecure mode. The ultimate determination of the device unsecure mode is based on the requirements in the LXI Security Extended Function. The statements in these tables include minimum conditions to put the device into unsecure mode but are not the complete determination.

## Tables Used in this Document

The Element tables in the following sections are a normative part of this specification. The table headers are as follows:

Element Element indicates the name of the element. Element names are all single Pascal-case (also known as upper camel case) identifiers. Lengthy element names may be split across multiple lines or have spaces inserted for readability.

Type Type indicates the type of the element. Types preceded with *xs:* are defined by the XML standards. Types preceded with *lxi:* are defined by LXI.

Cardinality Cardinality indicates if the element is optional or required, and how many times it may be repeated. *Unbounded* indicates it may be repeated indefinitely.

Requirements Requirements calls out specific RULES regarding the use of the element.

The Attribute tables in the following sections are a normative part of this specification. The table headers are as follows:

Attribute Attribute indicates the name of the attribute. Attribute names are all camel case identifiers. Lengthy attribute names may be split across multiple lines or have spaces inserted for readability.

Syntax Syntax indicates information the data type, cardinality, and default value for the attribute.

LCI LCI indicates the value assumed by this attribute when the LXI LAN Connection Initialize operation is performed.

Description Description indicates the attribute semantics. The *Description* column includes a paragraph labelled *Requirement* that states implementation requirements. The *Description* column also includes a paragraph labelled *Unsecure Impact* that indicates the impact of this setting on the device Unsecure Mode.

## The LXI Device API

This section describes the LXI Security API. Subsequent sections describe syntactic and semantic API requirements based on the method parameters (payloads).

### RULE – API Client Authentication and Authorization

The LXI Device API endpoints with URLs that begin with /lxi/api shall require that the client be authenticated and authorized and that the communication channel be secure. Thus, these endpoints are only served with HTTPS, that is, HTTP over TLS.

The HTTP GET methods for following LXI Device API endpoints do not require authentication, authorization or encryption and are thus available via HTTP as well as HTTPS:

/lxi/identification

/lxi/common-configuration

/lxi/device-specific-configuration

Observation

Users that do not want this information available to unauthorized clients, or want the communication to be encrypted, can disable the unsecure HTTP LXI API endpoints using the LXI Common Configuration API.

Observation

Clients may attempt to access the API without authorization to determine a suitable type of authorization supported by the device, and the endpoints that require authorization.

#### RULE – API Key Authentication

API clients shall be able to authenticate themselves by providing an HTTP request header that supplies an authentication key. Note that the API Key can always be used to authenticate the user regardless of the device configuration based on the Common Configuration API. The authentication key may be generated by the device, or by the device working in concert with external applications. The authentication key is not generated by the client.

When using API key authentication, the HTTP header *X-API-Key* shall be included with the HTTP request to provide the API key to the device.

The procedure used by the customer to acquire the API key is beyond the scope of LXI. However, devices shall not provide the API key over Ethernet using an unsecure connection.

#### RULE – HTTPS Basic and Digest Authentication

API clients shall be able to authenticate themselves by providing HTTP Basic and optionally Digest authentication per RFC7616/RFC7617 or whatever successors are current when the device is designed. The realm for the LXI API shall be “LXI-API”.

Per section 23.10.1.3, *RULE – API Requires Authorization,* authenticated users must also be authorized to use the full API. The users list in the *ClientCredential* element permits users to be designated as authorized.

Observation

RFC7617 specifies headers that shall be included with the HTTP functions to authenticate the client. Specifically, the *Authenticate* header is required.

Observation

Clients may prefer Basic or Digest authentication since it allows the client to choose the password.

#### RULE – API Requires Authorization

The authority of authenticated users shall be verified before they are permitted to change the LXI Security Settings via any Ethernet protocol or interface.

This specification requires two mechanisms by which users may be authorized:

* Authorized users may be specified to the device using the API defined in section 17, *RULE – LXI Common Configuration PUT API.*  The user list in the *ClientCredential* element can be used to designated users as authorized using the *APIAccess* attribute. Thus, users presenting the *name* and *password* indicated in the *ClientCredential* are permitted to perform privileged operations.
* Users presenting a valid API Key are authorized.

Other authorization determinations beyond the scope of LXI may be used as well. Such mechanisms must be used to initially authorize a user to use the API.

Observation

Changes may be made to the LXI Security Settings via interfaces other than the Ethernet interface such as USB or the instrument front panel. Those are beyond the scope of LXI but should ensure the client is authorized.

### RULE – Additional Means of Authorization

LXI devices are permitted to implement additional means beyond the scope of this specification to authorize the API, however such means shall ensure that clients are fully authenticated and authorized.

### RULE – LXI Certificate and CSR GUIDs

Several of the LXI APIs reference either certificates, certificate chains or CSRs using a GUID. The GUID is created and managed by the device and shall be made up of an arbitrary string of alpha-numerics and hyphens.

CSRs may be deleted by the user or, from time-to-time, expire on the device. See section 23.10.16.1, *RULE – Minimum* CSR Retention*,* for LXI requirements.

The device shall ensure that GUIDs do not replicate under foreseeable circumstances including malicious client actions.

When a certificate is posted to the device it shall receive a new GUID, and the GUID for the corresponding CSR shall not be used again.

Observation

There are numerous algorithms the device could use to generate GUIDs. However, if the REST API operations are in excess of 2 microseconds, a simple incrementing 64-bit unsigned integer will only create duplicate GUIDs every million years.

### Common Method Requirements

Common method requirement for the APIs are specified below.

#### RULE – XML Payloads Comply with LXI Schemas

LXI provides XSD schemas for each of the LXI APIs that uses an XML payload. Devices shall produce schema-valid XML and accept and properly act on any schema-valid XML.

Numerous requirements regarding the use and interpretation of the schema are included in the following sections regarding the schemas and shall be followed by devices.

#### RULE – Response and Request headers

Devices shall return the specified response headers.

Devices shall observe the request headers and ensure that a client presenting request payloads based on the LXI-specified payloads and syntaxes are accepted.

#### RULE – HTTP Return Codes

If an operation fails, the device shall return the appropriate HTTP status code as summarized below.

Devices shall not return 200 (OK) unless the operation is fully complete and the device is ready for normal operation.

If the API for which this response is generated may result in a new IP address, then the URL returned from the 202 response shall be constructed with either the hostname or an absolute path with no host.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| HTTP Response Status Code | Conventional Meaning  | Detailed description |
| 400 | Bad Request | Something malformed with the request, typically the body of the request is invalid either syntactically or semantically |
| 401 | Unauthorized client | Client attempted an operation that requires authentication or authorization that was not suitable |
| 403 | Forbidden | The client has not provided necessary authorization |
| 405 | Method not allowed | The endpoint does exist, but the HTTP method accessed is not defined. |
| 200 | OK | This shall only be returned if the operation is fully complete and the device is ready for normal operation. |
| 202 | Accepted | Request pending (perhaps reboot required). Devices shall return the 202 response code to indicate that the request was accepted, but the reconfiguration implicit in the request may not be completed till some future time, perhaps after a reboot. |

#### RULE – LXI Problem Details

When returning errors, devices shall return information regarding the failure using the LXIProblemDetails XML.

The HTTP Response Header returned with LXI Problem Details shall be ‘Content-Type:application/xml’.

#### RULE – Operation Pending Response Handling

If an LXI API returns status 202, that is request pending, it shall return the LXIPendingDetails XML. The pending details permits the client to determine details about pending actions and determine when they are complete.

Devices shall include a response header of: Content-Type: application/xml

The LXIPendingDetails XML includes a URL at which the client can perform an HTTP GET to determine the status of the pending operation. The response from that URL shall either be status 200, OK, or a status of 202, accepted with a new LXIPendingDetails XML.

Observation

If the device never returns a 202, accepted response, operation pending response handling need not be implemented.

##### RULE – Operations That Require User Action Return Operation Pending

If an LXI API requires user action, it shall return a status of 202, with the LXIPendingDetails XML without waiting for user intervention.

Observation

The LXIPendingDetails XML indicates that the device is waiting for user intervention.

##### RULE – Accepted Response URL Expiration

As long as the operation remains pending each response shall return a status of 202 and an LXIPendingDetails XML. The subsequent responses are permitted to use a different URL, therefore the client must base subsequent GETs on the updated URL.

The returned URL shall remain valid at least until either:

* The client performs a GET on the URL (which may return a fresh LXIPending response) or,
* The client executes another HTTP method that returns a pending status or,
* 1 hour has elapsed or,
* The device is rebooted

If the pending operation requires a reboot to complete, the URL may be invalid after the reboot, however, the device should attempt to provide a URL that will remain valid.

Observation

The device may not be able to return a URL that works after a reboot because the resolution of the IP address based on either the hostname or static addresses may not be possible before the reboot. For instance, if DHCP has just been turned on, the device may not be able to generate a URL that will work after a reboot.

### API Summary

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| URL  | HTTPMethod | Summary |
| /lxi/identification | GET | Returns identity information about the device (and connected devices). This is an unsecure API.Note compliant implementations might not include the Content-Type response header. |
| /lxi/api/common-configuration OR/lxi/common-configuration | GET | Returns the overall device LXI configuration and capabilities.This API is available both over secure and unsecure connections. See 23.10.8, *RULE – LXI Common Configuration GET API*, for differences between the two endpoints. |
|  lxi/api/common-configuration | PUT | Configures the overall device LXI configuration The network settings managed by this API can usually be applied to all devices in a system. |
| /lxi/api/device-specific-configuration OR/lxi/device-specific-configuration | GET | Returns device-specific configuration and capabilities. This API is available over both secure and unsecure connections. The two endpoints behave identically. |
|  /lxi/api/device-specific-configuration  | PUT | Configures device-specific network settings. The network settings managed by this API are potentially unique to a particular device. |
| /lxi/api/certificates | GET | Returns a list of certificate GUIDs. |
| /lxi/api/certificates | POST | Places a PKCS#7 style certificate or certificate chain on the device to use with its LDevID. The certificate must be based on a CSR acquired from the device. The GET response XML has the GUID that is used to identify this certificate. |
| /lxi/api/certificates/<GUID> | GET | Returns the PKCS#7 certificate, certificate chain, or PKCS#10 CSR identified by <GUID> |
| /lxi/api/certificates/<GUID> | DEL | Deletes the certificate, certificate chain or CSR identified by <GUID> |
| /lxi/api/certificates/<GUID>/enabled | PUT/GET | Controls and reads if the designated certificate is used by the device. |
| /lxi/api/get-csr | GET | Acquires a PKCS#10 CSR from the device based on the request parameters. |
| /lxi/api/create-certificate | PUT | Tell the device to create a self-signed certificate (also known as an LDevID) based on the request parameters. |

### XML Schemas for Device APIs

The following sections specify the management of the XML schemas that specify the format of the payloads sent to and from the device with the LXI API.

#### LXI Identification Schema Handling

The LXI Identification schema precedes this specification. Although it is part of the LXI API, the location and management of it is independent of the rules in this section. For details see: 23.10.7, *RULE – LXI* Identification API*.*

#### Schema Version Management

The LXI XML schemas are versioned by providing all versions of each schema in its own directory within a directory named *schemas*. The directory name is the schema name as specified in the document. For instance, all versions of the LXI Common Configuration schema are located in the directory:

schemas/LXICommonConfiguration/

Within this directory, the various versions of the schema have filenames that correspond to the version of the schema. For instance, the 2.3 version of the LXI Common Configuration schema would have the filename *“2.3”*. The reference for this version of the schema would then be:

schemas/LXICommonConfiguration/2.3

#### RULE – Schema location on the device

Devices shall provide schemas for each payload produced or consumed by the device.

The schemas, on a device, shall be located at the device URL from the HTTP(S) server ports that serve the specific API, in the directory *lxi.* Thus, the URL for the 1.0 release of the LXI Common Configuration schema shall be:

http(s)://<device>/lxi/schemas/LXICommonConfiguration/1.0

The schemas are also available on the LXI website in the directory *schemas.* Thus, the URL for the 1.0 release of the LXI Common Configuration schema is:

http(s)://public.lxistandard.org/schemas/LXICommonConfiguration/1.0

### RULE – LXI Identification API

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| URL  | Method | RequestContent | HTTP RequestHeaders | Response Content | HTTP ResponseHeaders |
| /lxi/identification | GET | None | --- | LXIIdentification.xsd | Content-Type: text/xml |

The LXI Identification GET API returns the overall device identity.

Clients are not required to authenticate themselves to use this API.

For backward compatibility, in addition to 23.10.6.3, *RULE – Schema location on the device,* devices shall also provide this schema from:

http(s)://<device>/InstrumentIdentification/<version>

The schema is available from the LXI web site at:

https://public.lxistandard.org/schemas/InstrumentIdentification/2.0

### RULE – LXI Common Configuration GET API

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| URL  | Method | RequestContent | HTTP RequestHeaders | Response Content | HTTP ResponseHeaders |
| /lxi/api/common-configuration ORlxi/common-configuration | GET | None | --- | LXICommonConfiguration | Content-Type: application/xml |

 The LXI Common Configuration GET API returns the overall device LXI configuration. The configuration returned in the XML payload may meaningfully be applied to all devices in a system.

#### RULE – The lxi/common-configuration Endpoint Elides User Lists

The lxi/common-configuration endpoint does not require client authentication, therefore, this response shall elide the user lists used for client authentication and authorization.

### RULE – LXI Common Configuration PUT API

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| URL  | Method | RequestContent | HTTP RequestHeaders | Response Content | HTTP ResponseHeaders |
| /lxi/ api/common-configuration | PUT | LXICommonConfiguration | Content-Type: application/xml | none | --- |

The LXI Common Configuration PUT API configures the common device LXI configuration. The configuration represented by the XML payload may meaningfully be applied to all devices in a system.

#### RULE – Ignore Read-Only Attributes On Write

There are several attributes in the LXI Common Configuration Schema that are read-only, that is, they are returned by the device as part of a GET, but they are not intended for use during a PUT.

If a device receives Read-only attributes on a PUT it shall ignore them, and not treat them as an error.

Observation

Ignoring Read-Only attributes simplifies customer use by enabling the user to read the LXI Common Configuration from a device, then subsequently send it back to the device.

### RULE – LXI Device Specific Configuration GET API

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| URL  | Method | RequestContent | HTTP RequestHeaders | Response Content | HTTP ResponseHeaders |
| /lxi/ api/device-specific-configuration OR/lxi/device-specific-configuration | GET | none  | --- | LXIDeviceSpecificConfiguration | Content-Type: application/xml |

The LXI Device Specific Configuration GET API returns device-specific configuration and capabilities as specified in the LXI Device Specific Configuration schema.

The settings returned by this API are either potentially unique to a particular device or automatically configured.

The two endpoints return the same response.

### RULE – LXI Device Specific Configuration PUT API

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| URL  | Method | RequestContent | HTTP RequestHeaders | Response Content | HTTP ResponseHeaders |
| /lxi/ api/device-specific-configuration | PUT | LXIDeviceSpecificConfiguration | Content-Type: application/xml | none | --- |

The LXI Device Specific Configuration PUT API configures network settings that are device-specific or potentially automatically configured.

Devices retain the LXI Device Specific configuration and only utilize it when automatic configuration is disabled. Thus, writing the LXI Device Specific configuration while automatic configuration is active then subsequently disabling automatic configuration will result in the device using the configuration specified in the LXI Device Specific configuration.

### RULE – LXI Certificates GET API

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| URL  | Method | RequestContent | HTTP RequestHeaders | Response Content | HTTP ResponseHeaders |
| /lxi/ api/certificates | GET | none | --- | LXICertificateList | Content-Type: application/xml |

The LXI Certificates GET API returns a listing of certificates, certificate chains, and outstanding CSRs on the device. This listing includes information specified in the LXICertificateList schema including GUIDs that identify each entity. These GUIDs may be used, for instance, to designate the LXI Certificate to the DEL method.

CSRs may be deleted by the user or, from time-to-time, expire on the device. See section 23.10.16.1, *RULE – Minimum* CSR Retention*,* for LXI requirements.

### RULE – LXI Certificates POST API

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| URL  | Method | RequestContent | HTTP RequestHeaders | Response Content | HTTP ResponseHeaders |
| /lxi/ api/certificates | POST | CMS(RFC 8933) | Content-Type: application/cms | LXICertificateRef | Content-Type: application/xml |

The LXI Certificates POST API provisions a certificate or certificate chain to the device to be used by the device to identify itself. The posted value is a PKCS#7 style certificate or certificate chain for the device to use with its LDevID.

The certificate must be based on a CSR acquired from the device. The CSR is deleted when the new certificate is successfully posted to the device.

The device response XML contains the GUID that may be used subsequently to identify this certificate or certificate chain for use with other APIs.

### RULE – LXI Certificate GET API

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| URL  | Method | RequestContent | HTTP RequestHeaders | Response Content | HTTP ResponseHeaders |
| /lxi/ api/certificates/<GUID> | GET | none | --- | For certificates or certificate chains: CMS (RFC 8933)For CSRs: PEM (RFC 5967)  | For certificates or certificate chains: Content-Type: application/cmsFor CSRs:Content-Type: application/pkcs10Content-Transfer-Encoding: base64 |

The LXI Certificates/<GUID> GET API returns the certificate, certificate chain, or CSR identified by the <GUID> incorporated into the URL. Note that the type of the response is dependent on the GUID.

### RULE – LXI Certificate DELETE API

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| URL  | Method | RequestContent | HTTP RequestHeaders | Response Content | HTTP ResponseHeaders |
| /lxi/ api/certificates/<GUID> | DEL | none | --- | none | --- |

The LXI Certificates/<GUID> DELETE API deletes the certificate, certificate chain, or CSR identified by the <GUID> incorporated into the URL.

Observation

The IDevID cannot be deleted.

### RULE – LXI CSR GET API

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| URL  | Method | RequestContent | HTTP RequestHeaders | Response Content | HTTP ResponseHeaders |
| /lxi/ api/get-csr | GET | LXICertificateRequest | Content-Type:application/xml | PEM (RFC 5967) | Content-Type: application/pkcs10 Content-Transfer-Encoding: base64  |

The LXI CSR GET API acquires a PKCS#10 CSR from the device. The CSR is created based on the data in the LXICertificateRequest XML which includes the subject and other fields the client specifies for the CSR.

#### RULE – Minimum CSR Retention

Devices shall at least retain the most recently generated CSR for any given cryptography suite at least until a power cycle. Devices should retain CSRs longer than this to support other customer use models, especially those that require operator intervention.

### RULE – LXI Create Certificate API

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| URL  | Method | RequestContent | HTTP RequestHeaders | Response Content | HTTP ResponseHeaders |
| /lxi/ api/create-certificate | PUT | LXICertificateRequest | Content-Type:application/xml | LXICertificateRef/1.0 | Content-Type: application/xml |

In response to this call, the device shall create a new certificate (that is, an LDevID) to use to authenticate itself. This self-signed certificate shall be managed and presented to clients consistent with the requirements in the LXI Security Extended Function.

If the device is unable to respect any of the fields specified in the *LXICertificateRequest*, the device shall return an error.

### RULE – LXI Certificate ENABLED API

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| URL  | Method | RequestContent | HTTP RequestHeaders | Response Content | HTTP ResponseHeaders |
| /lxi/ api/certificates/<GUID>/enabled | PUT | LXILiterals | Content-Type: application/xml | None | --- |
| /lxi/ api/certificates/<GUID>/enabled | GET | None | --- | LXILiterals | Content-Type: application/xml |

The LXI Certificates/<GUID>/enabled PUT API enables or disables the designated certificate or certificate chain identified by the <GUID> incorporated into the URL.

#### RULE – LXILiterals Parameter to Enabled is Boolean

The LXILiterals schema permits arbitrarily typed attributes. The request LXILiterals parameter to enabled shall be an attribute of name *value* and of type *xs:boolean*. The value of the Boolean attribute indicates if the certificate or certificate chain identified by the <GUID> is enabled.

#### RULE – LXILiterals Response to Enabled is Boolean

The LXILiterals schema permits arbitrarily typed attributes. The response LXILiterals parameter to enabled shall be an attribute of name *value* and of type *xs:boolean*. The value of the Boolean attribute indicates if the certificate or certificate chain identified by the <GUID> is enabled.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Certificate Extension | lxi:CertificateExtension | Optional unbounded  | CertificateExtension permits the user to request arbitrary certificate fields based on the object identifier and field values.  |

### SubjectName

SubjectName contains the various attributes of the requested certificate subject.

**RULE:23.16.2-1** The default fields for the subject name shall be the values used in the device IDevID.

The SubjectName complex type has **no attributes**

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| CommonName | xs:string | Optional  | CommonName specifies the common name subject attribute.  |
| Organization | xs:string | Optional  | Organization specifies the organization subject attribute.  |
| Organizational Unit | xs:string | Optional unbounded  | OrganizationUnit specifies the organization unit subject attribute.  |
| Locality | xs:string | Optional  | Locality specifies the locality subject attribute.  |
| State | xs:string | Optional  | State specifies the state subject attribute.  |
| Country | xs:string | Optional  | Country specifies the country subject attribute.  |
| SerialNumber | xs:string | Optional  | SerialNumber specifies the serial number subject attribute.  |
| Extra Subject Attribute | lxi:ExtraSubjectAttribute | Optional unbounded  | ExtraSubjectAttribute specifies additional subject attributes not included in LXICertificateRequest using the Object ID and value.  |

### ExtraSubjectAttribute

ExtraSubjectAttribute specifies an individual subject attribute.

The ExtraSubjectAttribute complex type has **no attributes**

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| ObjectID | xs:string | Required  | ObjectID is the object ID that indicates the subject attribute as specified by the OpenGroup. The format of this string is a series of dot-separated integers. **RULE:23.16.3.1-1** ObjectID shall be included.  |
| ObjectValue | xs:string | Required  | ObjectValue is the subject value associated with the specified attribute. **RULE:23.16.3.1-2** ObjectValue shall be included.  |

### CertificateExtension

The CertificateExtension complex type has **no attributes**

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| ObjectID | xs:string | Required  | ObjectID is the object ID that indicates the certificate extension as specified by the OpenGroup. The format of this string is a series of dot-separated integers. **RULE:23.16.4.1-1** ObjectID shall be included.  |
| Critical | xs:boolean | Optional  | Critical indicates that this certificate extension is critical.  |
| ObjectValue | xs:base64Binary | Required  | ObjectValue is the subject value associated with the certificate field. **RULE:23.16.4.1-2** ObjectValue shall be included.  |

## LXI Instrument Identification Schema

The LXI Identification schema represents LXI device identity information, and identity information for devices that are connected to an LXI device.

**This schema specifies the XML namespace:**

http://www.lxistandard.org/InstrumentIdentification/2.0, version: 2.0
Editorial date: August 29, 2023

### LXIDevice

The LXI Device element is the root element of the LXI Identification Schema and contains all the elements that identify this LXI device.

The LXIDevice complex type has **no attributes**

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| Manufacturer | xs:string | Required  | Manufacturer description, should match the manufacturer field in IEEE 488.2 identity query. "Manufacturer" field Per LXI Standard 1.6, 9.2 RULE - Welcome Web Page Display Items.  |
| Model | xs:string | Required  | Instrument model designation, should match the model field in IEEE 488.2 identity query. "Model" field per LXI Standard 1.6, 9.2 RULE - Welcome Web Page Display Items.  |
| SerialNumber | xs:string | Required  | Instrument serial number, should match the serial number field in IEEE 488.2 identity query. "Serial Number" field per LXI Standard 1.6, 9.2 RULE - Welcome Web Page Display Items.  |
| Firmware Revision | xs:string | Required  | Instrument firmware revision, should match the firmware revision field in IEEE 488.2 identity query. "Firmware and/or Software Revision" field per LXI Standard 1.6, 9.2 RULE - Welcome Web Page Display Items.  |
| Manufacturer Description | xs:string | Optional  | This is the manufacturers product description such as "Acme 1234A Digital Foozywachit".  |
| HomepageURL | xs:anyURI | Optional  | This is the URL of the instrument Manufacturer.  |
| DriverURL | xs:anyURI | Optional unbounded  | This is the URL where users can go to acquire the latest driver  |
| Connected Devices | lxi:ConnectedDevices | Optional  | This optional element is used by gateways to advertise information for connected devices, such as GPIB, VXI, USB, PXI, and/or Serial instruments. Per LXI Standard 1.6, 10.2.4 RULE - Connected Device URLs  |
| User Description | xs:string | Optional  | This is a user description for this device, for instance "the Spectrum Analyzer on the Blue Portable Cart". "Description" field per LXI Standard 1.6, 9.2 RULE - Welcome Web Page Display Items.  |
| Identification URL | xs:anyURI | Optional  | This is the URL from which the instrument will source this identification XML. Per LXI Standard 1.6, 10.2 RULE - XML Identification Document URL.  |
| Interface | lxi:NetworkInformation | Optional unbounded  | Interface Information. **RULE:23.11.1.1-1** At least one Interface of type "NetworkInformation" must be provided, with an InterfaceType of "LXI".  |
| IVISoftware Module Name | lxi:IVISoftwareModuleName | Optional unbounded  | This identifies the IVI driver as specified in the IVI Configuration Store Name field of the Software Module. See Section 2.5.3 IVI Session and IVI Driver Session, in IVI-3.5: Configuration Server Specification. The Comment annotation is used to describe this software module, especially where the driver supports multiple software modules, that is, instrument personalities.  |
| Subinstruments | lxi:Subinstruments | Optional  | Subinstruments contains identification and connection information for subinstruments that are addressable within this LXI device. A subinstrument is distinct functionality with its own control capability that resides within an LXI device at a given IP address. Subinstruments permits the client to discover: * the subinstruments within an LXI Device
* identification information about each subinstrument
* control channels available for the subinstrument via the network

Devices that implement subinstruments should populate the Subinstrument for each contained subinstrument. Devices that do not implement subinstruments should omit the Subinstruments element.  |
| Extension | lxi:Extension | Optional  | Extension contains vendor specific information used to describe the instrument.  |
| LXIClass |  | Optional  | Deprecated in LXI version 1.4. This element indicates if this device is Class A, B, or C. Subsequent to LXI version 1.4, the notion of LXI classes was replaced with individual extended functions that devices may comply with. Devices use the LXIDevice/LXIExtendedFunctions elements to indicate the extended functions they comply with.  |
| Domain | xs:unsignedByte | Optional  | The LXI domain(s) this instrument uses for LXI Event Messages. Per LXI Event Messaging Extended Function, Standard 1.0, 3.3.2.1 RULE - Use of LXI Domain. **RULE:23.11.1.1-2** Devices that implement LXI Event Messaging shall include this element in the LXI Instrument Identification response.  |
| LXIVersion | xs:string | Required  | Indicates the latest version of the LXI specification this device conforms with.  |
| LXIExtended Functions | lxi:LXIExtendedFunctions | Optional  | LXI Extended functions used to describe extended capabilities of the instrument.  |

### ConnectedDevices

ConnectedDevices contains a list of connected devices, that is, devices that are connected through the primary LXI device.

**RULE:23.11.2-1** Devices that support connected devices (e.g., bridges) shall provide base URLs for all connected devices in the ConnectedDevices element of the identification document. A base URL is defined as a URL with a â€œurl-pathâ€ that clearly identifies the connected device and one onto which a suffix path may be added to access properties of that connected device. The base URL allows clients to enumerate devices connected to the bridge device.

For example, the base URL for a connected device might be "http://hostname/device0" while another connected device might have a base URL of "http://hostname/device5". The format and path naming conventions for these connected device base URLs are left up to the vendor.

The following is an example snippet from an identification document with connected device DeviceURI elements: http://10.1.2.60/devices/LogicalAddress/0/ http://10.1.2.60/devices/LogicalAddress/1/

The ConnectedDevices complex type has **no attributes**

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| DeviceURI | xs:anyURI | Optional unbounded  | URIs for connected devices represent the base URL for the connected device. **RULE:23.11.2.1-1** Devices that support connected devices shall provide identification documents that can be queried via a GET on <baseURL>/lxi/identification that conform to the LXI XSD Schema or one derived from that Schema according to the rules of XSD inheritance. The <baseURL> values may be found in DeviceURI elements of the ConnectedDevice element of the root element of the identification document of Rule 10.2. This rule coupled with Rule 10.2.4 allows clients to enumerate (discover) and identify all connected devices. **RULE:23.11.2.1-2** The xsi:schemaLocation attribute of the root element of the identification document shall contain an entry for the LXI XSD namespace with an accompanying absolute URI on the instrument that shall return the actual XSD schema document from the instrument (https://www.w3.org/standards/xml/schema). The W3C XSD Schema itself does not need to be available via a URI on the instrument  |

### NetworkInformation

The network information element has general information regarding a network device.

Separate NetworkInformation elements are required to represent IPv4 and IPv6 addresses. When representing IPv6 addresses, devices should:

* not include SubnetMask, Gateway, DHCPEnabled, or AutoIPEnabled
* include the Hostname as configured on the device for mDNS announcements
* include MACAddress as defined below
* include IPAddress elements for preferred addresses. They are expressed using dot/colon format not including the CIDR prefix length. Such as "fe80::2713:af27".

Devices may omit the InstrumentAddressString, or include a single exemplary instance.

Devices may also implement the LXI Device Specific Configuration GET API to more clearly advertise its IPv6 address.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| InterfaceType |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Req. |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | For LXI devices, this field must contain LXI. This may be used to designate other vendor specified interfaces (e.g., PXI, GPIB, Serial, USB, etc.). **Required: RULE:23.11.3.1-1** **Unsecure impact:** NA |
| InterfaceName |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | NA | This field should contain a logical name for the interface, from the device's perspective. For example, network interfaces may be named "eth0", "eth1", etc. **Required:** Optional**Unsecure impact:** NA |
| IPType |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | restriction of: xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | NA | Identifies the IP implementation as either IPv4 or IPv6. **Required:** Optional**Unsecure impact:** NA |

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| Instrument Address String | xs:string | Optional unbounded  | InstrumentAddressString is a VISA-like string to help a driver or a human determine the actual address string. Consistent with the web presentation of an IVI I/O Resource Descriptor string, per LXI Standard 1.6, 9.2.1 RULE - Instrument Address String on Welcome Page.  |
| Hostname | xs:string | Optional  | This is the hostname used for the DNS "Hostname" field. Per LXI Standard 1.6, 9.2 RULE - Welcome Web Page Display Items.  |
| IPAddress | xs:string | Optional unbounded  | This is the currently active IP address. This is represented as a string and can represent IPv4 or IPv6 addresses. "TCP/IP Address" field per LXI Standard 1.6, 9.2 RULE - Welcome Web Page Display Items.  |
| SubnetMask | xs:string | Optional  | The currently configured subnet mask. "Subnet mask" field per LXI Standard 1.6, 9.5 RULE - LAN Configuration Web Page Contents.  |
| MACAddress | xs:string | Optional  | This is the MAC address of this interface. "MAC Address" field per LXI Standard 1.6, 9.2 RULE - Welcome Web Page Display Items.  |
| Gateway | xs:string | Optional  | The IP address of the currently configured gateway. "Default Gateway" field per LXI Standard 1.6, 9.5 RULE - LAN Configuration Web Page Contents.  |
| DHCPEnabled | xs:boolean | Optional  | Indicates if the instrument is configured to accept configuration from DHCP, per LXI Standard 1.6, 8.6.1 RULE - Options for LAN configuration.  |
| AutoIPEnabled | xs:boolean | Optional  | Indicates if the instrument is configured to use AutoIP to choose an IP address, per LXI Standard 1.6, 8.6.1 RULE - Options for LAN configuration.  |

### IVISoftwareModuleName

IVISoftwareModuleName contains the name of an IVI Software Module.

IVISoftwareModuleName is based on: xs:string

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| Comment |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | NA | Contains comments regarding the IVI Software Module.**Deprecated:** The LXI consortium discourages developers from using this attribute because some tools are unable to parse this construct and it is not essential to describe the instrument or its IVI Software Module. **Required:** Optional**Unsecure impact:** NA |

### Extension

Permits vendor dependent functions.

The Extension element contains a sequence of arbitrary elements.

The Extension complex type has **no attributes**

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| Any element | Any type | Required  |  |

### LXIExtendedFunctions

The LXIExtendedFunctions type contains a list of the extended functions implemented by this device.

The LXIExtendedFunctions complex type has **no attributes**

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| Function |  | Optional unbounded  | Indicates that an LXI extended function is available, the version of the extended function implemented, and the options associated with it. The Function element contains arbitrary elements. The various LXI Extended functions specification specify the syntax used to identify each extended function.  |

### Subinstruments

Subinstruments contains identification and connection information for subinstruments that are addressable within this LXI device. A subinstrument is distinct functionality with its own control capability that resides within an LXI device at a given IP address.

Subinstruments permits the client to discover:

* all the subinstruments within an LXI Device
* identification information about each subinstrument
* control channels available for the subinstrument via the network

Devices that implement subinstruments should populate the Subinstrument for each contained subinstrument. Devices that do not implement subinstruments should omit the LXIDevice/Subinstruments element.

The main (or primary) device capability is also described as one of the subinstruments in order to provide a way to indicate the control channels. However, the LXIDevice/Subinstruments/Subinstrument/Identity element is omitted for the main subinstrument since its identity information is provided directly in elements at LXIDevice/(Manufacturer|Model|SerialNumber|FirmwareRevision).

The Subinstruments complex type has **no attributes**

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| Subinstrument | lxi:Subinstrument | Required unbounded  | Subinstrument contains identification and connection information for an individual subinstrument.  |

### Subinstrument

Subinstrument contains information about an individual subinstrument. See the lxi:Subinstruments type for more information.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| Name |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | NA | Name is the friendly name of the subinstrument. It is typically displayed in tools that discover subinstruments and facilitates connecting to them. **Required:** Optional**Unsecure impact:** NA |

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| Identity | lxi:SubinstrumentIdentity | Optional  | Identity information about this subinstrument. A given subinstrument may provide connections to various network channels. Each subinstrument and the channels by which it can be accessed are listed here. **RULE:23.11.8.2-1** If this subinstrument is the main instrument described in this XML file then this element shall be omitted. Note that the equivalent identification information for the main instrument can be found at LXIDevice/Manufacturer, LXIDevice/Model, LXIDevice/SerialNumber, and LXIDevice/FirmwareRevision. **RULE:23.11.8.2-2** If the subinstrument described is NOT the default LXI instrument then this element shall be included.  |
| HiSLIP | lxi:SubinstrumentHiSLIP | Optional  | Indicates the HiSLIP subaddresses that control this subinstrument. If none are available, this element is omitted.  |
| REST | lxi:SubinstrumentREST | Optional unbounded  | Indicates the REST APIs that control this subinstrument. If none are available, this element is omitted.  |
| Socket | lxi:SubinstrumentSocket | Optional unbounded  | Indicates the sockets that control this subinstrument. If none are available, this element is omitted.  |
| Telnet | lxi:SubinstrumentTelnet | Optional unbounded  | Indicates the telnet ports that control this subinstrument. If none are available, this element is omitted.  |
| VXI11 | lxi:SubinstrumentVXI11 | Optional unbounded  | Indicates the VXI channel that controls this subinstrument. If none are available, this element is omitted.  |

### SubinstrumentIdentity

SubinstrumentIdentity contains identity information about an individual subinstrument.

The identity fields mimic the IEEE 488.2 identity query response. Where the described connection supports SCPI, the element contents should match the IEEE 488.2 \*IDN? query response from that subinstument.

The SubinstrumentIdentity complex type has **no attributes**

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| Manufacturer2 | xs:string | Required  | Manufacturer2 indicates the manufacturer of this subinstrument Manufacturer2 should match the manufacturer field in IEEE 488.2 identity query for this subinstrument.  |
| Model2 | xs:string | Required  | Model2 indicates the model of this subinstrument Model2 should match the model field in IEEE 488.2 identity query for this subinstrument.  |
| SerialNumber2 | xs:string | Optional  | SerialNumber2 indicates the serial number of this subinstrument. SerialNumber2 should match the serial number field in IEEE 488.2 identity query for this subinstrument. If the described subinstrument's serial number is not distinct from the main instrument's serial number, then this field is omitted.  |
| Firmware Revision2 | xs:string | Required  | FirmwareRevision2 indcates the firmware version of this subinstrument. FirmwareRevision2 should match the version field in IEEE 488.2 identity query for this subinstrument.  |

### SubinstrumentHiSLIP

SubinstrumentHiSLIP contains information about this HiSLIP subinstrument.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| Port |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:integer |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | NA | Port is the TCPIP port of this HiSLIP server. The default is the IANA assigned port which is 4880. **Required:** Optional**Unsecure impact:** NA |

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| Subaddress | xs:string | Required unbounded  | Subaddress of this HiSLIP server. If multiple subaddresses are specified, each refers to the same subinstrument. **RULE:23.11.10.2-1** If the HiSLIP element is included, there shall be at least 1 subaddress.  |

### SubinstrumentREST

SubinstrumentREST indicates that a REST API at the designated port may be used to control the subinstrument.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| Port |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:integer |
| **Card.:** | Req. |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | Port is the TCPIP port of a REST API that can be used to control the device. **Required: RULE:23.11.11.1-1** **Unsecure impact:** NA |
| RootURL |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Req. |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | RootURL is the root URL of the REST API that can be used to control the device. RootURL is relative to the IP Address in the LXIDevice/Interface/IPAddress. For instance if the LXIDevice/Interface/IPAddress is 192.168.0.1 and the RootURL attribute is api/rest, then the API is at h ttps://192.168.0.1/api/rest. **Required: RULE:23.11.11.1-2** **Unsecure impact:** NA |

The SubinstrumentREST complex type has **no subelements**

### SubinstrumentSocket

SubinstrumentSocket indicates that a socket connection at the designated port may be used to control the subinstrument.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| Port |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:integer |
| **Card.:** | Req. |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | Port is the TCPIP port of a server that can be used to control the device. **Required: RULE:23.11.12.1-1** **Unsecure impact:** NA |
| Protocol |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | NA | Protocol is the protocol the device accepts over the designated socket. The string used to designate the protocol is device specific. **Required:** Optional**Unsecure impact:** NA |

The SubinstrumentSocket complex type has **no subelements**

### SubinstrumentTelnet

SubinstrumentTelnet indicates that a telnet connection at the designated port may be used to control the subinstrument.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| Port |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:integer |
| **Card.:** | Req. |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | Port is the TCPIP port of a telnet server that can be used to control the device. **Required: RULE:23.11.13.1-1** **Unsecure impact:** NA |
| Protocol |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | NA | Protocol is the protocol the device accepts over the designated telnet connection. The string used to designate the protocol is device specific. **Required:** Optional**Unsecure impact:** NA |

The SubinstrumentTelnet complex type has **no subelements**

### SubinstrumentVXI11

VXI-11 Device name associated with this subinstrument.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| Device |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | NA | VXI-11 device name of this server. If absent, indicates inst0. **Required:** Optional**Unsecure impact:** NA |

The SubinstrumentVXI11 complex type has **no subelements**

## LXI Common Configuration Schema

The LXI Common Configuration XML schema is specified by the LXI Consortium as part of the LXI Security Extended Function.

LXICommonConfiguration contains settings related to the device secure configuration. This includes the configuration of the network interface, configuration of various network protocols and client authentication information.

This schema is used to:

* Configure the security settings of a device
* Interrogate a device to determine its security settings
* Interrogate a device to determine its security capabilities

**RULE:23.12-1** On an HTTP PUT the device shall go to the state specified in the XML.

A device is configured by performing an HTTP PUT of this XML to the LXI-specified endpoint in the device. A successful PUT indicates that the device recognizes the XML and that it will assume the configuration specified in the XML. The point in time when the new configuration takes effect is device dependent.

If any part of the XML is syntactically invalid or if the XML represents settings that the device does not support, the device state shall report an HTTP error and not change state.

Per the LXI API Specification, the reason for the error shall be elaborated using the LXIProblemDetails response schema.

**OBSERVATION:** The LXICommonConfiguration/@strict attribute explicitly permits devices to not act on configuration of the listed protocols if they are not implemented. Thus, an XML that includes the configuration of an unimplemented protocol is not an error when strict is false.

**RULE:23.12-2** The device GET response shall indicate the current state and capabilities of the device.

To interrogate a device to determine its settings and capabilities, the client performs an HTTP GET to the LXI-specified endpoint. The device shall reply with an instance of this XML document that reflects the configuration of the instrument.

To determine the capability of the instrument, the client can inspect the XML. Where optional elements are returned (regardless of if they are enabled or disabled), the device is capable of enabling the corresponding configuration. For instance, if a device returns a SCPITLS element, regardless of it is disabled or enabled, the device provides a SCPITLS interface that may be subsequently enabled. If the device does not provide a SCPITLS interface, the optional SCPITLS element shall not be included in the device response.

**RULE:23.12-3** Devices shall indicate capabilities not apparent from the queried settings using the capability attribute.

In some cases, devices may be capable of variations on a capability, such as multiple instances on different ports. For those cases, devices shall include the capability attribute in the response. The capability attribute indicates the variations that can be configured, for instance the names of instances that can be created. When the capability attribute is included in the definition of an element, its use is described.

**This schema specifies the XML namespace:**

http://lxistandard.org/schemas/LXICommonConfiguration/1.0, version: 1.0
Editorial date: September 28, 2023

### LXICommonConfiguration

LXICommonConfiguration is the root element for the LXI common configuration. It represents the configuration of one or more LXI physical interfaces and user authentication.

The configuration in LXICommonConfiguration is generally common to all devices in a system.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| strict |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | false |

 | Write-only | strict indicates that designated portions of this XML document may not be ignored by the device. This requirement does not bear on attributes and elements that are explicitly documented to be ignored, for instance, extension attributes. If strict is false, devices shall ignore configuration of the following if they are not implemented by the device: * /LXICommonConfiguration/Network/IPv6
* /LXICommonConfiguration/HTTP
* /LXICommonConfiguration/SCPIRaw
* /LXICommonConfiguration/SCPITLS
* /LXICommonConfiguration/Telnet
* /LXICommonConfiguration/HiSLIP
* /LXICommonConfiguration/VXI11

**Required: RULE:23.12.1.1-1** **Unsecure impact:** NA |
| HSMPresent |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Req. |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | Read-only | HSMPresent indicates if the device has a hardware security module. True indicates the device has hardware that ensures that the private keys used to encrypt communication are not stored by the device unless encrypted by a hardware security module that performs encryption of private keys and other secrets using encryption keys that are not visible external from the hardware security module. False indicates the device does not have hardware assistance to protect private keys. **RULE:23.12.1.1-2** HSMPresent is a read-only attribute that is true if and only if the device uses a HSM to protect the private keys used for LXI communication. **Required: RULE:23.12.1.1-3** **Unsecure impact:** NA |

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| Interface | lxi:Interface | Required unbounded  | **RULE:23.12.1.2-1** Devices shall accept configuration based on an Interface element for any LXI conformant interface. At least one instance of the Interface element is required. The device shall support a PUT that includes an Interface element for any or all interfaces that are LXI conformant. **RULE:23.12.1.2-2** Devices shall return an Interface element for each interface.**OBSERVATION:** Interfaces that do not conform with LXI specifications only require the Interface/@Enable attribute. Devices may optionally configure non-LXI conformant interfaces with the Interface element.  |
| Client Authentication | lxi:ClientAuthentication | Optional  | **RULE:23.12.1.2-3** ClientAuthentication shall be optionally accepted for PUT.**RULE:23.12.1.2-4** ClientAuthentication without the /Password element or @APIAccess attributes shall be returned for GET over secure connections and elided for unsecure connections.  |

### Interface

Interface specifies the settings associated with a single device interface including the common aspects of the ethernet configuration and configuration of protocols served on that interface.

LXICommonConfiguration can represent the configuration of multiple interfaces on a single device, however, devices that implement multiple interfaces shall allow any subset, or all, of the interfaces to be configured using a single XML document. Any LXI Security conformant interfaces on a device shall permit any interface that complies with LXI Security to be configured using this element. Interfaces that are not specified in the LXICommonConfiguration XML document shall not be changed.

**RULE:23.12.2-1** Non-LXI interfaces can be disabled using the Interface/@enabled attribute. Interfaces that are not LXI Conformant are required to implement the Interface element and the Interface/@enabled and Interface/@name attributes. Other requirements in this document do not bear on interfaces that are not LXI conformant. Clearly such interfaces need sufficient means for customers to configure and determine the settings for them to be useful. Therefore, implementors are encouraged to implement appropriate parts of this API for non-conformant interfaces.

**RULE:23.12.2-2** Device network interfaces (including those added dynamically) over which the LXI device may be controlled that are not LXI Conformant shall at least support this element with the enabled attribute so that network interfaces that are not LXI Security capable can be disabled.

**RULE:23.12.2-3** If any unsecure interface is enabled, then the device shall report that it is unsecure mode.

**RULE:23.12.2-4** Absence of optional elements disables them.

If an optional element is absent, the device behavior shall be equivalent to including the element and specifying the enabled attribute of that element to be false. That is, if an element is absent, the capability is disabled.

**OBSERVATION:** All optional elements have an enabled attribute as required to implement this RULE.

**RULE:23.12.2-5** If a device does not implement a capability configured by an XML element within Interface, it shall omit that optional XML element from its response. If the device does implement the capability, it shall include the element in the response and indicate the current configuration. See the details regarding the implementation of LXICommonConfiguration/@strict attribute regarding how certain protocol configurations are handled.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| name |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | LXI |

 | NA | name identifies this physical network interface within the device. It differentiates the interfaces in devices that have multiple interfaces. If name is omitted, the behaviors is the same as if the name were included with the value "LXI". Some settings may be coupled between interfaces. That is the settings on separate physical interfaces may be required to be the same. **RULE:23.12.2.1-1** Devices with a single interface shall treat the Interface element with the name "LXI" (the default name) to configure the single interface. Devices with multiple interfaces shall assign one of them the name "LXI" (the default name). **OBSERVATION:** Devices may have multiple network interface and choose to configure them all identically and bridge traffic internally. **Required: RULE:23.12.2.1-2** **Unsecure impact:** NA |
| LXIConformant |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | Read-only | LXIConformant is a read-only attribute that indicates the LXI specifications this device complies with. If this interface does not comply with the LXI Device specification, an empty string is used. The returned string is a comma separated list of the LXI specifications this interface complies with. The individual substrings are the same as those defined for the Identification schema. **OBSERVATION:** Clients should ignore white space in these strings. **OBSERVATION:** An empty string indicates that the interface is not LXI compliant. However, an interface that does not comply with LXI is not required to implement this attribute. **Required: RULE:23.12.2.1-3** (read-only)**Unsecure impact:** NA |
| enabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | true |

 | **RULE:23.12.2.1-4** At LCI, all LXI conformant interfaces shall be enabled, others may be enabled. | enabled indicates if this physical network interface is enabled. **Required: RULE:23.12.2.1-5** **Unsecure impact:** device dependent |
| unsecureMode |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | Read-only | unsecureMode is a read-only attribute that indicates that one or more configurations in this XML do not meet the LXI minimum requirements for secure device operation. See the LXI Security Extended Function for the criteria to determine if a device is in unsecureMode. Several configurations within the API schemas are documented as placing the instrument into Unsecure Mode, however, the overall determination shall be done by the instrument per the requirement in the LXI Security Extended function. **Required: RULE:23.12.2.1-6** (read-only)**Unsecure impact:** NA |
| other Unsecure Protocols Enabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | true |

 | No change, unless the protocol represented must be enabled to re-establish ethernet communication. | otherUnsecureProtocolsEnabled represents the state of various device-specific protocols that are beyond the scope of LXI. As a group, controllable unsecure protocols beyond the scope of the LCI Common Configuration including: 1) LXI specified instrument Common Configuration API, 2) Device specific extensions to the instrument Common Configuration are reflected by the state of this attribute. If otherUnsecureProtocolsEnabled is true, various device unsecure protocols beyond the scope of the LXI Common Configuration are permitted to be enabled. If otherUnsecureProtocolsEnabled is false, all controllable unsecure protocols not enabled by the LXI Common Configuration. For the purpose of otherUnsecureProtocolsEnabled, a secure protocol is a protocol that authenticates the server and encrypts data. Client authentication is not required. **RULE:23.12.2.1-7** LXI Secure devices shall document the protocols that are controlled by this attribute. **RULE:23.12.2.1-8** If the device does not implement any other unsecure protocols, then on a GET, otherUnsecureProtocolsEnabled shall return false. However, if written true, such a device shall either fail the PUT or indicate unsecure mode is True. **Required: RULE:23.12.2.1-9** **Unsecure impact:** Unsecure when the attribute is True. Device determined when the attribute is false |
| Any Attribute |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Type:** | Any type |
| **Card.:** | Optional |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | **RULE:23.12.2.1-10** Those settings necessary to re-establish ethernet communication with the instrument shall be enabled.  | Arbitrarily typed elements may be included for devices to represent device-specific configuration. **RULE:23.12.2.1-11** The impact of these configurations on the device secure mode are determined by the device vendor. However, if unsecure protocols are enabled, the device shall indicate it is in unsecure mode. **Required:** No**Unsecure impact:**  |

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| Network | lxi:Network | Optional  | **RULE:23.12.2.2-1** Network is required. |
| HTTP | lxi:HTTP | Optional unbounded  | **RULE:23.12.2.2-2** HTTP is optional, however devices that implement HTTP are require to fully implement this element. **RULE:23.12.2.2-3** If multiple HTTP elements are present, each shall have a different port. Additional instances of this element may be used to provide independent control of multiple servers (although each must be on a different port). This may be useful, for instance, if separate servers are setup for the API and the human interface. **OBSERVATION:** Multiple services can be enabled on a single port. by including multiple instances of the HTTP/Service element. **OBSERVATION:** Devices may place restrictions on which services may be enabled or disabled on various ports. For instance, some devices may require that all API services be enabled or disabled together. To do so, the HTTP/Service element for each service must be set the same.  |
| HTTPS | lxi:HTTPS | Optional unbounded  | **RULE:23.12.2.2-4** HTTPS is required.**RULE:23.12.2.2-5** If multiple HTTPS elements are present, each shall have a different port. Additional instances of this element may be used to provide independent control of multiple servers (although each must be on a different port). This may be useful, for instance, if separate servers are setup for the API and the human interface. **OBSERVATION:** Multiple services can be enabled on a single port. by including multiple instances of the HTTPS/Service element. **OBSERVATION:** Devices may place restrictions on which services may be enabled or disabled on various ports. For instance, some devices may require that all API services be enabled or disabled together. To do so, the HTTPS/Service element for each service must be set the same.  |
| SCPIRaw | lxi:SCPIRaw | Optional unbounded  | **RULE:23.12.2.2-6** At least one instance of SCPIRaw shall be accepted by devices that implement a SCPIRaw Command and Control connection. A separate instance of SCPIRaw is used for each port at which a SCPIRaw server is running.  |
| Telnet | lxi:Telnet | Optional unbounded  | **RULE:23.12.2.2-7** At least one instance of Telnet shall be accepted by devices that implement the Telnet Command and Control connection. A separate instance of Telnet is used for each port at which a Telnet server is running. **OBSERVATION:** This may be useful, for instance, if one server provides access to a SCPI parser, and another to the device operating system shell.  |
| SCPITLS | lxi:SCPITLS | Optional unbounded  | **RULE:23.12.2.2-8** At least one instance of SCPITLS shall be accepted by devices that implement a SCPITLS Command and Control connection. A separate instance of SCPITLS is provided for each port at which a SCPITLS server is running.  |
| HiSLIP | lxi:HiSLIP | Optional  | **RULE:23.12.2.2-9** HiSLIP shall be accepted by devices that implement the LXI HiSLIP extended function.Only a single instance of HiSLIP is permitted because a single instance of the protocol supports an arbitrary number of instances of servers at an arbitrary number of subaddresses.  |
| VXI11 | lxi:VXI11 | Optional  | **RULE:23.12.2.2-10** VXI11 shall be accepted by devices that implement a VXI-11 Command and Control connection. Only a single instance of the VXI-11 protocol can be created on an interface.  |
| Any element | Any type | Optional unbounded  | Arbitrary subelements may be included in the Interface element. This enables devices to represent configuration capabilities not included in this XML. **RULE:23.12.2.2-11** If a device receives a well-formed extension element it does not recognize, it shall ignore it. **RULE:23.12.2.2-12** On a GET, devices are permitted to express arbitrary configuration with extension elements, however such a device shall accept configuration using those elements. **RULE:23.12.2.2-13** Any element that controls a protocol that impacts the unsecure mode shall include an unsecureEnabled attribute. Setting this false shall disable the protocol or disable the unsecure behavior. The device shall report UnsecureMode true, when any protocol has unsecureEnabled true. **OBSERVATION:** It is possible that other configurations in the extension protocol make it secure in reality, however, setting the unsecureEnabled attribute true shall make the device report UnsecureMode true.  |

### Network

Network contains various settings associated with the Ethernet interface.

The settings in Network generally may be common to all instruments in a system. Settings that are generally device specific or are automatically configured such as the device Ethernet address are in the LXI Device Specific Configuration.

See the LXI Device specification for details about the management of various Ethernet settings.

The Network complex type has **no attributes**

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| IPv4 | lxi:IPv4 | Optional  | **RULE:23.12.3.1-1** IPv4 is required.  |
| IPv6 | lxi:IPv6 | Optional  | **RULE:23.12.3.1-2** IPv6 is required by devices that implement the IPv6 Extended Function. |

### IPv4

IPv4 represents the state of the IP version 4 capabilities of the device.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| enabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | true |

 | True | enabled generally enables or disables IPv4 operation.**Required: RULE:23.12.4.1-1** **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode |
| autoIPEnabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | True | autoIPEnabled represents the state of the Link Local Addressing capability in the device. If enabled, the device may acquire an address using Link Local Address. Link Local addresses supersede static values configured in the LXI Device Specific Configuration. **RULE:23.12.4.1-2** If omitted, and DHCPEnabled is present, the device uses the same state as DHCPEnabled. **OBSERVATION:** If a device has no static IP address configured and both autoIPEnabled and DHCPEnabled are disabled, the device could be no longer reachable via IPv4 on this interface. Devices may either permit this case, generate an error and reject the schema, or leave the configuration pending till a static address is provided. **OBSERVATION:** In some implementations autoIPEnabled and DHCPEnabled are coupled, that is, both must be enabled or disabled. **Required: RULE:23.12.4.1-3** **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode |
| DHCPEnabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | True | DHCPEnabled represents the state of the device DHCP protocol. If True, configuration is accepted via the DHCP protocol. If DHCP is enabled, the device will accept IPv4 configuration from a DHCP server. DHCP configuration supersedes static values configured in the LXI Device Specific Configuration. **RULE:23.12.4.1-4** If omitted, and autoIPEnabled is present, the device uses the same state as autoIPEnabled. **OBSERVATION:** If a device has no static IP address configured and both autoIPEnabled and DHCPEnabled are disabled, the device could be no longer reachable via IPv4 on this interface. Devices may either permit this case, generate an error and reject the schema, or leave the configuration pending till a static address is provided. **OBSERVATION:** In some implementations autoIPEnabled and DHCPEnabled are coupled, that is, both must be enabled or disabled. **Required: RULE:23.12.4.1-5** **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode |
| mDNSEnabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | true |

 | True | mDNSEnabled represents the state of the multicast DNS responder in the device. The multicast DNS responder permits the device to be discovered and identified by clients. In some implementations the mDNS capability is coupled between IPv4 and IPv6. For those devices, the configuration of the IPv4/@mDNSEnabled and the IPv6/@mDNSEnabled must be the same. If mDNSEnabled is absent, and IPv6/@mDNSEnabled is present, then mDNSEnabled takes on the same value as IPv6/@mDNSEnabled. **Required: RULE:23.12.4.1-6** **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode |
| dynamic DNSEnabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | true |

 | True | dynamicDNSEnabled represents the state of the dynamic DNS capability. Dynamic DNS is used to publish the hostname of the device to DNS. If dynamicDNSEnabled is absent, and IPv6/@dynamicDNSEnabled is present, then dynamicDNSEnabled takes on the same value as IPv6/@dynamicDNSEnabled. **RULE:23.12.4.1-7** Dynamic DNS is optional for LXI devices. Therefore, if not implemented, the device shall ignore this attribute on a PUT. **RULE:23.12.4.1-8** Devices that do not implement dynamic DNS shall omit this attribute on a GET. **RULE:23.12.4.1-9** The dynamicDNSEnabled attribute shall be implemented irrespective of if IPv6 dynamic DNS is implemented. **Required: RULE:23.12.4.1-10** **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode |
| pingEnabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | true |

 | True | pingEnabled represents the state of the IPv4 ICMP ping responder. In some IPv6 implementation the ICMPv4 ping capability is coupled to the ICMPv6 ping. For those devices, the configuration of the IPv4/@PingEnable and the IPv6/@PingEnabled must be the same. If pingEnabled is absent, and IPv6/@pingEnabled is present, then pingEnabled takes on the same value as IPv6/@pingEnabled. **Required: RULE:23.12.4.1-11** **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode |
| Any Attribute |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Type:** | Any type |
| **Card.:** | Optional |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | No change unless the configured attribute is necessary to re-establish ethernet communication. | Arbitrary extension attributes may be included to provide device-specific IPv4 configuration that is beyond the scope of the LXI requirements. **RULE:23.12.4.1-12** LXI devices shall ignore extension attributes they do not recognize.**Required:** No**Unsecure impact:** Vendor determined |

The IPv4 complex type has **no subelements**

### IPv6

IPv6 represents the state of the IP version 6 capabilities of the device.

**RULE:23.12.5-1** Since IPv6 is required in devices that implement the LXI IP Version 6 Extended Function, the required attributes are only required in implementations that implement IPv6.

**RULE:23.12.5-2** Devices shall implement IPv6/@enabled. If the device does not implement IPv6 it shall always return false. If LXICommonConfiguration/@strict attribute is false such a device ignores the IPv6 element on a PUT.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| enabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | true |

 | True | enabled generally enables or disables IPv6 capability. **Required: RULE:23.12.5.1-1** **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode |
| DHCPEnabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | true |

 | True | DHCPEnabled represents the state of the device IPv6 DHCP protocol. If True, configuration is accepted via the DHCP protocol. If DHCP is enabled, the device will accept IPv6 configuration from a DHCP server, which supercedes static values configured in the LXI Device Specific Configuration. See the note on IPv6 autoconfiguration under Network/IPv6. **Required: RULE:23.12.5.1-2** **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode |
| RAEnabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | true |

 | True | RAEnabled represents the state of address generation based on the router advertisement. See the note on IPv6 autoconfiguration under Network/IPv6. **Required: RULE:23.12.5.1-3** **Unsecure impact:** See @privacyModeEnabled. |
| static Address Enabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | true |

 | True | staticAddressEnabled indicates if the device uses the static address configured with LXIDeviceSpecificConfiguration/IPv6/StaticAddress. **OBSERVATION:** There might not be a static address configured. **Required: RULE:23.12.5.1-4** **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode. |
| privacy Mode Enabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | true |

 | True | privacyModeEnabled indicates if the MAC address is included in the IPv6 address generation. When privacyModeEnabled is enabled, neither the link local address, unique local address nor the SLAAC-generated addresses include the device MAC address. See the Observation on IPv6 autoconfiguration under Network/IPv6. **Required: RULE:23.12.5.1-5** **Unsecure impact:** If False the device is in unsecure mode. |
| mDNSEnabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | true |

 | True | mDNSEnabled represents the state of the IPv6 multicast DNS responder in the device. The multicast DNS responder permits the device to be discovered and identified by clients. In some implementations the mDNS capability is coupled between IPv4 and IPv6. For those devices, the configuration of the IPv4/@mDNSEnabled and the IPv6/@mDNSEnabled must be the same. If mDNSEnabled is absent, and IPv4/@mDNSEnabled is present, then mDNSEnabled takes on the same value as IPv4/@mDNSEnabled. **Required: RULE:23.12.5.1-6** **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode |
| dynamic DNSEnabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | true |

 | True | dynamicDNSEnabled represents the state of the IPv6 dynamic DNS capability used to publish the hostname of the device. If dynamicDNSEnabled is absent, and IPv4/@dynamicDNSEnabled is present, then dynamicDNSEnabled takes on the same value as IPv4/@dynamicDNSEnabled. **RULE:23.12.5.1-7** Dynamic DNS is optional for LXI devices. Therefore, if not implemented, the device shall ignore this attribute on a PUT. **RULE:23.12.5.1-8** Devices that do not implement dynamicDNS shall omit this attribute on a GET. **Required: RULE:23.12.5.1-9** Attribute shall be implemented irrespective of if IPv4 dynamic DNS is implemented. **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode |
| pingEnabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | true |

 | True | pingEnabled represents the state of the IPv6 ICMP ping function.If pingEnabled is absent, and IPv4/@pingEnabled is present, then pingEnabled takes on the same value as IPv4/@pingEnabled. **OBSERVATION:** The common IPv4 practice of blocking ICMP packets as a supposed security measure is not recommended on IPv6, as IPv6 functioning depends on ICMPv6 for error messages, path MTU discovery, multicast group management and Neighbor Discovery. IPv6 also relies upon multicast availability, which impacts firewalls, intrusion detection and access control rules. **OBSERVATION:** On some devices IPv6/@pingEnabled must match the IPv4/@pingEnabled state. **Required: RULE:23.12.5.1-10** **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode |
| Any Attribute |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Type:** | Any type |
| **Card.:** | Optional |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | No change unless changing the configured attribute is necessary to re-establish ethernet communication.  | Arbitrary extension attributes may be included to provide device specific IPv6 configuration that is beyond the scope of the LXI requirements. **RULE:23.12.5.1-11** LXI devices shall ignore extension attributes they do not recognize.**Required:** No**Unsecure impact:** Vendor determined |

The IPv6 complex type has **no subelements**

### HTTP

HTTP represents the configuration of the unsecure HTTP server including general behavior and the services available on the server.

Additional instances of the HTTP element are used to configure additional servers on other ports, however, a single HTTP element configures all servers on a given port.

Some endpoints may be used by multiple services. If so, those endpoints are enabled if any service requiring them is enabled.

**RULE:23.12.6-1** If no services are specified the server at this port is disabled.

**RULE:23.12.6-2** If any service is enabled that permits changing the device configuration over an unencrypted connection the device is in unsecure mode.

**OBSERVATION:** Since the normal behavior of HTTP is to forward secure URLS to HTTPS, it is not common for enabling HTTP to put the device into unsecure mode.

**RULE:23.12.6-3** Devices that implement the optional unsecure HTTP interface shall not change the HTTP/@operation state nor the enabled services on LCI unless necessary to re-establish communication.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| operation |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | restriction of: xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | enable |

 | No change unless changing the configured attribute is necessary to re-establish ethernet communication. For instance, to enable the LXI API. | operation controls if the HTTP server is enabled, disabled, or if it forwards all requests to HTTPS.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **enable** | Enables the HTTP server, although secure pages shall redirect to HTTPS.  |
| **disable** | Disables the HTTP server irrespective of the enabled services. No forwarding function is active.  |
| **redirectAll** | All accesses to the HTTP server are redirected to HTTPS.  |

**Required: RULE:23.12.6.1-1** Devices that implement the unsecure HTTP protocol shall implement at least the disable and redirectAll settings of @operation. **Unsecure impact:** True if access to instrument configuration is enabled via any HTTP service. |
| port |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:int |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | 80 |

 | **RULE:23.12.6.1-2** The LCI HTTP port for the LXI Web interface and the LXI API services shall be 80. | TCP port of the HTTP server.**Required: RULE:23.12.6.1-3** **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode. |

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| Service | lxi:Service | Optional unbounded  | Each Service element indicates the state of the HTTP service indicated by the Service/@name attribute. Only those services with the Service/@enabled attribute set to true are enabled on this HTTP server. Service elements with the Service/@enabled attribute set to false indicate the service is disabled. **OBSERVATION:** Users should be cautious emnabling authentication over HTTP since it may expose unencrypted credentials. **OBSERVATION:** Any service not explicitly enabled is disabled. **RULE:23.12.6.2-1** When the device is queried, it shall provide a Service element for each service provided by the device, with the Service/@enable attribute indicating those that are currently enabled.  |

### HTTPS

HTTPS configures the secure HTTPS server. That is, the HTTP server that serves content using TLS.

Some endpoints may be used by multiple services. If so, they are enabled when any service that requires the endpoint is enabled.

Disabled elements are used on a read to indicate the schemes implemented by the device.

Disabled elements on a write explicitly indicate that the corresponding scheme is disabled. However, omitting the element indicating the schema has the same affect.

If a device is configured to require application-level authentication it may report the connection is not unsecure.

**RULE:23.12.7-1** The HTTPS web human interface content served by LXI Secure devices shall be a superset of the content available via HTTP. That is, a device is not permitted to only offer a subset of the HTTP human interface over the secure HTTPS connection.

**RULE:23.12.7-2** If no services are enabled, then the HTTPS server is disabled.

In addition to the LXI-required HTTP client authentication, LXI devices should provide application-level authentication.

**RULE:23.12.7-3** If the device is using application-level client authentication, none of the subelements indicating HTTP client authentication need to be enabled in the HTTPS element.

**RULE:23.12.7-4** When returning the LXI Common Configuration, if a scheme is implemented, then the element representing that scheme shall be present. This permits clients to determine what schemes are available on the device.

**RULE:23.12.7-5** After an LCI, the security scheme is not changed.

**RULE:23.12.7-6** On LCI the LXI Web interface and the LXI API services shall be enabled.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| port |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:int |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | 443 |

 | **RULE:23.12.7.1-1** The default HTTPS port shall be 443 for the Human Interface and the LXI API Service. | TCP port of the HTTPS server.**Required: RULE:23.12.7.1-2** **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode |
| client Authentication Required |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | false |

 | No change | clientAuthenticationRequired indicates if clients are required to authenticate as configured in this element. clientAuthenticationRequired indicates that all services enabled in HTTPS shall require client authentication. This includes the human interface and any services that are enabled. clientAuthenticationRequired does not impact the API-LXISecurity service which always requires client authentication. Note that client's presenting the API Key are regarded as authentic. **OBSERVATION:** If the service is using application level authentication, this attribute may be the only indication in the schema that the HTTPS server communication is secure. **Required: RULE:23.12.7.1-3** **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode. |

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| Service | lxi:Service | Optional unbounded  | A Service element with the Service/@enabled attribute set to true is included for each service enabled on this HTTP(S) server. **RULE:23.12.7.2-1** When the device is queried, it shall provide a Service element for each service provided by the device, with the Service/@enable attribute indicating those that are currently enabled.  |

### Service

The Service element is used with the HTTP and HTTPS elements to indicate the services available on a device and if they are currently enabled.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| name |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Req. |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | name indicates the name of the service. **RULE:23.12.8.1-1** LXI Service names are case sensitive. LXI Security specifies the following services:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Human-Interface | Indicates the endpoints required to serve a human interface to a browser Required of all LXI Security Devices.  |
| API-LXISecurity | Indicates the LXI API Extended function endpoints required by the LXI Security extended function. Required of all LXI Security Devices.  |
| API-Device | Indicates the endpoints used to implement various device-specific APIs. API-Device is required of all LXI Security devices that provide a device-specific API on this protocol. More fine-grained device-specific control is permitted as well.  |
| other | Devices may define additional services that provide more granular control of enabled services or specify additional services. other service declarations are optional. **OBSERVATION:** clients can discover the available services by reading back the LXI Common Configuration. Although documentation of the device behavior is in product-specific documents. **OBSERVATION:** where servers define granular services that are a subset of other services, the presence of the less granular service enables all of the subset services.  |

**Required: RULE:23.12.8.1-2** **Unsecure impact:** None |
| enabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Req. |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | enabled indicates if the designated service is enabled. **Required: RULE:23.12.8.1-3** Note this attribute is syntactically required.**Unsecure impact:** Device determined |
| Any Attribute |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Type:** | Any type |
| **Card.:** | Optional |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | Devices may include attributes to further configure the service. **RULE:23.12.8.1-4** Devices that do not understand additional attributes shall ignore them. **Required:** No**Unsecure impact:** Device determined |

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| Basic | lxi:AuthenticationMechanism | Optional  | Basic indicates HTTPS Basic authentication per RFC7617 is enabled. **RULE:23.12.8.2-1** Devices shall implement Basic. When Basic is configured, devices are permitted to not be in unsecure mode.  |
| Digest | lxi:AuthenticationMechanism | Optional  | Digest indicates Digest authentication per RFC7616 is enabled. **RULE:23.12.8.2-2** Devices are permitted to not implement Digest, however this syntax shall be accepted and produce an error if turned on and not implemented. When Digest is configured, devices are permitted to not be in unsecure mode.  |
| Any element | Any type | Optional unbounded  | This element is provided to enable devices to extend the list of HTTP authentication schemes with additional elements to configure capabilities not included in the definition of the LXI Common Configuration. **OBSERVATION:** The rules in the lxi:AuthenticationMechanism element section require the type of these extension elements to be either lxi:AuthenticationMechanism or an extension of lxi:AuthenticationMechanism. **RULE:23.12.8.2-3** The default value of the enabled attribute of extension elements shall be True so that the presence of the element without a value indicates the mechanism is enabled. The element name should match the authentication scheme in the IANA HTTP Authentication Schemes Registry. **RULE:23.12.8.2-4** Any extension HTTPS client-authentication scheme is permitted with unsecure mode false.  |

### SCPIRaw

SCPIRaw configures a single SCPIRaw connection. Additional instances of SCPIRaw may be used to configure additional SCPIRaw servers at different TCP ports.

SCPIRaw refers to a TCP port that accepts SCPI commands and queries without IEEE 488.2 meta-messages.

Devices are permitted to enable an arbitrary number of SCPIRaw ports, however, each must have a different port number and an additional SCPIRaw element to describe it.

**RULE:23.12.9-1** When the device receives an LXI Common Configuration, only those SCPIRaw ports indicated and enabled shall be available on the device.

**RULE:23.12.9-2** When the device reports its configuration, an instance of SCPIRaw shall be provided for each active SCPIRaw connection.

Devices should permit multiple clients to connect to a single SCPIRaw port.

**RULE:23.12.9-3** SCPIRaw is required if the device implements SCPIRaw connections.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| enabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | true |

 | No change | enabled enables the SCPIRaw server at this address.**Required: RULE:23.12.9.1-1** **Unsecure impact: RULE:23.12.9.1-2** The device is operating in unsecure mode if SCPIRaw is enabled. |
| port |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:int |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | 5025 |

 | No change | port specifies the port of this SCPIRaw server. The IANA registered port of 5025 is preferred for SCPI traffic. If additional instances of SCPIRaw are enabled by default on the device, their ports are device-specific. **Required: RULE:23.12.9.1-3** **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode |
| capability |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:int |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | Read-only | capability is a read-only attribute that indicates the approximate number of SCPIRaw ports that the client may configure. **Required:** capability is required on a read.**Unsecure impact:** NA |

The SCPIRaw complex type has **no subelements**

### SCPITLS

SCPITLS describes a single secure raw SCPI connection over TLS. Additional instances of SCPITLS may be used to configure additional secure raw SCPI servers at different TCP (TLS) ports.

Devices are permitted to enable an arbitrary number of secure raw SCPI ports using SCPITLS, however, each must have a different port number.

Devices should permit multiple clients to connect to a single secure raw SCPI port.

**RULE:23.12.10-1** When the device receives an LXI Common Configuration, only those secure raw SCPI ports indicated and enabled shall be available on the device.

**RULE:23.12.10-2** When the device reports its configuration, an instance of SCPITLS shall be included for each configured secure raw SCPI connection. If none are enabled, a single disabled SCPITLS element shall be returned to indicate to the client that the capability is available.

**RULE:23.12.10-3** SCPITLS is required by LXI Security if the device implements secure raw SCPI connections.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| enabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | true |

 | No change | enabled enables the secure raw SCPI server at this port.**Required: RULE:23.12.10.1-1** **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode |
| port |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:int |
| **Card.:** | Req. |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | No change | port specifies the port of this secure raw SCPI server.**Required: RULE:23.12.10.1-2** **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode |
| client Authentication Required |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | false |

 | No change | clientAuthenticationRequired indicates if client authentication is required. Secure raw SCPI connections use mutual TLS (mTLS) for client authentication. The client certificate is authenticated based on the Interface/ClientAuthentication/ClientCertAuthentication element which must be configured if an active secure raw SCPI connection requires client authentication. If false, the device accepts SCPITLS connections without client authentication, although mTLS connections may still be supported. **Required: RULE:23.12.10.1-3** If secure raw SCPI client authentication is implemented it shall use ClientAuthentication configuration. **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode |
| capability |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:int |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | Read-only | capability is a read-only attribute. It indicates the approximate number of SCPITLS ports that the client may configure. **Required: RULE:23.12.10.1-4** **Unsecure impact:** NA |

The SCPITLS complex type has **no subelements**

### Telnet

Telnet indicates the telnet connection. Telnet is commonly used for either Command and Control traffic or an operating system shell.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| enabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | true |

 | No change | enabled indicates if the Telnet server is enabled.**Required: RULE:23.12.11.1-1** **Unsecure impact:** If Telnet is enabled without requiring TLS (Telnet/@TLSRequired) the device is in unsecure mode.  |
| port |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:int |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | 5024 |

 | No change | port specifies the Telnet server port. For Command and Control traffic, the IANA assigned port of 5024 should be used. **Required: RULE:23.12.11.1-2** **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode |
| TLSRequired |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | false |

 | No change | TLSRequired indicates that telnet requires a secure TLS connection instead of TCP. **OBSERVATION:** TLS only guarantees server (device) authentication. To require client authentication, @clientAuthenticationRequired must be true as well. **RULE:23.12.11.1-3** If the device implements TLS on Telnet it shall include the TLSRequired attribute in the query response regardless of the state of Telnet/@enabled. **Required: RULE:23.12.11.1-4** TLSRequired shall be implemented if the device Telnet implementation supports TLS. **Unsecure impact:** The device is in unsecure mode unless enabled. |
| client Authentication Required |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | false |

 | No change | clientAuthenticationRequired indicates that telnet exclusively uses mTLS. **OBSERVATION:** If clientAuthenticationRequired is enabled, Telnet/@TLSRequired must be enabled as well. The unsecure Telnet USER and PASS are not used. **RULE:23.12.11.1-5** The mTLS client certificate authentication configured in Interface/ClientAuthentication/ClientCertAuthentication shall be used. **RULE:23.12.11.1-6** If the device implements mTLS (client authentication) on telnet it shall include the clientAuthenticationRequired attribute in the query response regardless of the state of Telnet/@enabled. **Required: RULE:23.12.11.1-7** clientAuthenticationRequired shall be implemented if the device Telnet implementation supports TLS.**Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode |
| capability |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:int |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | Read-only | capability is a read-only attribute. It indicates the approximate number of Telnet ports that the client may configure. **Required: RULE:23.12.11.1-8** **Unsecure impact:** NA |
| Any Attribute |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Type:** | Any type |
| **Card.:** | Optional |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | Devices may further describe the telnet port, perhaps indicating if this server is SCPI or a command shell. **RULE:23.12.11.1-9** Devices that do not understand additional attributes shall ignore them. **Required:** No**Unsecure impact:** Device determined |

The Telnet complex type has **no subelements**

### HiSLIP

HiSLIP contains the configuration of the HiSLIP protocol. HiSLIP supports multiple servers on a port, each at a different subaddress. Therefore, this element contains the configuration of the only device HiSLIP port.

All HiSLIP servers, regardless of their subaddress use the configuration in this element.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| enabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | true |

 | No change | enabled indicates if the HiSLIP server is enabled. **OBSERVATION:** Disabling this server disables all the HiSLIP servers at every HiSLIP subaddress since they are all served from this port at the various subaddresses. **Required: RULE:23.12.12.1-1** **Unsecure impact: RULE:23.12.12.1-2** The device is in unsecure mode unless both HiSLIP/@mustStartEncrypted and HiSLIP/@encryptionMandatory are true. |
| port |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:int |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | 4880 |

 | No change | port indicates the TCP port from which the HiSLIP server is served.**Required: RULE:23.12.12.1-3** **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode |
| must Start Encrypted |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | false |

 | No change | mustStartEncrypted controls the initial encryption. If enabled, a secure connection must be initially made to this server. It can be subsequently stepped down to an unsecure connection if encryptionMandatory is not true. It is erroneous to have mustStartEncrypted False and HiSLIP/@encryptionMandatory True. **Required: RULE:23.12.12.1-4** **Unsecure impact: RULE:23.12.12.1-5** The device is in unsecure mode if mustStartEncrypted is false.  |
| encryption Mandatory |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | false |

 | No change | encryptionMandatory indicates that this HiSLIP Server must always have encryption on. That is, the connection must be started securely, and the encryption may not be subsequently turned off. It is erroneous to have encryptionMandatory True and HiSLIP/@mustStartEncrypted False. **Required: RULE:23.12.12.1-6** **Unsecure impact: RULE:23.12.12.1-7** The device is in unsecure mode if encryptionMandatory is false for any enabled HiSLIP servers.  |

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| Client Authentication Mechanisms | lxi:ClientAuthenticationMechanisms | Optional  | **RULE:23.12.12.2-1** Devices that support the LXI Security Extended Function and the LXI HiSLIP Extended function shall support Client Authentication. A device may optionally provide client authentication using a higher protocol layer (for example, SCPI) to provide authentication when using ANONYMOUS.  |

### ClientAuthenticationMechanisms

ClientAuthenticationMechanisms identifies the SASL mechanisms that are enabled for secure HiSLIP connections. The default of the enabled attribute for each element is true, therefore, its presence with no attributes enables the mechanism. The absence of an element disables the corresponding mechanism.

**OBSERVATION:** ClientAuthenticationMechanisms does not affect the behavior of unsecure HiSLIP connections which may be enabled using HiSLIP/@mandatoryEncryption and HiSLIP/@mustStartEncrypted.

**OBSERVATION:** Client credentials are shared amongst the mechanisms and are described in the root ClientAuthentication element.

**RULE:23.12.13-1** the device shall include in its response each element that it implements, indicating a false enable attribute where disabled. Devices shall omit the elements that represent mechanisms they do not support.

**RULE:23.12.13-2** Devices that implement device-specific SASL mechanisms shall follow the pattern of defining additional elements that enable and configure those mechanisms using the AuthenticationMechanism complex type, or types derived from it.

The ClientAuthenticationMechanisms complex type has **no attributes**

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| ANONYMOUS | lxi:AuthenticationMechanism | Optional  | ANONYMOUS indicates that clients can authenticate using the SASL anonymous mechanism. **RULE:23.12.13.1-1** Devices that support LXI Security and the LXI HiSLIP Extended function shall support ANONYMOUS. **OBSERVATION:** A device can optionally provide client authentication using a higher protocol layer (e.g., SCPI) when using ANONYMOUS. Configuring ANONYMOUS does not put the device into unsecure mode. **RULE:23.12.13.1-2** The IVI-6.5 SASL Mechanism Specification details specific requirements for SASL mechanisms. Devices shall comply with the IVI device requirements.  |
| PLAIN | lxi:AuthenticationMechanism | Optional  | PLAIN indicates that clients can authenticate using the SASL PLAIN mechanism. **RULE:23.12.13.1-3** The IVI-6.5 SASL Mechanism Specification details the specific device and client requirements for the generation of usernames and passwords. Devices shall comply with the IVI device requirements. **RULE:23.12.13.1-4** Devices that support LXI Security and the LXI HiSLIP Extended function shall support PLAIN. Configuring PLAIN does not put the device into unsecure mode.  |
| SCRAM | lxi:AuthenticationMechanism | Optional  | SCRAM indicates that clients can authenticate using the SASL SCRAM (Salted Challenge Response Authentication Mechanism) mechanism. Two attributes that are used to configure the SCRAM mechanism are located on the element LXICommonConfiguration/ClientAuthentication. See them for additional details. **RULE:23.12.13.1-5** The IVI 6.5 SASL Mechanism Specification details the specific device and client requirements for the use of the SASL SCRAM mechanism with HiSLIP. Devices shall comply with the IVI device requirements. **RULE:23.12.13.1-6** Devices that support LXI Security and the LXI HiSLIP Extended function shall support SCRAM. Configuring SCRAM does not put the device into unsecure mode.  |
| MTLS | lxi:AuthenticationMechanism | Optional  | MTLS indicates that devices authenticates TLS clients using TLS mutual authentication (mTLS). **OBSERVATION:** mTLS connections provide client authentication outside of the SASL mechanisms, therefore SASL refers to mTLS as an EXTERNAL mechanism. Configuring MTLS does not put the device into unsecure mode.  |
| Any element | Any type | Optional unbounded  | Other extension elements may be included to configure authentication mechanisms that are beyond the scope of the LXI specification. Where registered SASL mechanisms are used, the IANA designation for those mechanisms should be used in the XML. **RULE:23.12.13.1-7** Devices shall ignore mechanisms that they do not implement. Devices that implement extension mechanisms per this attribute shall include them in the response.  |

### AuthenticationMechanism

AuthenticationMechanism specifies a type of client authentication. It is used for both HiSLIP SASL mechanisms and HTTPS security schemes.

AuthenticationMechanism/@enabled indicates if the mechanism is currently enabled. The tag for the element indicates the specific mechanism or scheme.

HTTP client authentication is described in RFC7235. IANA maintains a list of HTTP authentication schemes, the IANA names of those schemes are generally used as the tag name of the element used to enable the HTTP authentication scheme.

SASL mechanisms are generally specified using the registered SASL mechanism names. For instance, the PLAIN SASL mechanism is controlled with an element with the tag (name) PLAIN, and the type AuthenticationMechanism. The PLAIN mechanism is enabled if PLAIN/@enabled attribute is true.

**RULE:23.12.14-1** Where possible, additional client authentication capabilities beyond the scope of the LXI Security Extended Function shall be created using this type. However, if those capabilities require additional configuration, they shall define their own type by extending the AuthenticationMechanism ComplexType.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| enabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | true |

 | No change | enabled indicates that the SASL mechanism or HTTP scheme is enabled. **RULE:23.12.14.1-1** On LCI, the enabled mechanisms do not change. **Required: RULE:23.12.14.1-2** **Unsecure impact:** NA |
| Any Attribute |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Type:** | Any type |
| **Card.:** | Optional |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | See the usage of the defined mechanism.  | Additional attributes that define SASL mechanisms or HTTPS schemas beyond the scope of LXI may include additional attributes to define them. **Required:** Not required.**Unsecure impact:**  |

The AuthenticationMechanism complex type has **no subelements**

### VXI11

VXI11 configures the VXI-11 protocol.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| enabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | true |

 | No change | enabled state of the VXI11 server at this address.**Required:** Not required.**Unsecure impact: RULE:23.12.15.1-1** The device is in unsecure mode if VXI-11 is enabled. |

The VXI11 complex type has **no subelements**

### ClientAuthentication

ClientAuthentication contains client authentication information. That is, information used by the device to determine if the identity proffered by clients attempting to connect to it is authentic.

**RULE:23.12.16-1** Information in ClientAuthentication shall be used by all protocols that provide client authentication. For instance, a certificate thumbprint that the device accepts for HiSLIP EXTERNAL authentication, will also be accepted for telnet mTLS.

**OBSERVATION:** Devices may require that all ClientCredentials are re-sent when the @scramHashCount is changed. Because of this requirement, although this attribute is most closely associated with LXICommonConfiguration/HiSLIP/ClientAuthentication/SCRAM, it is located here so that changes to the @scramHashCount are directly associated with the credentials that must be hashed.

In addition, @scramChannelBindingRequired is located on this element to retain its association with the @scramHashIterationCount.

**OBSERVATION:** Devices may also have mechanisms beyond the scope of the LxiCommonConfiguration to manage the passwords.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| scram Hash Iteration Count |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:int |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | No change | scramHashIterationCount sets the minimum iteration count that SCRAM uses to hash the client credentials. The default value of this is device dependent, but should be chosen sufficiciently high that clients cannot successfully perform brute force attacks. At the time of this writing RFC 7677 recommends a minimum of 4096 for SHA-256, although much larger values are reasonable for LXI devices. **OBSERVATION:** Devices are permitted to use a higher value for scramHashIterationCount. The actual iteration count used by the device is indicated in the SCRAM protocol. **Required: RULE:23.12.16.1-1** Required for devices that support the SCRAM SASL mechanism via the LXICommonConfiguration. **Unsecure impact:** NA |
| scram Channel Binding Required |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | No change | scramChannelBindingRequired specifies if the device permits the client to connect with a non-channel-bound version of SCRAM. For instance, for a device that supports SCRAM with SHA-256 hashes: if false, then SCRAM-SHA-256 would be accepted in addition to SCRAM-SHA-256-PLUS. If true, only SCRAM-SHA-256-PLUS would be accepted by the device. **Required: RULE:23.12.16.1-2** Required for devices that support the SCRAM SASL mechanism via the LXICommonConfiguration. **Unsecure impact:** NA |

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| Client Credential | lxi:ClientCredential | Optional unbounded  | **RULE:23.12.16.2-1** Required. |
| Client Cert Authentication | lxi:ClientCertAuthentication | Optional  | **RULE:23.12.16.2-2** Required. |
| Any element | Any type | Optional unbounded  | Extension elements may be included to enable devices to specify types of ClientAuthentication beyond the scope of LXI.  |

### ClientCredential

ClientCredential contains an individual user with optional passwords and an indication if this user has API Access rights.

@APIAccess and /Password are optional since they are write-only fields that may not be included in device responses for reasons of secrecy.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| user |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Req. |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | No change | user that may be authenticated on the device.**RULE:23.12.17.1-1** LXI devices shall accept user names composed of alpha-numeric strings. User names shall be case-sensitive. **RULE:23.12.17.1-2** The IVI-6.5 SASL Mechanism Specification details the specific device and client requirements for the generation of usernames and passwords. Devices shall comply with the IVI device requirements. **Required: RULE:23.12.17.1-3** **Unsecure impact:** NA |
| APIAccess |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | false |

 | No change | APIAccess indicates if this user is authorized to use the API. If true, this user credential permits the client to use the API. If APIAccess is false, this credential is not sufficient to permit the client to use the API. On a write, the absence APIAccess indicates that no change is to be made to the users stored APIAccess value. **Required: RULE:23.12.17.1-4** **Unsecure impact:** NA |

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| Password | lxi:Password | Optional unbounded  |  |

### Password

Password contains the passwords associated with an individual client. Passwords may be sent to the device hashed, avoiding the need to serialize clear text passwords within this XML document.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| format |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Req. |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | format Indicates the format used to generate the hash.The following formats are required by LXI: * ClearText indicates that the @value is not hashed.
* MCF indicates that the @value is in a format consistent with the Modular Crypt Format, used by tools such as libxcrypt or Linux crypt(3).
* SCRAM indicates that the @value is in a format to support SCRAM hashes and shall be represented as:

<scram\_sasl\_mech>$<iteration\_count>:<base64\_salt>$<stored\_key>:<server\_key> Note that in the above string, the '$' and ':' characters are literals. The fields enclosed in <> indicate where hash algorithm values are incorporated into the string. The fields are as defined in RFC-5802. For example, the stored hash value of the password "123456" is: SCRAM-SHA-256$4096:sY29SmrcV71GPelgD3H1dg==$NicztZlfZMbAFFbqamvsz8tCZlTc5h2a9zNpteOxsrc=:93tB38XwNA5sE7xni/SyGVL8biMIB+ftW050VwR5/lc= This encodes the field values of: * + scram\_sasl\_mech SCRAM-SHA-256
	+ iteration\_count 4096
	+ base64\_salt sY29SmrcV71GPelgD3H1dg==
	+ stored\_key NicztZlfZMbAFFbqamvsz8tCZlTc5h2a9zNpteOxsrc=
	+ server\_key 93tB38XwNA5sE7xni/SyGVL8biMIB+ftW050VwR5/lc=

Other formats are permitted, but not specified by LXI. **Required: RULE:23.12.18.1-1** Devices shall implement the formats specified.**Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode |
| value |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Req. |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | **RULE:23.12.18.1-2** value contains the password in the format specified by @format.**RULE:23.12.18.1-3** If the device does not support the requested hash algorithm, then the CommonConfiguration put request shall fail. The returned LXIProblemDetails/Title element shall contain an indication that the hash algorithm specified in the value attribute was invalid. The LXIProblemDetails/Instance shall have a comma separated list of accepted values. OBSERVATION: Clients can determine the supported hash algorithms by sending an empty value attribute. **Required: RULE:23.12.18.1-4** **Unsecure impact:** Does not impact unsecure mode |
| Any Attribute |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Type:** | Any type |
| **Card.:** | Optional |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | Arbitrary attributes may be included for devices that wish to further qualify a password, for instance, to associate the password with a specific protocol. **Required:** No**Unsecure impact:** NA |

The Password complex type has **no subelements**

### ClientCertAuthentication

Configures client certificate authentication.

**RULE:23.12.19-1** Devices shall accept client certificates as valid if they are signed by a root certificate specified in this element, or if they have a thumbprint that matches a thumbprint specified in this element.

The ClientCertAuthentication complex type has **no attributes**

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| RootCertPEM | xs:string | Optional unbounded  | RootCertPEM has a single root certificate the device shall use to validate client certificates. Any client certificate that is signed by a trust authority described in one of these root certificates shall be treated as authentic by the device. Certificates are in PEM format, represented in XML as strings. PEM format is a Base64 ASCII encoding of the binary certificate. PEM Format is described in RFC 7468. **RULE:23.12.19.1-1** Root certification PEMs shall be semantically validated. For instance, expired root certificates shall not be used. **RULE:23.12.19.1-2** RootCertPEM shall be supported.  |
| Cert Thumbprint | lxi:CertThumbprint | Optional unbounded  | Each instance of this element has the thumbprint of a client certificate. Client certificates with this thumbprint shall be treated as authentic by the device. Authenticated certificates still require semantic validation, for instance, expired certificates shall not be used. The thumbprint is a hash of the full binary device certificate. The hash function is specified in the CertThumbprint element. **RULE:23.12.19.1-3** CertThumbprint shall be supported.  |

### CertThumbprint

CertThumbprint contains a certificate thumbprint. A certificate thumbprint is a hash of a DER encoded X.509 certificate that is used to recognize a specific certificate.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| hash |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | SHA-256 |

 | No change | hash indicates the hash function used to create this thumbPrint. **Required: RULE:23.12.20.1-1** **Unsecure impact:** NA |
| thumbPrint |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:base64Binary |
| **Card.:** | Req. |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | No change | thumbPrint contains the certificate thumbPrint. **Required: RULE:23.12.20.1-2** **Unsecure impact:** NA |

The CertThumbprint complex type has **no subelements**

## LXI Device Specific Configuration Schema

The LXI Device Specific Configuration represents device-specific or automatically configured network settings of the device network interface. If the device configuration enables automatic configuration, such as DHCP, any configuration specified in the LXI Device Specific Configuration Schema may be superseded.

**RULE:23.13-1** Devices shall retain the LXI Device Specific configuration and only utilize it when automatic configuration is disabled. Thus, writing the LXI Device Specific Configuration while automatic configuration is active then disabling automatic configuration will result in the device using the configuration specified in LXI Device Specific Configuration.

Reading the LXI Device Specific Configuration from the device always returns the current settings of the interface over which it is read, regardless of if the settings were statically configured or received from automatic configuration.

To determine if automatic configuration is enabled read the LXI Common Configuration.

**This schema specifies the XML namespace:**

http://lxistandard.org/schemas/LXIDeviceSpecificConfiguration/1.0, version: 1.0
Editorial date: September 28, 2023

### LXIDeviceSpecificConfiguration

LXIDeviceSpecificConfiguration contains various settings associated with the network interface that are potentially device specific.

For details on the various settings, see the LXI Device specification.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| name |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | NA | name indicates the name of the interface described by this document. name is required on a GET and shall indicate the name used for the interface in the LXICommonConfiguration Interface/@name attribute. Devices with a single interface shall use the name "LXI". name is optional on a PUT. If absent, the interface over which this XML is delivered is configured. **OBSERVATION:** providing the LXICommonConfiguration Interface/@name here permits the client to associate the device specific IP configuration with the configuration in the LXICommonConfiguration. **Required: RULE:23.13.1.1-1** **Unsecure impact:** NA |

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| IPv4Device | lxi:IPv4Device | Optional  | IPv4Device contains the device-specific configuration related to IPv4. **RULE:23.13.1.2-1** LXI Devices shall accept IPv4Device.**RULE:23.13.1.2-2** If IPv4Device is absent, and the LXI Common Configuration does not specify automatic configuration, the IPv4 capability is disabled.  |
| IPv6Device | lxi:IPv6Device | Optional  | IPv6Device contains the device-specific configuration related to IPv6. **RULE:23.13.1.2-3** LXI Devices shall accept IPv6Device**RULE:23.13.1.2-4** If IPv6Device is absent, and the LXI Common Configuration does not specify any automatic configuration, the IPv6 capability is disabled.  |
| Any element | Any type | Optional unbounded  | Extension elements may be use to provide arbitrary interface configuration.  |

### IPv4Device

IPv4Device represents the device-specific state of the IP version 4 capabilities of the device that are potentially device-specific.

When IPv4Device is written, the point in time at which it takes affect is device dependent.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| address |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | No change | address contains the IPv4 address of the device. **Required: RULE:23.13.2.1-1** **Unsecure impact:** Any |
| subnetMask |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | No change | subnetMask contains the subnet mask to use. **Required: RULE:23.13.2.1-2** **Unsecure impact:** any |
| gateway |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | No change | gateway contains the gateway address. **Required: RULE:23.13.2.1-3** **Unsecure impact:** any |
| dns1 |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | No change | dns1 is the address of the first DNS server. **Required: RULE:23.13.2.1-4** **Unsecure impact:** any |
| dns2 |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | No change | dns2 is the address of the second (alternate) DNS server. **Required: RULE:23.13.2.1-5** **Unsecure impact:** any |
| Any Attribute |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Type:** | Any type |
| **Card.:** | Optional |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | Arbitrary extension attributes may be included to provide device-specific IPv4 configuration that is beyond the scope of the LXI requirements. **RULE:23.13.2.1-6** LXI devices shall ignore extension attributes they do not recognize.**Required:** No**Unsecure impact:** NA |

The IPv4Device complex type has **no subelements**

### IPv6Device

IPv6Device represents the device-specific state of the IP version 6 capabilities of the device that are potentially device-specific.

When IPv6Device is written, the point in time at which it takes affect is device dependent.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| Any Attribute |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Type:** | Any type |
| **Card.:** | Optional |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | Arbitrary extension attributes may be included to provide device-specific IPv6 configuration that is beyond the scope of the LXI requirements. **RULE:23.13.3.1-1** LXI devices shall ignore extension attributes they do not recognize.**Required:** No**Unsecure impact:** NA |

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| StaticAddress | lxi:IPv6Address | Optional unbounded  | StaticAddress is optional and contains the device static address. **OBSERVATION:** If the LXICommonConfiguration/Network/IPv6/@staticAddressEnabled is false, the static addresses are not used. **RULE:23.13.3.2-1** Devices shall accept at least one StaticAddress. |
| Link Local Address | lxi:IPv6Address | Optional  | LinkLocalAddress is a read-only field that contains the devices current link local address. **RULE:23.13.3.2-2** LXI Devices shall include the link local address in responses. |
| GlobalAddress | lxi:IPv6Address | Optional unbounded  | GlobalAddress is a read-only element that contains the addresses provided to the device via router advertisement or DHCP. **RULE:23.13.3.2-3** A GlobalAddress element shall be included in the response for every device global address. **OBSERVATION:** Since unique-local may be determined by router advertisement or stateful DHCPv6 it is returned using a GlobalAddress element.  |

### IPv6Address

IPv6Address contains an IPv6 address.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| address |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Req. |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | address contains the IPv6 address in CIDR notation. **Required: RULE:23.13.4.1-1** **Unsecure impact:** NA |
| router |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | NA | router contains the router IPv6 address if this IPv6Address has an associated router. The address is in CIDR notation. **Required: RULE:23.13.4.1-2** **Unsecure impact:** NA |
| dns |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Opt. |
| **Default:** | None |

 | NA | dns contains the address of the IPv6 domain name server if this IPv6Address has an associated dns. The address is in CIDR notation. **Required: RULE:23.13.4.1-3** **Unsecure impact:** NA |

The IPv6Address complex type has **no subelements**

## LXI Certificate Reference Schema

The LXI Certificate schema indicates a single X.509 certificate, certificate chain, or CSR (Certificate Signing Request) that is on the device.

The certificate is not included in this schema, rather the entity on the device is identified using a GUID. The GUID is assigned by the device and is returned by the Certificate List API.

**This schema specifies the XML namespace:**

http://lxistandard.org/schemas/LXICertificateRef/1.0, version: 1.0
Editorial date: September 28, 2023

### LXICertificateRef

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| GUID |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Req. |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | The GUID identifies the certificate, certificate list, or CSR. The GUID is returned by the Certificate List API. **Required: RULE:23.14.1.1-1** **Unsecure impact:** NA |

The LXICertificateRef complex type has **no subelements**

## LXI Certificate List Schema

The LXI Certificate List schema represents a list of X.509 certificates, certificate chains, and CSR (Certificate Signing Requests) currently on the device.

The returned list of certificates includes a GUID that the client can use to delete the certificate.

**This schema specifies the XML namespace:**

http://lxistandard.org/schemas/LXICertificateList/1.0, version: 1.0
Editorial date: September 28, 2023

### LXICertificateList

LXICertificateList contains a list of certificate entities on a device. Each is assigned a GUID that can be used to further manipulate the certificate.

The LXICertificateList complex type has **no attributes**

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| Certificate Info | lxi:CertificateInfo | Required unbounded  | CertificateInfo contains information about a certificate on the device, including the GUID which may be used to operate on the certificate.  |

### CertificateInfo

CertificateInfo contains information about a certificate, certificate list, or CSR (certificate signing request).

The GUID included in the CertificateInfo is used to manipulate the individual entity.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| GUID |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Req. |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | GUID is a Globally Unique Identifier generated by the device to represent this certificate. **Required: RULE:23.15.2.1-1** **Unsecure impact:** NA |
| Type |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | restriction of: xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Req. |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | Type indicates the kind of entity. One of the following values is returned:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| IDevID | The entity is the Initial device identifier provided by the device manufacturer. |
| LDevID | The entity is a locally significant device identifier provisioned to the device by a user. |
| CSR | The entity is a Certificate Signing Request produced by the device to be signed by a certificate authority. |

**Required: RULE:23.15.2.1-2** **Unsecure impact:** NA |
| DNSName |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Req. |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | DNSName is the DNS Name from the certificate. **Required: RULE:23.15.2.1-3** **Unsecure impact:** NA |
| Enabled |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:boolean |
| **Card.:** | Req. |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | Enabled indicates if the corresponding certificate or certificate chain is enabled for use by the device. Enabled is meaningless for Certificate Signing Requests. Enabled shall be returned true for CSRs. **Required: RULE:23.15.2.1-4** **Unsecure impact:** NA |
| expiration Date Time |

|  |
| --- |
|  |
| **Type:** | xs:string |
| **Card.:** | Req. |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | expirationDateTime is the expiration date and time of the certificate. For a CSR, expirationDateTime shall contain the requested expiration time from the CSR. If the CSR LXICertificateRequest/ExpirationDateTime was absent an empty string shall be returned. **RULE:23.15.2.1-5** The expiration date and time shall be expressed in ASN.1 format using ASN.1 GeneralizedTime per RFC5280. **OBSERVATION:** The device will need to convert GeneralizedTime to UTC time if the year is between 1950 and 2050. **Required: RULE:23.15.2.1-6** **Unsecure impact:** NA |

The CertificateInfo complex type has **no subelements**

## LXI Certificate Request Schema

The LXI Certificate Request schema is used by both the getCSR and createCertificate APIs for the client to specify attributes of the certificate it is requesting.

**This schema specifies the XML namespace:**

http://lxistandard.org/schemas/LXICertificateRequest/1.0, version: 1.0
Editorial date: September 28, 2023

### LXICertificateRequest

LXICertificateRequest contains attributes that a client may request be used for a device certificate.

The LXICertificateRequest complex type has **no attributes**

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| SubjectName | lxi:SubjectName | Optional  | SubjectName specifies the attributes of the distinguished name to be used in the subject of the certificate. The subject of the certificate indicates the identity of the LXI device.  |
| AltDnsName | xs:string | Optional unbounded  | AltDnsName specifies the alternate DNS name to be used in the certificate.  |
| AltIPAddress | xs:string | Optional unbounded  | AltIPAddress specifies the alternate IP Address to be used in the certificate. Multiple IP addresses may be specified as a comma separated list.  |
| Expiration Date Time | xs:string | Optional  | ExpirationDateTime indicates the time at which the requested certificate will expire. **RULE:23.16.1.1-1** The expiration date and time shall be expressed in ASN.1 format using ASN.1 GeneralizedTime per RFC5280. **OBSERVATION:** The device will need to convert GeneralizedTime to UTC time if the year is between 1950 and 2050.  |
| Signature Algorithm | xs:string | Optional  | SignatureAlgorithm specifies the signature algorithm that the certificate keyset should use. The string is the Object IDentifier (OID) string specified in RFC 3279 or its hierarchy of successors. The OID uniquely identifies the signature algorithm and is a string of integers separated by decimal points. For instance the OID string for SHA256 with RSA Encryption is "1.2.840.113549.1.1.11". Vendors are encouraged to use state of the art cryptographic algorithms when generating certificates or signing requests and thus keep the software up-to-date. Failure to do so may result in devices being easily compromised. For instance, the MD5 and SHA-1 algorithms have been deprecated and are known to be inadequate and should not be used to generated new certificates or sign requests. However, existing certificates should be supported. If absent the signature algorithm is device dependent. This differs from sending an empty string which produces an error. **RULE:23.16.1.1-2** If the device does not support the requested signature algorithm, then the certificate request shall fail. The returned LXIProblemDetails/Title element shall contain an indication that the SignatureAlgorithm was invalid. The LXIProblemDetails/Instance shall have a comma separated list of accepted values. **OBSERVATION:** Clients can determine the supported signature algorithms by sending the SignatureAlgorithm element with an empty string for the SignatureAlgorithm. The LXICertificateRequest schema with the SignatureAlgorithm is used in both the LXI Create Certificate API and LXI CSR GET API. * When used in the LXI Create Certificate API SignatureAlgorithm specifies the signature algorithm and the key type used to create the LDevID.
* For the LXI CSR GET API, SignatureAlgorithm indicates how the returned CSR has been signed by the device, including both the algorithm and the public/private key type. Note that the Certificate Authority (CA) chooses the certificate signature algorithm independently of this field. Note that the client (such as a CA) will use the public key from the CSR to ensure that the instrument has the corresponding private key.
 |
| Certificate Extension | lxi:CertificateExtension | Optional unbounded  | CertificateExtension permits the user to request arbitrary certificate fields based on the object identifier and field values.  |

### SubjectName

SubjectName contains the various attributes of the requested certificate subject.

**RULE:23.16.2-1** The default fields for the subject name shall be the values used in the device IDevID.

The SubjectName complex type has **no attributes**

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| CommonName | xs:string | Optional  | CommonName specifies the common name subject attribute.  |
| Organization | xs:string | Optional  | Organization specifies the organization subject attribute.  |
| Organizational Unit | xs:string | Optional unbounded  | OrganizationUnit specifies the organization unit subject attribute.  |
| Locality | xs:string | Optional  | Locality specifies the locality subject attribute.  |
| State | xs:string | Optional  | State specifies the state subject attribute.  |
| Country | xs:string | Optional  | Country specifies the country subject attribute.  |
| SerialNumber | xs:string | Optional  | SerialNumber specifies the serial number subject attribute.  |
| Extra Subject Attribute | lxi:ExtraSubjectAttribute | Optional unbounded  | ExtraSubjectAttribute specifies additional subject attributes not included in LXICertificateRequest using the Object ID and value.  |

### ExtraSubjectAttribute

ExtraSubjectAttribute specifies an individual subject attribute.

The ExtraSubjectAttribute complex type has **no attributes**

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| ObjectID | xs:string | Required  | ObjectID is the object ID that indicates the subject attribute as specified by the OpenGroup. The format of this string is a series of dot-separated integers. **RULE:23.16.3.1-1** ObjectID shall be included.  |
| ObjectValue | xs:string | Required  | ObjectValue is the subject value associated with the specified attribute. **RULE:23.16.3.1-2** ObjectValue shall be included.  |

### CertificateExtension

The CertificateExtension complex type has **no attributes**

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| ObjectID | xs:string | Required  | ObjectID is the object ID that indicates the certificate extension as specified by the OpenGroup. The format of this string is a series of dot-separated integers. **RULE:23.16.4.1-1** ObjectID shall be included.  |
| Critical | xs:boolean | Optional  | Critical indicates that this certificate extension is critical.  |
| ObjectValue | xs:base64Binary | Required  | ObjectValue is the subject value associated with the certificate field. **RULE:23.16.4.1-2** ObjectValue shall be included.  |

## LXI Literals Schema

The LXILiterals schema contains a single element with optional arbitrary attributes. It is used to pass arbitrary data to a method. As such, it does not provide syntactic validation of parameters.

This schema is intended to be used by methods that require minimal parameters, and would derive very little benefit from schema-based syntactic validation.

Methods that utilize this schema must document the attribute names and types used.

**This schema specifies the XML namespace:**

http://lxistandard.org/schemas/LXILiterals/1.0, version: 1.0
Editorial date: September 28, 2023

### LXILiterals

LXILiterals contains arbitrary attributes that can be used to pass parameters of arbitrary types and names to REST methods.

Methods that utilize this schema must document the attribute names and types used.

#### Attributes

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Syntax** | **LCI** | **Description** |
| Any Attribute |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Type:** | Any type |
| **Card.:** | Optional |
| **Default:** | NA |

 | NA | Each attribute has an arbitrary name with an arbitrarily typed parameter. **Required:** Must be implemented as required for parameters used in the method for which this is a parameter.**Unsecure impact:** NA |

The LXILiterals complex type has **no subelements**

## LXI Problem Details Schema

The LXI Problem Details schema provides detailed explanation from the device regarding HTTP operations that do not have an implicit response. Further detail could be an explanation of error conditions, or other device status regarding the invoked method.

If the HTTP response is OK (200), the LXIProblemDetails response is not required.

For some use cases, such as determining authentication requirements, it may be appropriate for a client to intentionally generate an HTTP error then use this structure and the response headers to determine the requirements to access the designated resource.

In such cases, the information in this element may be redundant with information also available from response headers.

**RULE:23.18-1** Devices shall return the LXIProblemDetails when the LXI API generates 40X errors.

**This schema specifies the XML namespace:**

http://lxistandard.org/schemas/LXIProblemDetails/1.0, version: 1.0
Editorial date: September 28, 2023

### LXIProblemDetails

The LXI ProblemDetails element contains the details related to an HTTP error.

The LXIProblemDetails complex type has **no attributes**

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| Title | xs:string | Required  | High level description of the method result, consistent with the HTTP status code returned. **RULE:23.18.1.1-1** Title shall be included.  |
| Detail | xs:string | Optional  | Detail regarding the specific method status, for instance, the nature of a syntactic error.  |
| Instance | xs:string | Optional  | Detail specific to the issue. For instance, for a syntax error this could contain details used to isolate and correct the problem, such as the line number or specific reference to a flawed syntactic element.  |

## LXI Pending Details Schema

The LXI Pending Details schema provides detailed explanation from the server regarding HTTP operations that return an HTTP status of 202. The HTTP status of 202 indicates that the operation is pending.

**RULE:23.19-1** Schema-valid XML responses, as defined by this schema, shall be returned by devices to indicate pending operations.

**OBSERVATION:** Other sections of this specification require that devices return the LXIPendingDetails whenever an LXI API method returns a status of 202.

**This schema specifies the XML namespace:**

http://lxistandard.org/schemas/LXIPendingDetails/1.0, version: 1.0
Editorial date: September 28, 2023

### LXIPendingDetails

The LXI PendingDetails element contains the details related to why an operation is pending and permits the client to determine when it is completed.

The LXIPendingDetails complex type has **no attributes**

#### Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Element** | **Type** | **Cardinality** | **Requirements** |
| URL | xs:anyURI | Required  | URL provides a URL at which the client can perform a GET to determine the status of the pending operation. If the API for which this response is generated may result in a new IP address, then the URL returned from the 202 response shall be constructed with either the hostname or an absolute path with no host. **RULE:23.19.1.1-1** URL shall be included. **OBSERVATION:** When querying the URL the client will either receive another operation pending response with another instance of this XML or a status of OK that indicates the operation is complete.  |
| User Action Required | xs:boolean | Required  | UserActionRequired indicates if the operation is blocked waiting for a user action. For instance, a front panel operation or a device reboot.  |
| Estimated Time To Complete | xs:integer | Optional  | EstimatedTimeToComplete indicates the amount of time in seconds to complete the operation. EstimatedTimeToComplete shall be included if @UserActionRequired is false. EstimatedTimeToComplete shall be omitted if the device is awaiting a user action and the device does not know when it will occur.  |
| Details | xs:string | Optional  | Details provides an explanation of the operation that is pending, or why it is pending.  |