



LXI API Extended Function

Revision 1.2

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LXI API EXTENDED FUNCTION	1
REVISION HISTORY	6
23 LXI API EXTENDED FUNCTION	7
23.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF THIS DOCUMENT.....	7
23.1.1 Purpose.....	7
23.1.2 Scope.....	7
23.2 DEFINITION OF TERMS.....	7
23.3 RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LXI STANDARDS.....	8
23.4 ACRONYMS.....	8
23.5 COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS.....	9
23.5.1 RULE – Devices Comply with Current Schemas.....	9
23.6 RULE – “LXI API” EXTENDED FUNCTION IS NOT INCLUDED ON THE WELCOME WEB PAGE.....	9
23.7 RULE – “LXI API” EXTENDED FUNCTION IS NOT INCLUDED IN THE LXI IDENTIFICATION.....	9
23.8 EDITORIAL CONVENTIONS USED IN THIS DOCUMENT.....	9
23.9 TABLES USED IN THIS DOCUMENT.....	10
23.10 THE LXI DEVICE API.....	11
23.10.1 RULE – API Client Authentication and Authorization.....	11
23.10.2 RULE – Additional Means of Authorization.....	12
23.10.3 RULE – LXI Certificate and CSR GUIDS.....	12
23.10.4 Common Method Requirements.....	12
23.10.5 API Summary.....	15
23.10.6 XML Schemas for Device APIs.....	16
23.10.7 RULE – LXI Identification API.....	17
23.10.8 RULE – LXI Common Configuration GET API.....	17
23.10.9 RULE – LXI Common Configuration PUT API.....	17
23.10.10 RULE – LXI Device Specific Configuration GET API.....	18
23.10.11 RULE – LXI Device Specific Configuration PUT API.....	18
23.10.12 RULE – LXI Certificates GET API.....	19
23.10.13 RULE – LXI Certificates POST API.....	19
23.10.14 RULE – LXI Certificate GET API.....	19
23.10.15 RULE – LXI Certificate DELETE API.....	20
23.10.16 RULE – LXI CSR GET API.....	20
23.10.17 RULE – LXI Create Certificate API.....	21
23.10.18 RULE – LXI Certificate ENABLED API.....	21
23.10.19 SubjectName.....	21
23.10.20 ExtraSubjectAttribute.....	22
23.10.21 CertificateExtension.....	23
23.11 LXI INSTRUMENT IDENTIFICATION SCHEMA.....	23
23.11.1 LXIDevice.....	23
23.11.2 ConnectedDevices.....	26
23.11.3 NetworkInformation.....	27
23.11.4 IVISoftwareModuleName.....	28
23.11.5 Extension.....	28
23.11.6 LXIExtendedFunctions.....	29
23.11.7 Subinstruments.....	29
23.11.8 Subinstrument.....	30
23.11.9 SubinstrumentIdentity.....	31
23.11.10 SubinstrumentHiSLIP.....	31
23.11.11 SubinstrumentREST.....	32
23.11.12 SubinstrumentSocket.....	33

23.11.13	SubinstrumentTelnet.....	33
23.11.14	SubinstrumentVXII1.....	33
23.12	LXI COMMON CONFIGURATION SCHEMA.....	34
23.12.1	LXICommonConfiguration.....	35
23.12.2	Interface.....	36
23.12.3	Network.....	42
23.12.4	IPv4.....	42
23.12.5	IPv6.....	45
23.12.6	HTTP.....	48
23.12.7	HTTPS.....	49
23.12.8	Service.....	51
23.12.9	SCPIRaw.....	53
23.12.10	SCPITLS.....	54
23.12.11	Telnet.....	55
23.12.12	HiSLIP.....	56
23.12.13	ClientAuthenticationMechanisms.....	58
23.12.14	AuthenticationMechanism.....	60
23.12.15	VXII1.....	60
23.12.16	ClientAuthentication.....	61
23.12.17	ClientCredential.....	62
23.12.18	Password.....	63
23.12.19	ClientCertAuthentication.....	65
23.12.20	CertThumbprint.....	65
23.13	LXI DEVICE SPECIFIC CONFIGURATION SCHEMA.....	66
23.13.1	LXIDeviceSpecificConfiguration.....	66
23.13.2	IPv4Device.....	67
23.13.3	IPv6Device.....	68
23.13.4	IPv6Address.....	69
23.14	LXI CERTIFICATE REFERENCE SCHEMA.....	70
23.14.1	LXICertificateRef.....	70
23.15	LXI CERTIFICATE LIST SCHEMA.....	70
23.15.1	LXICertificateList.....	71
23.15.2	CertificateInfo.....	71
23.16	LXI CERTIFICATE REQUEST SCHEMA.....	72
23.16.1	LXICertificateRequest.....	72
23.16.2	SubjectName.....	74
23.16.3	ExtraSubjectAttribute.....	75
23.16.4	CertificateExtension.....	75
23.17	LXI LITERALS SCHEMA.....	76
23.17.1	LXILiterals.....	76
23.18	LXI PROBLEM DETAILS SCHEMA.....	76
23.18.1	LXIProblemDetails.....	77
23.19	LXI PENDING DETAILS SCHEMA.....	77
23.19.1	LXIPendingDetails.....	78

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Revision history

Revision	Description
1.0 2022-05-10	Initial version
1.0 2022-05-24	This revision updates the term 'insecure' to 'unsecure' throughout the document.
1.0 2022-06-09	Corrected typo in section 23.10.6.3. The URL of the schema on the LXI web site was inconsistent with other references. Added observation to 23.10.15 pointing out the IDevID cannot be deleted.
1.0 2022-06-16	Corrected the name of LXICertificateRequest/CryptoSuite to LXICertificateRequest/SignatureAlgorithm and specified the error response.
1.0 2022-11-17	Various editorial changes: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Clarified the rules for non-LXI interfaces and behavior of @clientAuthentication required.• Clarified behavior of ClientAuthenticationMechanisms• Added editorial dates to each API schema• Updates to Signature Algorithm to call out the syntax of the OID string
1.1 2023-10-20	Refactored and extended the LXI Identification Schema and updated requirements regarding device response returning 202 (Pending). Modified the sections related to referencing this Extended Function in the LXI Web Page and LXI Identification XML to not include a reference to the API Extended Function. Update appropriate references to domain lxistandard.org to public.lxistandard.org. Clarify use of the Identification Schema when reporting IPv6 addresses. Allowing passwords to be sent as hashes. Updated description and example of using SCRAM
1.1 2024-05-10 Editorial change.	Changed all namespaces to remove www. and public. References to W3.org should be http and not https. Added observation to section 23.10.6.3 that schemalocation URI's can be either relative or absolute in LXI 1.6.
1.2 2025-02-10	Changed LXIVersion from required to optional as Connected Devices inherits from LXIDevice and a connected device may or may not be a LXI device.

23 LXI API Extended Function

The LXI API Extended Function specifies the methods, semantics, and payload schemas of the LXI REST APIs.

Devices shall not claim compliance with the API Extended Function unless they also comply with an LXI extended function that requires LXI REST API methods. Compliance with the API Extended Function indicates that all of the methods required by other implemented LXI Extended Functions (or the LXI Device Specification) that require REST API methods are implemented as specified in this extended function including all the rules and requirements associated with APIs in general and the specifics of the APIs and schemas implemented.

23.1 Purpose and Scope of this Document

The following sections describe the purpose and scope of this specification.

23.1.1 Purpose

This document defines the REST API used by other LXI Extended Functions.

23.1.2 Scope

This document defines a common set of **RULES** and **RECOMMENDATIONS** for constructing a conformant LXI Device with the LXI API Extended Function. Whenever possible these specifications uses existing industry standards.

The original LXI Device Specification included both requirements for all LXI Devices and a number of Extended Functions in a single document. Common information remains in the LXI Device Specification and specific information related to the Extended Function moves to separate documents.

23.2 Definition of Terms

This document contains both normative and informative material. Unless otherwise stated the material in this document shall be considered normative.

NORMATIVE: Normative material shall be considered in determining whether an LXI Device is conformant to this standard. Any section or subsection designated as a **RULE** or **PERMISSION** is normative.

INFORMATIVE: Informative material is explanatory and is not considered in determining the conformance of an LXI Device. Any section or subsection designated as **RECOMMENDATION**, **SUGGESTION**, or **OBSERVATION** is informative. Unless otherwise noted examples are informative.

RULE: Rules **SHALL** be followed to ensure compatibility for LAN-based devices. A rule is characterized by the use of the words **SHALL** and **SHALL NOT**. These words are not used for any other purpose other than stating rules.

RECOMMENDATION: Recommendations consist of advice to implementers that will affect the usability of the final device. Discussions of particular hardware to enhance throughput would fall under a recommendation. These should be followed to avoid problems and to obtain optimum performance.

SUGGESTION: A suggestion contains advice that is helpful but not vital. The reader is encouraged to consider the advice before discarding it. Suggestions are included to help the novice designer with areas of design that can be problematic.

PERMISSION: Permissions are included to clarify the areas of the specification that are not specifically prohibited. Permissions reassure the reader that a certain approach is acceptable and will cause no problems. The word **MAY** is reserved for indicating permissions.

OBSERVATION: Observations spell out implications of rules and bring attention to things that might otherwise be overlooked. They also give the rationale behind certain rules, so that the reader understands why the rule must be followed. Any text that appears without heading should be considered as description of the specification.

23.3 Relationship to Other LXI Standards

This specification defines an API that may be required by other LXI Extended Functions. This extended function is only required in conjunction with other extended functions that specify certain API capabilities. Therefore compliance with this specification is not included in the Web page or Identification documents by the device.

23.4 Acronyms

The following acronyms are used in this specification:

API	Application Program Interface
CMS	Cryptographic Message Syntax, as defined by RFC 8933 or its successors
CSR	Certificate Signing Request
DevID	Device Identifier as defined by IEEE 802.1AR. When used in this document, the clarifications in the LXI Security Extended Function are assumed.
HiSLIP	High-speed LAN Instrument Protocol
HTTP	Hyper-text transfer protocol
HTTPS	Hyper-text transfer protocol performed over a TLS connection
IDeVID	Initial Device Identifier as defined by IEEE 802.1AR. When used in this document, the clarifications in the LXI Security Extended Function are assumed.
LCI	LAN Connection Initialize
LDevID	A locally significant Device Identifier, as defined by IEEE 802.1AR, this is a DevID provisioned to the instrument by the end-customer. When used in this document, the clarifications in the LXI Security Extended Function are assumed.
LXI	LAN Extensions for Instruments
OpenGroup	Standards organization, see OpenGroup.org
PEM	Stands for Privacy Enhanced Mail, although the use in this specification is to refer to the conventional PEM File format for representing X.509 certificates.
REST	Refers to an HTTP API. Stylistically, an API organized as a REpresentational State Transfer API.
SCPI	Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments. Managed by the IVI Consortium.
TCP	Transmission Control Protocol
TLS	Transport Layer Security
VXI-11	VXI-11 specification as managed by the VXI Consortium. VXI-11 provides an ONC RPC-based mechanism for IEEE 488.2 messages.
XML	Extensible Mark-up Language
XSD	XML Schema Definition

23.5 Compliance Requirements

For a device to comply with the LXI API Extended Function, it shall implement the methods required by any other implemented LXI Extended Function. The methods shall implement all endpoints specified for the method with the semantics, payloads, and headers specified by this extended function document. This includes requirements explicitly called out as rules and any behavior or requirement that states that devices *shall* behave in a certain fashion or provide a certain capability.

The API XML payloads shall comply with the LXI XML schemas. That is, devices shall produce and correctly consume XML documents that are schema-valid based on the LXI schemas. These schema files are not physically included in this document, but are specified in this document and posted at the LXI website as XSD files.

23.5.1 RULE – Devices Comply with Current Schemas

The LXI schema's may be updated from time to time. The LXI Conformance Policy indicates the minimum versions devices are required to conform to as part of conformance to a device specification version. Devices shall support schemas that are current at the time of their development, which may be minor revisions more recent than the minimum requirement of the conformance policy.

Devices shall clearly indicate versions of the schema they support.

Devices may also support older schema versions.

23.6 RULE – “LXI API” Extended Function is not included on the Welcome Web Page

Devices implementing the LXI API Extended Function do not include a reference to the LXI API Extended Function in the display item of the welcome web page.

See section 23.3, *Relationship to Other LXI Standards* for a full explanation.

23.7 RULE – “LXI API” Extended Function is not included in the LXI Identification

Devices implementing LXI API Extended Function shall not include a <Function> element in the <LxiExtendedFunctions> XML element with the FunctionName attribute of “LXI API” and a Version attribute containing the version number of this document.

See section 23.3, *Relationship to Other LXI Standards* for a full explanation.

23.8 Editorial Conventions Used in This Document

The following conventions are used in this document:

- References to elements or attributes of elements outside of the element/attribute being currently described use italicized XPATH syntax. This syntax represents the element hierarchy much like a file system path. Attributes are indicated with a leading ampersand ('@').
 - For instance, *foo/bar/@baz* refers to the attribute *baz* of the element *bar* which is contained in the element *foo*.
- Elements
 - There are numerous cases where some parent element may be optional, however if the parent element *is* present, then certain child elements or attributes may be required. Thus, if the parent is present, then the child elements and attributes shall be included as specified. In these cases, the parent is listed as optional, and the child elements and attributes are

- listed as required. This practice includes both syntactic requirements and LXI standards rules.
 - The requirements for the usage of elements are called out in the requirements column of tables of subelements where that element is referenced.
 - The documentation of the element itself, deals with requirements on the use and syntax of that element, regardless of if it is required in the context of the parent element.
- The specification identifies many elements and attributes that are syntactically optional, that are required to be implemented by LXI devices.
 - The implementation requirements for elements are called out in the tables where they are referenced.
 - The requirements for attributes are called out in the *Description* column in the attributes tables with a paragraph title of *Required*. If the attribute requirement is tagged with a RULE, then the attribute shall be implemented as defined.
- Unless stated otherwise, attributes are read/write. Typically, if an attribute is read-only the LCI column of the tables indicates *Read-only*.
- Statements regarding unsecure mode are rules and indicate required behavior of devices in determining if the device is in unsecure mode. The ultimate determination of the device unsecure mode is based on the requirements in the LXI Security Extended Function. The statements in these tables include minimum conditions to put the device into unsecure mode but are not the complete determination.

23.9 Tables Used in this Document

The Element tables in the following sections are a normative part of this specification. The table headers are as follows:

Element	Element indicates the name of the element. Element names are all single Pascal-case (also known as upper camel case) identifiers. Lengthy element names may be split across multiple lines or have spaces inserted for readability.
Type	Type indicates the type of the element. Types preceded with <i>xs:</i> are defined by the XML standards. Types preceded with <i>lxi:</i> are defined by LXI.
Cardinality	Cardinality indicates if the element is optional or required, and how many times it may be repeated. <i>Unbounded</i> indicates it may be repeated indefinitely.
Requirements	Requirements calls out specific RULES regarding the use of the element.

The Attribute tables in the following sections are a normative part of this specification. The table headers are as follows:

Attribute	Attribute indicates the name of the attribute. Attribute names are all camel case identifiers. Lengthy attribute names may be split across multiple lines or have spaces inserted for readability.
Syntax	Syntax indicates information the data type, cardinality, and default value for the attribute.
LCI	LCI indicates the value assumed by this attribute when the LXI LAN Connection Initialize operation is performed.
Description	Description indicates the attribute semantics. The <i>Description</i> column includes a paragraph labelled <i>Requirement</i> that states implementation requirements. The <i>Description</i> column also includes a paragraph labelled <i>Unsecure Impact</i> that indicates the impact of this setting on the device Unsecure Mode.

23.10 The LXI Device API

This section describes the LXI Security API. Subsequent sections describe syntactic and semantic API requirements based on the method parameters (payloads).

23.10.1 RULE – API Client Authentication and Authorization

The LXI Device API endpoints with URLs that begin with /lxi/api shall require that the client be authenticated and authorized and that the communication channel be secure. Thus, these endpoints are only served with HTTPS, that is, HTTP over TLS.

The HTTP GET methods for following LXI Device API endpoints do not require authentication, authorization or encryption and are thus available via HTTP as well as HTTPS:

/lxi/identification
/lxi/common-configuration
/lxi/device-specific-configuration

Observation

Users that do not want this information available to unauthorized clients, or want the communication to be encrypted, can disable the unsecure HTTP LXI API endpoints using the LXI Common Configuration API.

Observation

Clients may attempt to access the API without authorization to determine a suitable type of authorization supported by the device, and the endpoints that require authorization.

23.10.1.1 RULE – API Key Authentication

API clients shall be able to authenticate themselves by providing an HTTP request header that supplies an authentication key. Note that the API Key can always be used to authenticate the user regardless of the device configuration based on the Common Configuration API. The authentication key may be generated by the device, or by the device working in concert with external applications. The authentication key is not generated by the client.

When using API key authentication, the HTTP header *X-API-Key* shall be included with the HTTP request to provide the API key to the device.

The procedure used by the customer to acquire the API key is beyond the scope of LXI. However, devices shall not provide the API key over Ethernet using an unsecure connection.

23.10.1.2 RULE – HTTPS Basic and Digest Authentication

API clients shall be able to authenticate themselves by providing HTTP Basic and optionally Digest authentication per RFC7616/RFC7617 or whatever successors are current when the device is designed. The realm for the LXI API shall be “LXI-API”.

Per section 23.10.1.3, *RULE – API Requires Authorization*, authenticated users must also be authorized to use the full API. The users list in the *ClientCredential* element permits users to be designated as authorized.

Observation

RFC7617 specifies headers that shall be included with the HTTP functions to authenticate the client. Specifically, the *Authenticate* header is required.

Observation

Clients may prefer Basic or Digest authentication since it allows the client to choose the password.

23.10.1.3 **RULE – API Requires Authorization**

The authority of authenticated users shall be verified before they are permitted to change the LXI Security Settings via any Ethernet protocol or interface.

This specification requires two mechanisms by which users may be authorized:

- Authorized users may be specified to the device using the API defined in section 17, *RULE – LXI Common Configuration PUT API*. The user list in the *ClientCredential* element can be used to designate users as authorized using the *APIAccess* attribute. Thus, users presenting the *name* and *password* indicated in the *ClientCredential* are permitted to perform privileged operations.
- Users presenting a valid API Key are authorized.

Other authorization determinations beyond the scope of LXI may be used as well. Such mechanisms must be used to initially authorize a user to use the API.

Observation

Changes may be made to the LXI Security Settings via interfaces other than the Ethernet interface such as USB or the instrument front panel. Those are beyond the scope of LXI but should ensure the client is authorized.

23.10.2 **RULE – Additional Means of Authorization**

LXI devices are permitted to implement additional means beyond the scope of this specification to authorize the API, however such means shall ensure that clients are fully authenticated and authorized.

23.10.3 **RULE – LXI Certificate and CSR GUIDs**

Several of the LXI APIs reference either certificates, certificate chains or CSRs using a GUID. The GUID is created and managed by the device and shall be made up of an arbitrary string of alpha-numerics and hyphens.

CSRs may be deleted by the user or, from time-to-time, expire on the device. See section 23.10.16.1, *RULE – Minimum CSR Retention*, for LXI requirements.

The device shall ensure that GUIDs do not replicate under foreseeable circumstances including malicious client actions.

When a certificate is posted to the device it shall receive a new GUID, and the GUID for the corresponding CSR shall not be used again.

Observation

There are numerous algorithms the device could use to generate GUIDs. However, if the REST API operations are in excess of 2 microseconds, a simple incrementing 64-bit unsigned integer will only create duplicate GUIDs every million years.

23.10.4 **Common Method Requirements**

Common method requirement for the APIs are specified below.

23.10.4.1 **RULE – XML Payloads Comply with LXI Schemas**

LXI provides XSD schemas for each of the LXI APIs that uses an XML payload. Devices shall produce schema-valid XML and accept and properly act on any schema-valid XML.

Numerous requirements regarding the use and interpretation of the schema are included in the following sections regarding the schemas and shall be followed by devices.

23.10.4.2 **RULE – Response and Request headers**

Devices shall return the specified response headers.

Devices shall observe the request headers and ensure that a client presenting request payloads based on the LXI-specified payloads and syntaxes are accepted.

23.10.4.3 **RULE – HTTP Return Codes**

If an operation fails, the device shall return the appropriate HTTP status code as summarized below.

Devices shall not return 200 (OK) unless the operation is fully complete and the device is ready for normal operation.

If the API for which this response is generated may result in a new IP address, then the URL returned from the 202 response shall be constructed with either the hostname or an absolute path with no host.

HTTP Response Status Code	Conventional Meaning	Detailed description
400	Bad Request	Something malformed with the request, typically the body of the request is invalid either syntactically or semantically
401	Unauthorized client	Client attempted an operation that requires authentication or authorization that was not suitable
403	Forbidden	The client has not provided necessary authorization
405	Method not allowed	The endpoint does exist, but the HTTP method accessed is not defined.
200	OK	This shall only be returned if the operation is fully complete and the device is ready for normal operation.
202	Accepted	Request pending (perhaps reboot required). Devices shall return the 202 response code to indicate that the request was accepted, but the reconfiguration implicit in the request may not be completed till some future time, perhaps after a reboot.

23.10.4.4 **RULE – LXI Problem Details**

When returning errors, devices shall return information regarding the failure using the LXIProblemDetails XML.

The HTTP Response Header returned with LXI Problem Details shall be 'Content-Type:application/xml'.

23.10.4.5 **RULE – Operation Pending Response Handling**

If an LXI API returns status 202, that is request pending, it shall return the LXIPendingDetails XML. The pending details permits the client to determine details about pending actions and determine when they are complete.

Devices shall include a response header of: Content-Type: application/xml

The LXIPendingDetails XML includes a URL at which the client can perform an HTTP GET to determine the status of the pending operation. The response from that URL shall either be status 200, OK, or a status of 202, accepted with a new LXIPendingDetails XML.

Observation

If the device never returns a 202, accepted response, operation pending response handling need not be implemented.

23.10.4.5.1 **RULE – Operations That Require User Action Return Operation Pending**

If an LXI API requires user action, it shall return a status of 202, with the LXIPendingDetails XML without waiting for user intervention.

Observation

The LXIPendingDetails XML indicates that the device is waiting for user intervention.

23.10.4.5.2 **RULE – Accepted Response URL Expiration**

As long as the operation remains pending each response shall return a status of 202 and an LXIPendingDetails XML. The subsequent responses are permitted to use a different URL, therefore the client must base subsequent GETs on the updated URL.

The returned URL shall remain valid at least until either:

- The client performs a GET on the URL (which may return a fresh LXIPending response) or,
- The client executes another HTTP method that returns a pending status or,
- 1 hour has elapsed or,
- The device is rebooted

If the pending operation requires a reboot to complete, the URL may be invalid after the reboot, however, the device should attempt to provide a URL that will remain valid.

Observation

The device may not be able to return a URL that works after a reboot because the resolution of the IP address based on either the hostname or static addresses may not be possible before the reboot. For instance, if DHCP has just been turned on, the device may not be able to generate a URL that will work after a reboot.

23.10.5 API Summary

URL	HTTP Method	Summary
/lxi/identification	GET	Returns identity information about the device (and connected devices). This is an unsecure API. Note compliant implementations might not include the Content-Type response header.
/lxi/api/common-configuration OR /lxi/common-configuration	GET	Returns the overall device LXI configuration and capabilities. This API is available both over secure and unsecure connections. See 23.10.8, <i>RULE – LXI Common Configuration GET API</i> , for differences between the two endpoints.
/lxi/api/common-configuration	PUT	Configures the overall device LXI configuration The network settings managed by this API can usually be applied to all devices in a system.
/lxi/api/device-specific-configuration OR /lxi/device-specific-configuration	GET	Returns device-specific configuration and capabilities. This API is available over both secure and unsecure connections. The two endpoints behave identically.
/lxi/api/device-specific-configuration	PUT	Configures device-specific network settings. The network settings managed by this API are potentially unique to a particular device.
/lxi/api/certificates	GET	Returns a list of certificate GUIDs.
/lxi/api/certificates	POST	Places a PKCS#7 style certificate or certificate chain on the device to use with its LDevID. The certificate must be based on a CSR acquired from the device. The GET response XML has the GUID that is used to identify this certificate.
/lxi/api/certificates/<GUID>	GET	Returns the PKCS#7 certificate, certificate chain, or PKCS#10 CSR identified by <GUID>
/lxi/api/certificates/<GUID>	DEL	Deletes the certificate, certificate chain or CSR identified by <GUID>
/lxi/api/certificates/<GUID>/enabled	PUT/GET	Controls and reads if the designated certificate is used by the device.
/lxi/api/get-csr	GET	Acquires a PKCS#10 CSR from the device based on the request parameters.

Commented [JR1]: Why 2 options?

/lxi/api/create-certificate	PUT	Tell the device to create a self-signed certificate (also known as an LDevID) based on the request parameters.
-----------------------------	-----	--

23.10.6 XML Schemas for Device APIs

The following sections specify the management of the XML schemas that specify the format of the payloads sent to and from the device with the LXI API.

23.10.6.1 LXI Identification Schema Handling

The LXI Identification schema precedes this specification. Although it is part of the LXI API, the location and management of it is independent of the rules in this section. For details see: 23.10.7, *RULE – LXI Identification API*.

23.10.6.2 Schema Version Management

The LXI XML schemas are versioned by providing all versions of each schema in its own directory within a directory named *schemas*. The directory name is the schema name as specified in the document. For instance, all versions of the LXI Common Configuration schema are located in the directory:

```
schemas/LXICommonConfiguration/
```

Within this directory, the various versions of the schema have filenames that correspond to the version of the schema. For instance, the 2.3 version of the LXI Common Configuration schema would have the filename "2.3". The reference for this version of the schema would then be:

```
schemas/LXICommonConfiguration/2.3
```

23.10.6.3 RULE – Schema location on the device

Devices shall provide schemas for each payload produced or consumed by the device.

The schemas, on a device, shall be located at the device URL from the HTTP(S) server ports that serve the specific API, in the directory *lxi*. Thus, the URL for the 1.0 release of the LXI Common Configuration schema shall be:

```
http(s)://<device>/lxi/schemas/LXICommonConfiguration/1.0
```

The schemas are also available on the LXI website in the directory *schemas*. Thus, the URL for the 1.0 release of the LXI Common Configuration schema is:

```
http(s)://lxistandard.org/schemas/LXICommonConfiguration/1.0
```

Observation: According to Rule 23.10.4.1 the XML payload of the device shall comply with the XSD schema. The location of the schema is dereferenced in the payload within an *xsi:schemaLocation* attribute by a relative or absolute URL reference. Example:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<LXICommonConfiguration xmlns="http://lxistandard.org/schemas/LXICommonConfiguration/1.0"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://lxistandard.org/schemas/LXICommonConfiguration/1.0
  /lxi/schemas/LXICommonConfiguration/1.0"
```


23.10.7 **RULE – LXI Identification API**

URL	Method	Request Content	HTTP Request Headers	Response Content	HTTP Response Headers
/lxi/identification	GET	None	---	LXIIdentification.xsd	Content-Type: text/xml

The LXI Identification GET API returns the overall device identity.

Clients are not required to authenticate themselves to use this API.

For backward compatibility, in addition to 23.10.6.3, *RULE – Schema location on the device*, devices shall also provide this schema from:

`http(s)://<device>/InstrumentIdentification/<version>`

The schema is available from the LXI web site at:

`http://lxistandard.org/schemas/InstrumentIdentification/2.0`

23.10.8 **RULE – LXI Common Configuration GET API**

URL	Method	Request Content	HTTP Request Headers	Response Content	HTTP Response Headers
/lxi/api/common-configuration OR lxi/common-configuration	GET	None	---	LXICommonConfiguration	Content-Type: application/xml

The LXI Common Configuration GET API returns the overall device LXI configuration. The configuration returned in the XML payload may meaningfully be applied to all devices in a system.

23.10.8.1 **RULE – The lxi/common-configuration Endpoint Elides User Lists**

The lxi/common-configuration endpoint does not require client authentication, therefore, this response shall elide the user lists used for client authentication and authorization.

23.10.9 **RULE – LXI Common Configuration PUT API**

URL	Method	Request Content	HTTP Request Headers	Response Content	HTTP Response Headers
/lxi/api/common-configuration	PUT	LXICommonConfiguration	Content-Type: application/xml	none	---

The LXI Common Configuration PUT API configures the common device LXI configuration. The configuration represented by the XML payload may meaningfully be applied to all devices in a system.

23.10.9.1 RULE – Ignore Read-Only Attributes On Write

There are several attributes in the LXI Common Configuration Schema that are read-only, that is, they are returned by the device as part of a GET, but they are not intended for use during a PUT.

If a device receives Read-only attributes on a PUT it shall ignore them, and not treat them as an error.

Observation

Ignoring Read-Only attributes simplifies customer use by enabling the user to read the LXI Common Configuration from a device, then subsequently send it back to the device.

23.10.10 RULE – LXI Device Specific Configuration GET API

URL	Method	Request Content	HTTP Request Headers	Response Content	HTTP Response Headers
/lxi/api/device-specific-configuration OR /lxi/device-specific-configuration	GET	none	---	LXIDeviceSpecificConfiguration	Content-Type: application/xml

The LXI Device Specific Configuration GET API returns device-specific configuration and capabilities as specified in the LXI Device Specific Configuration schema.

The settings returned by this API are either potentially unique to a particular device or automatically configured.

The two endpoints return the same response.

23.10.11 RULE – LXI Device Specific Configuration PUT API

URL	Method	Request Content	HTTP Request Headers	Response Content	HTTP Response Headers
/lxi/api/device-specific-configuration	PUT	LXIDeviceSpecificConfiguration	Content-Type: application/xml	none	---

The LXI Device Specific Configuration PUT API configures network settings that are device-specific or potentially automatically configured.

Devices retain the LXI Device Specific configuration and only utilize it when automatic configuration is disabled. Thus, writing the LXI Device Specific configuration while automatic configuration is active then subsequently disabling automatic configuration will result in the device using the configuration specified in the LXI Device Specific configuration.

23.10.12 RULE – LXI Certificates GET API

URL	Method	Request Content	HTTP Request Headers	Response Content	HTTP Response Headers
/lxi/api/certificates	GET	none	---	LXICertificateList	Content-Type: application/xml

The LXI Certificates GET API returns a listing of certificates, certificate chains, and outstanding CSRs on the device. This listing includes information specified in the LXICertificateList schema including GUIDs that identify each entity. These GUIDs may be used, for instance, to designate the LXI Certificate to the DEL method.

CSRs may be deleted by the user or, from time-to-time, expire on the device. See section 23.10.16.1, *RULE – Minimum CSR Retention*, for LXI requirements.

23.10.13 RULE – LXI Certificates POST API

URL	Method	Request Content	HTTP Request Headers	Response Content	HTTP Response Headers
/lxi/api/certificates	POST	CMS(RFC 8933)	Content-Type: application/cms	LXICertificateRef	Content-Type: application/xml

The LXI Certificates POST API provisions a certificate or certificate chain to the device to be used by the device to identify itself. The posted value is a PKCS#7 style certificate or certificate chain for the device to use with its LDevID.

The certificate must be based on a CSR acquired from the device. The CSR is deleted when the new certificate is successfully posted to the device.

The device response XML contains the GUID that may be used subsequently to identify this certificate or certificate chain for use with other APIs.

23.10.14 RULE – LXI Certificate GET API

URL	Method	Request Content	HTTP Request Headers	Response Content	HTTP Response Headers
/lxi/api/certificates/<GUID>	GET	none	---	For certificates or certificate chains: application/cms For certificate: application/cms	For certificates or certificate chains: Content-Type: application/cms

				chains: CMS (RFC 8933) For CSRs: PEM (RFC 5967)	For CSRs: Content-Type: application/pkcs10 Content-Transfer- Encoding: base64
--	--	--	--	--	---

The LXI Certificates/<GUID> GET API returns the certificate, certificate chain, or CSR identified by the <GUID> incorporated into the URL. Note that the type of the response is dependent on the GUID.

23.10.15 RULE – LXI Certificate DELETE API

URL	Method	Request Content	HTTP Request Headers	Response Content	HTTP Response Headers
/lxi/api/certificates/<GUID>	DEL	none	---	none	---

The LXI Certificates/<GUID> DELETE API deletes the certificate, certificate chain, or CSR identified by the <GUID> incorporated into the URL.

Observation

The IDDevID cannot be deleted.

23.10.16 RULE – LXI CSR GET API

URL	Method	Request Content	HTTP Request Headers	Response Content	HTTP Response Headers
/lxi/api/get-csr	GET	LXICertificateRequest	Content-Type: application/xml	PEM (RFC 5967)	Content-Type: application/pkcs10 Content-Transfer- Encoding: base64

The LXI CSR GET API acquires a PKCS#10 CSR from the device. The CSR is created based on the data in the LXICertificateRequest XML which includes the subject and other fields the client specifies for the CSR.

23.10.16.1 RULE – Minimum CSR Retention

Devices shall at least retain the most recently generated CSR for any given cryptography suite at least until a power cycle. Devices should retain CSRs longer than this to support other customer use models, especially those that require operator intervention.

23.10.17 **RULE – LXI Create Certificate API**

URL	Method	Request Content	HTTP Request Headers	Response Content	HTTP Response Headers
/lxi/api/create-certificate	PUT	LXICertificateRequest	Content-Type: application/xml	LXICertificateRef/1.0	Content-Type: application/xml

In response to this call, the device shall create a new certificate (that is, an LDevID) to use to authenticate itself. This self-signed certificate shall be managed and presented to clients consistent with the requirements in the LXI Security Extended Function.

If the device is unable to respect any of the fields specified in the *LXICertificateRequest*, the device shall return an error.

23.10.18 **RULE – LXI Certificate ENABLED API**

URL	Method	Request Content	HTTP Request Headers	Response Content	HTTP Response Headers
/lxi/api/certificates/<GUID>/enabled	PUT	LXILiterals	Content-Type: application/xml	None	---
/lxi/api/certificates/<GUID>/enabled	GET	None	---	LXILiterals	Content-Type: application/xml

The LXI Certificates/<GUID>/enabled PUT API enables or disables the designated certificate or certificate chain identified by the <GUID> incorporated into the URL.

23.10.18.1 **RULE – LXILiterals Parameter to Enabled is Boolean**

The LXILiterals schema permits arbitrarily typed attributes. The request LXILiterals parameter to enabled shall be an attribute of name *value* and of type *xs:boolean*. The value of the Boolean attribute indicates if the certificate or certificate chain identified by the <GUID> is enabled.

23.10.18.2 **RULE – LXILiterals Response to Enabled is Boolean**

The LXILiterals schema permits arbitrarily typed attributes. The response LXILiterals parameter to enabled shall be an attribute of name *value* and of type *xs:boolean*. The value of the Boolean attribute indicates if the certificate or certificate chain identified by the <GUID> is enabled.

Certificate Extension	lxi:CertificateExtension	Optional unbounded	<i>CertificateExtension</i> permits the user to request arbitrary certificate fields based on the object identifier and field values.
-----------------------	--------------------------	--------------------	---

23.10.19 **SubjectName**

SubjectName contains the various attributes of the requested certificate subject.

RULE:23.16.2-1 The default fields for the subject name shall be the values used in the device IDevID.

The *SubjectName* complex type has **no attributes**

23.10.19.1 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
CommonName	xs:string	Optional	<i>CommonName</i> specifies the common name subject attribute.
Organization	xs:string	Optional	<i>Organization</i> specifies the organization subject attribute.
Organizational Unit	xs:string	Optional unbounded	<i>OrganizationUnit</i> specifies the organization unit subject attribute.
Locality	xs:string	Optional	<i>Locality</i> specifies the locality subject attribute.
State	xs:string	Optional	<i>State</i> specifies the state subject attribute.
Country	xs:string	Optional	<i>Country</i> specifies the country subject attribute.
SerialNumber	xs:string	Optional	<i>SerialNumber</i> specifies the serial number subject attribute.
Extra Subject Attribute	lxi:ExtraSubjectAttribute	Optional unbounded	<i>ExtraSubjectAttribute</i> specifies additional subject attributes not included in LXICertificateRequest using the Object ID and value.

23.10.20 ExtraSubjectAttribute

ExtraSubjectAttribute specifies an individual subject attribute.

The *ExtraSubjectAttribute* complex type has **no attributes**

23.10.20.1 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
ObjectID	xs:string	Required	<i>ObjectID</i> is the object ID that indicates the subject attribute as specified by the OpenGroup. The format of this string is a series of dot-separated integers. RULE:23.16.3.1-1 <i>ObjectID</i> shall be included.
ObjectValue	xs:string	Required	<i>ObjectValue</i> is the subject value associated with the specified attribute.

RULE:23.16.3.1-2 *ObjectValue shall be included.*

23.10.21 CertificateExtension

The *CertificateExtension* complex type has **no attributes**

23.10.21.1 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
ObjectID	xs:string	Required	<i>ObjectID</i> is the object ID that indicates the certificate extension as specified by the OpenGroup. The format of this string is a series of dot-separated integers. RULE:23.16.4.1-1 <i>ObjectID shall be included.</i>
Critical	xs:boolean	Optional	<i>Critical</i> indicates that this certificate extension is critical.
ObjectValue	xs:base64Binary	Required	<i>ObjectValue</i> is the subject value associated with the certificate field. RULE:23.16.4.1-2 <i>ObjectValue shall be included.</i>

23.11 LXI Instrument Identification Schema

The LXI Identification schema represents LXI device identity information, and identity information for devices that are connected to an LXI device.

This schema specifies the XML namespace:

<http://lxistandard.org/schemas/InstrumentIdentification/2.0>, version: 2.0
Editorial date: October 31, 2024

23.11.1 LXIDevice

The LXI Device element is the root element of the LXI Identification Schema and contains all the elements that identify this LXI device.

The *LXIDevice* complex type has **no attributes**

23.11.1.1 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
Manufacturer	xs:string	Required	Manufacturer description, should match the manufacturer field in IEEE 488.2 identity query. "Manufacturer" field Per

			LXI Standard 1.6, 9.2 RULE - Welcome Web Page Display Items.
Model	xs:string	Required	Instrument model designation, should match the model field in IEEE 488.2 identity query. "Model" field per LXI Standard 1.6, 9.2 RULE - Welcome Web Page Display Items.
SerialNumber	xs:string	Required	Instrument serial number, should match the serial number field in IEEE 488.2 identity query. "Serial Number" field per LXI Standard 1.6, 9.2 RULE - Welcome Web Page Display Items.
Firmware Revision	xs:string	Required	Instrument firmware revision, should match the firmware revision field in IEEE 488.2 identity query. "Firmware and/or Software Revision" field per LXI Standard 1.6, 9.2 RULE - Welcome Web Page Display Items.
Manufacturer Description	xs:string	Optional	This is the manufacturers product description such as "Acme 1234A Digital Foozywachit".
HomepageURL	xs:anyURI	Optional	This is the URL of the instrument Manufacturer.
DriverURL	xs:anyURI	Optional unbounded	This is the URL where users can go to acquire the latest driver
Connected Devices	lxi:ConnectedDevices	Optional	This optional element is used by gateways to advertise information for connected devices, such as GPIB, VXI, USB, PXI, and/or Serial instruments. Per LXI Standard 1.6, 10.2.4 RULE - Connected Device URLs
User Description	xs:string	Optional	This is a user description for this device, for instance "the Spectrum Analyzer on the Blue Portable Cart". "Description" field per LXI Standard 1.6, 9.2 RULE - Welcome Web Page Display Items.
Identification URL	xs:anyURI	Optional	This is the URL from which the instrument will source this identification XML. Per LXI Standard 1.6, 10.2 RULE - XML Identification Document URL.
Interface	lxi:NetworkInformation	Optional unbounded	Interface Information. RULE:23.11.1.1-1 At least one Interface of type "NetworkInformation" must be provided, with an InterfaceType of "LXI".
IVISoftware Module Name	lxi:IVISoftwareModuleName	Optional unbounded	This identifies the IVI driver as specified in the IVI Configuration Store Name field of the Software Module. See Section

			<p>2.5.3 IVI Session and IVI Driver Session, in IVI-3.5: Configuration Server Specification. The Comment annotation is used to describe this software module, especially where the driver supports multiple software modules, that is, instrument personalities.</p>
Subinstruments	lxi:Subinstruments	Optional	<p><i>Subinstruments</i> contains identification and connection information for subinstruments that are addressable within this LXI device. A <i>subinstrument</i> is distinct functionality with its own control capability that resides within an LXI device at a given IP address.</p> <p><i>Subinstruments</i> permits the client to discover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the subinstruments within an LXI Device • identification information about each subinstrument • control channels available for the subinstrument via the network <p>Devices that implement subinstruments should populate the <i>Subinstrument</i> for each contained subinstrument. Devices that do not implement subinstruments should omit the <i>Subinstruments</i> element.</p>
Extension	lxi:Extension	Optional	<p><i>Extension</i> contains vendor specific information used to describe the instrument.</p>
LXIClass		Optional	<p>Deprecated in LXI version 1.4. This element indicates if this device is Class A, B, or C.</p> <p>Subsequent to LXI version 1.4, the notion of LXI classes was replaced with individual extended functions that devices may comply with. Devices use the <i>LXIDevice/LXIExtendedFunctions</i> elements to indicate the extended functions they comply with.</p>
Domain	xs:unsignedByte	Optional	<p>The LXI domain(s) this instrument uses for LXI Event Messages. Per LXI Event Messaging Extended Function, Standard 1.0, 3.3.2.1 RULE - Use of LXI Domain.</p> <p>RULE:23.11.1.1-2 Devices that implement LXI Event Messaging shall</p>

LXIVersion	xs:string	Optional	include this element in the LXI Instrument Identification response.
LXIExtended Functions	lxi:LXIExtendedFunctions	Optional	Indicates the latest version of the LXI specification this device conforms with. LXI Extended functions used to describe extended capabilities of the instrument.

23.11.2 ConnectedDevices

ConnectedDevices contains a list of connected devices, that is, devices that are connected through the primary LXI device.

RULE:23.11.2-1 Devices that support connected devices (e.g., bridges) shall provide base URLs for all connected devices in the *ConnectedDevices* element of the identification document. A base URL is defined as a URL with a `<url-path>` that clearly identifies the connected device and one onto which a suffix path may be added to access properties of that connected device. The base URL allows clients to enumerate devices connected to the bridge device.

For example, the base URL for a connected device might be "http://hostname/device0" while another connected device might have a base URL of "http://hostname/device5". The format and path naming conventions for these connected device base URLs are left up to the vendor.

The following is an example snippet from an identification document with connected device *DeviceURI* elements:
<http://10.1.2.60/devices/LogicalAddress/0/> <http://10.1.2.60/devices/LogicalAddress/1/>

The *ConnectedDevices* complex type has **no attributes**

23.11.2.1 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
DeviceURI	xs:anyURI	Optional unbounded	<p>URLs for connected devices represent the base URL for the connected device.</p> <p>RULE:23.11.2.1-1 Devices that support connected devices shall provide identification documents that can be queried via a GET on <code><baseURL>/lxi/identification</code> that conform to the LXI XSD Schema or one derived from that Schema according to the rules of XSD inheritance. The <code><baseURL></code> values may be found in <i>DeviceURI</i> elements of the <i>ConnectedDevice</i> element of the root element of the identification document of Rule 10.2. This rule coupled with Rule 10.2.4 allows clients to enumerate (discover) and identify all connected devices.</p> <p>RULE:23.11.2.1-2 The <code>xsi:schemaLocation</code> attribute of the root element of the identification document shall contain an entry for the LXI XSD namespace with an accompanying absolute URI on the instrument that shall return the actual XSD schema document from the instrument (https://www.w3.org/standards/xml/schema). The W3C XSD Schema itself does not need to be available via a URI on the instrument</p>

23.11.3 NetworkInformation

The network information element has general information regarding a network device.

Separate NetworkInformation elements are required to represent IPv4 and IPv6 addresses. When representing IPv6 addresses, devices should:

- not include SubnetMask, Gateway, DHCPEnabled, or AutoIPEnabled
- include the Hostname as configured on the device for mDNS announcements
- include MACAddress as defined below
- include IPAddress elements for preferred addresses. They are expressed using dot/colon format not including the CIDR prefix length. Such as "fe80::2713:af27".

Devices may omit the InstrumentAddressString, or include a single exemplary instance.

Devices may also implement the LXI Device Specific Configuration GET API to more clearly advertise its IPv6 address.

23.11.3.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
InterfaceType	Type: xs:string Card.: Req. Default: NA	NA	For LXI devices, this field must contain LXI. This may be used to designate other vendor specified interfaces (e.g., PXI, GPIB, Serial, USB, etc.). Required: RULE:23.11.3.1-1 Unsecure impact: NA
InterfaceName	Type: xs:string Card.: Opt. Default: None	NA	This field should contain a logical name for the interface, from the device's perspective. For example, network interfaces may be named "eth0", "eth1", etc. Required: Optional Unsecure impact: NA
IPType	Type: restriction of: xs:string Card.: Opt. Default: None	NA	Identifies the IP implementation as either IPv4 or IPv6. Required: Optional Unsecure impact: NA

23.11.3.2 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
Instrument Address String	xs:string	Optional unbounded	<i>InstrumentAddressString</i> is a VISA-like string to help a driver or a human determine the actual address string. Consistent with the web presentation of an IVI I/O Resource Descriptor string, per LXI Standard 1.6, 9.2.1 RULE - Instrument Address String on Welcome Page.

Hostname	xs:string	Optional	This is the hostname used for the DNS "Hostname" field. Per LXI Standard 1.6, 9.2 RULE - Welcome Web Page Display Items.
IPAddress	xs:string	Optional unbounded	This is the currently active IP address. This is represented as a string and can represent IPv4 or IPv6 addresses. "TCP/IP Address" field per LXI Standard 1.6, 9.2 RULE - Welcome Web Page Display Items.
SubnetMask	xs:string	Optional	The currently configured subnet mask. "Subnet mask" field per LXI Standard 1.6, 9.5 RULE - LAN Configuration Web Page Contents.
MACAddress	xs:string	Optional	This is the MAC address of this interface. "MAC Address" field per LXI Standard 1.6, 9.2 RULE - Welcome Web Page Display Items.
Gateway	xs:string	Optional	The IP address of the currently configured gateway. "Default Gateway" field per LXI Standard 1.6, 9.5 RULE - LAN Configuration Web Page Contents.
DHCPEnabled	xs:boolean	Optional	Indicates if the instrument is configured to accept configuration from DHCP, per LXI Standard 1.6, 8.6.1 RULE - Options for LAN configuration.
AutoIPEnabled	xs:boolean	Optional	Indicates if the instrument is configured to use AutoIP to choose an IP address, per LXI Standard 1.6, 8.6.1 RULE - Options for LAN configuration.

23.11.4 **IVISoftwareModuleName**

IVISoftwareModuleName contains the name of an IVI Software Module.

IVISoftwareModuleName is based on: xs:string

23.11.4.1 **Attributes**

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
Comment	Type: xs:string Card.: Opt. Default: None	NA	Contains comments regarding the IVI Software Module. Deprecated: The LXI consortium discourages developers from using this attribute because some tools are unable to parse this construct and it is not essential to describe the instrument or its IVI Software Module. Required: Optional Unsecure impact: NA

23.11.5 **Extension**

Permits vendor dependent functions.

The *Extension* element contains a sequence of arbitrary elements.

The *Extension* complex type has **no attributes**

23.11.5.1 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
<i>Any element</i>	<i>Any type</i>	Required	

23.11.6 LXIExtendedFunctions

The *LXIExtendedFunctions* type contains a list of the extended functions implemented by this device.

The *LXIExtendedFunctions* complex type has **no attributes**

23.11.6.1 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element Type	Cardinality	Requirements
Function	Optional unbounded	Indicates that an LXI extended function is available, the version of the extended function implemented, and the options associated with it. The <i>Function</i> element contains arbitrary elements. The various LXI Extended functions specification specify the syntax used to identify each extended function.

23.11.7 Subinstruments

Subinstruments contains identification and connection information for subinstruments that are addressable within this LXI device. A *subinstrument* is distinct functionality with its own control capability that resides within an LXI device at a given IP address.

Subinstruments permits the client to discover:

- all the subinstruments within an LXI Device
- identification information about each subinstrument
- control channels available for the subinstrument via the network

Devices that implement subinstruments should populate the *Subinstrument* for each contained subinstrument. Devices that do not implement subinstruments should omit the *LXIDevice/Subinstruments* element.

The main (or primary) device capability is also described as one of the subinstruments in order to provide a way to indicate the control channels. However, the *LXIDevice/Subinstruments/Subinstrument/Identity* element is omitted for the main subinstrument since its identity information is provided directly in elements at *LXIDevice/(Manufacturer/Model/SerialNumber/FirmwareRevision)*.

The *Subinstruments* complex type has **no attributes**

23.11.7.1 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
Subinstrument	lxi:Subinstrument	Required unbounded	<i>Subinstrument</i> contains identification and connection information for an individual subinstrument.

23.11.8 Subinstrument

Subinstrument contains information about an individual subinstrument. See the *lxi:Subinstruments* type for more information.

23.11.8.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
Name	Type: xs:string Card.: Opt. Default: None	NA	<i>Name</i> is the friendly name of the subinstrument. It is typically displayed in tools that discover subinstruments and facilitates connecting to them. Required: Optional Unsecure impact: NA

23.11.8.2 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
Identity	lxi:SubinstrumentIdentity	Optional	Identity information about this subinstrument. A given subinstrument may provide connections to various network channels. Each subinstrument and the channels by which it can be accessed are listed here. RULE:23.11.8.2-1 If this subinstrument is the main instrument described in this XML file then this element shall be omitted. Note that the equivalent identification information for the main instrument can be found at <i>LXIDevice/Manufacturer</i> , <i>LXIDevice/Model</i> , <i>LXIDevice/SerialNumber</i> , and <i>LXIDevice/FirmwareRevision</i> . RULE:23.11.8.2-2 If the subinstrument described is NOT the default LXI instrument then this element shall be included.
HiSLIP	lxi:SubinstrumentHiSLIP	Optional	Indicates the HiSLIP subaddresses that control this subinstrument. If none are available, this element is omitted.
REST	lxi:SubinstrumentREST	Optional unbounded	Indicates the REST APIs that control this subinstrument. If none are available, this element is omitted.

Socket	lxi:SubinstrumentSocket	Optional unbounded	Indicates the sockets that control this subinstrument. If none are available, this element is omitted.
Telnet	lxi:SubinstrumentTelnet	Optional unbounded	Indicates the telnet ports that control this subinstrument. If none are available, this element is omitted.
VXI11	lxi:SubinstrumentVXI11	Optional unbounded	Indicates the VXI channel that controls this subinstrument. If none are available, this element is omitted.

23.11.9 SubinstrumentIdentity

SubinstrumentIdentity contains identity information about an individual subinstrument.

The identity fields mimic the IEEE 488.2 identity query response. Where the described connection supports SCPI, the element contents should match the IEEE 488.2 *IDN? query response from that subinstrument.

The *SubinstrumentIdentity* complex type has **no attributes**

23.11.9.1 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
Manufacturer2	xs:string	Required	<i>Manufacturer2</i> indicates the manufacturer of this subinstrument <i>Manufacturer2</i> should match the manufacturer field in IEEE 488.2 identity query for this subinstrument.
Model2	xs:string	Required	<i>Model2</i> indicates the model of this subinstrument <i>Model2</i> should match the model field in IEEE 488.2 identity query for this subinstrument.
SerialNumber2	xs:string	Optional	<i>SerialNumber2</i> indicates the serial number of this subinstrument. <i>SerialNumber2</i> should match the serial number field in IEEE 488.2 identity query for this subinstrument. If the described subinstrument's serial number is not distinct from the main instrument's serial number, then this field is omitted.
Firmware Revision2	xs:string	Required	<i>FirmwareRevision2</i> indicates the firmware version of this subinstrument. <i>FirmwareRevision2</i> should match the version field in IEEE 488.2 identity query for this subinstrument.

23.11.10 SubinstrumentHiSLIP

SubinstrumentHiSLIP contains information about this HiSLIP subinstrument.

23.11.10.1 **Attributes**

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
Port	Type: xs:integer Card.: Opt. Default: None	NA	<i>Port</i> is the TCPIP port of this HiSLIP server. The default is the IANA assigned port which is 4880. Required: Optional Unsecure impact: NA

23.11.10.2 **Sub-elements**

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
Subaddress	xs:string	Required unbounded	Subaddress of this HiSLIP server. If multiple subaddresses are specified, each refers to the same subinstrument. RULE:23.11.10.2-1 If the HiSLIP element is included, there shall be at least 1 subaddress.

23.11.11 **SubinstrumentREST**

SubinstrumentREST indicates that a REST API at the designated port may be used to control the subinstrument.

23.11.11.1 **Attributes**

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
Port	Type: xs:integer Card.: Req. Default: NA	NA	<i>Port</i> is the TCPIP port of a REST API that can be used to control the device. Required: RULE:23.11.11.1-1 Unsecure impact: NA
RootURL	Type: xs:string Card.: Req. Default: NA	NA	<i>RootURL</i> is the root URL of the REST API that can be used to control the device. <i>RootURL</i> is relative to the IP Address in the <i>LXIDevice/Interface/IPAddress</i> . For instance if the <i>LXIDevice/Interface/IPAddress</i> is 192.168.0.1 and the <i>RootURL</i> attribute is <i>api/rest</i> , then the API is at <i>https://192.168.0.1/api/rest</i> . Required: RULE:23.11.11.1-2 Unsecure impact: NA

The SubinstrumentREST complex type has **no subelements**

23.11.12 SubinstrumentSocket

SubinstrumentSocket indicates that a socket connection at the designated port may be used to control the subinstrument.

23.11.12.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
Port	Type: xs:integer Card.: Req. Default: NA	NA	<i>Port</i> is the TCPIP port of a server that can be used to control the device. Required: RULE:23.11.12.1-1 Unsecure impact: NA
Protocol	Type: xs:string Card.: Opt. Default: None	NA	<i>Protocol</i> is the protocol the device accepts over the designated socket. The string used to designate the protocol is device specific. Required: Optional Unsecure impact: NA

The SubinstrumentSocket complex type has **no subelements**

23.11.13 SubinstrumentTelnet

SubinstrumentTelnet indicates that a telnet connection at the designated port may be used to control the subinstrument.

23.11.13.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
Port	Type: xs:integer Card.: Req. Default: NA	NA	<i>Port</i> is the TCPIP port of a telnet server that can be used to control the device. Required: RULE:23.11.13.1-1 Unsecure impact: NA
Protocol	Type: xs:string Card.: Opt. Default: None	NA	<i>Protocol</i> is the protocol the device accepts over the designated telnet connection. The string used to designate the protocol is device specific. Required: Optional Unsecure impact: NA

The SubinstrumentTelnet complex type has **no subelements**

23.11.14 SubinstrumentVXI11

VXI-11 Device name associated with this subinstrument.

23.11.14.1 **Attributes**

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
Device	Type: xs:string Card.: Opt. Default: None	NA	VXI-11 device name of this server. If absent, indicates <i>inst0</i> . Required: Optional Unsecure impact: NA

The SubinstrumentVXI11 complex type has **no subelements**

23.12 LXI Common Configuration Schema

The LXI Common Configuration XML schema is specified by the LXI Consortium as part of the LXI Security Extended Function.

LXICommonConfiguration contains settings related to the device secure configuration. This includes the configuration of the network interface, configuration of various network protocols and client authentication information.

This schema is used to:

- Configure the security settings of a device
- Interrogate a device to determine its security settings
- Interrogate a device to determine its security capabilities

RULE:23.12-1 On an HTTP PUT the device shall go to the state specified in the XML.

A device is configured by performing an HTTP PUT of this XML to the LXI-specified endpoint in the device. A successful PUT indicates that the device recognizes the XML and that it will assume the configuration specified in the XML. The point in time when the new configuration takes effect is device dependent.

If any part of the XML is syntactically invalid or if the XML represents settings that the device does not support, the device state shall report an HTTP error and not change state.

Per the LXI API Specification, the reason for the error shall be elaborated using the *LXIProblemDetails* response schema.

OBSERVATION: *The LXICommonConfiguration/@strict attribute explicitly permits devices to not act on configuration of the listed protocols if they are not implemented. Thus, an XML that includes the configuration of an unimplemented protocol is not an error when strict is false.*

RULE:23.12-2 The device GET response shall indicate the current state and capabilities of the device.

To interrogate a device to determine its settings and capabilities, the client performs an HTTP GET to the LXI-specified endpoint. The device shall reply with an instance of this XML document that reflects the configuration of the instrument.

To determine the capability of the instrument, the client can inspect the XML. Where optional elements are returned (regardless of if they are enabled or disabled), the device is capable of enabling the corresponding configuration. For instance, if a device returns a SCPITLS element, regardless of it is disabled or enabled, the device provides a SCPITLS interface that may be subsequently enabled. If the device does not provide a SCPITLS interface, the optional SCPITLS element shall not be included in the device response.

RULE:23.12-3 Devices shall indicate capabilities not apparent from the queried settings using the capability attribute.

In some cases, devices may be capable of variations on a capability, such as multiple instances on different ports. For those cases, devices shall include the *capability* attribute in the response. The *capability* attribute indicates the variations that can be configured, for instance the names of instances that can be created. When the *capability* attribute is included in the definition of an element, its use is described.

This schema specifies the XML namespace:

http://lxistandard.org/schemas/LXICommonConfiguration/1.0, version: 1.0
 Editorial date: September 28, 2023

23.12.1 LXICommonConfiguration

LXICommonConfiguration is the root element for the LXI common configuration. It represents the configuration of one or more LXI physical interfaces and user authentication.

The configuration in *LXICommonConfiguration* is generally common to all devices in a system.

23.12.1.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
strict	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt. Default: false	Write-only	<p><i>strict</i> indicates that designated portions of this XML document may not be ignored by the device. This requirement does not bear on attributes and elements that are explicitly documented to be ignored, for instance, extension attributes.</p> <p>If <i>strict</i> is false, devices shall ignore configuration of the following if they are not implemented by the device:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>/LXICommonConfiguration/Network/IPv6</i> • <i>/LXICommonConfiguration/HTTP</i> • <i>/LXICommonConfiguration/SCPIRaw</i> • <i>/LXICommonConfiguration/SCPITLS</i> • <i>/LXICommonConfiguration/Telnet</i> • <i>/LXICommonConfiguration/HiSLIP</i> • <i>/LXICommonConfiguration/VXI11</i> <p>Required: RULE:23.12.1.1-1 Unsecure impact: NA</p>
HSMPresent	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Req. Default: NA	Read-only	<p><i>HSMPresent</i> indicates if the device has a hardware security module.</p> <p>True indicates the device has hardware that ensures that the private keys used to encrypt communication are not stored by the device unless encrypted by a hardware security module that performs encryption of private keys and other secrets using encryption keys that are not visible external from the hardware security module.</p>

False indicates the device does not have hardware assistance to protect private keys.

RULE:23.12.1.1-2 *HSMPresent* is a read-only attribute that is true if and only if the device uses a HSM to protect the private keys used for LXI communication.

Required: RULE:23.12.1.1-3

Unsecure impact: NA

23.12.1.2 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
Interface	lxi:Interface	Required unbounded	<p>RULE:23.12.1.2-1 Devices shall accept configuration based on an <i>Interface</i> element for any LXI conformant interface.</p> <p>At least one instance of the Interface element is required. The device shall support a PUT that includes an <i>Interface</i> element for any or all interfaces that are LXI conformant.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.1.2-2 Devices shall return an <i>Interface</i> element for each interface.</p> <p>OBSERVATION: <i>Interfaces that do not conform with LXI specifications only require the Interface/@Enable attribute.</i></p> <p>Devices may optionally configure non-LXI conformant interfaces with the Interface element.</p>
Client Authentication	lxi:ClientAuthentication	Optional	<p>RULE:23.12.1.2-3 <i>ClientAuthentication</i> shall be optionally accepted for PUT.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.1.2-4 <i>ClientAuthentication</i> without the <i>/Password</i> element or <i>@APIAccess</i> attributes shall be returned for GET over secure connections and elided for unsecure connections.</p>

23.12.2 Interface

Interface specifies the settings associated with a single device interface including the common aspects of the ethernet configuration and configuration of protocols served on that interface.

LXICommonConfiguration can represent the configuration of multiple interfaces on a single device, however, devices that implement multiple interfaces shall allow any subset, or all, of the interfaces to be configured using a single XML document. Any LXI Security conformant interfaces on a device shall permit any interface that complies with LXI Security to be configured using this element. Interfaces that are not specified in the *LXICommonConfiguration* XML document shall not be changed.

RULE:23.12.2-1 Non-LXI interfaces can be disabled using the *Interface/@enabled* attribute. Interfaces that are not LXI Conformant are required to implement the *Interface* element and the *Interface/@enabled* and *Interface/@name* attributes. Other requirements in this document do not bear on interfaces that are not LXI conformant. Clearly such interfaces need sufficient means for customers to configure and determine the settings for them to be useful. Therefore, implementors are encouraged to implement appropriate parts of this API for non-conformant interfaces.

RULE:23.12.2-2 Device network interfaces (including those added dynamically) over which the LXI device may be controlled that are not LXI Conformant shall at least support this element with the enabled attribute so that network interfaces that are not LXI Security capable can be disabled.

RULE:23.12.2-3 If any unsecure interface is enabled, then the device shall report that it is unsecure mode.

RULE:23.12.2-4 Absence of optional elements disables them.

If an optional element is absent, the device behavior shall be equivalent to including the element and specifying the enabled attribute of that element to be false. That is, if an element is absent, the capability is disabled.

OBSERVATION: All optional elements have an enabled attribute as required to implement this RULE.

RULE:23.12.2-5 If a device does not implement a capability configured by an XML element within *Interface*, it shall omit that optional XML element from its response. If the device does implement the capability, it shall include the element in the response and indicate the current configuration. See the details regarding the implementation of *LXICommonConfiguration/@strict* attribute regarding how certain protocol configurations are handled.

23.12.2.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
name	Type: xs:string Card.: Opt. Default: LXI	NA	<p><i>name</i> identifies this physical network interface within the device. It differentiates the interfaces in devices that have multiple interfaces.</p> <p>If <i>name</i> is omitted, the behaviors is the same as if the name were included with the value "LXI".</p> <p>Some settings may be coupled between interfaces. That is the settings on separate physical interfaces may be required to be the same.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.2.1-1 Devices with a single interface shall treat the <i>Interface</i> element with the name "LXI" (the default name) to configure the single interface. Devices with multiple interfaces shall assign one of them the name "LXI" (the default name).</p> <p>OBSERVATION: <i>Devices may have multiple network interface and choose to configure them all identically and bridge traffic internally.</i></p> <p>Required: RULE:23.12.2.1-2</p> <p>Unsecure impact: NA</p>
LXIConformant	Type: xs:string	Read-only	<p><i>LXIConformant</i> is a read-only attribute that indicates the LXI specifications this</p>

	Card.: Opt.		device complies with. If this interface does not comply with the LXI Device specification, an empty string is used.
	Default: None		The returned string is a comma separated list of the LXI specifications this interface complies with. The individual substrings are the same as those defined for the Identification schema.
			OBSERVATION: <i>Clients should ignore white space in these strings.</i>
			OBSERVATION: <i>An empty string indicates that the interface is not LXI compliant. However, an interface that does not comply with LXI is not required to implement this attribute.</i>
			Required: RULE:23.12.2.1-3 (read-only)
			Unsecure impact: NA
enabled	Type: xs:boolean	RULE:23.12.2.1-4	<i>enabled</i> indicates if this physical network interface is enabled.
	Card.: Opt.	At LCI, all LXI conformant interfaces shall be enabled, others may be enabled.	Required: RULE:23.12.2.1-5
	Default: true		Unsecure impact: device dependent
unsecureMode	Type: xs:boolean	Read-only	<i>unsecureMode</i> is a read-only attribute that indicates that one or more configurations in this XML do not meet the LXI minimum requirements for secure device operation.
	Card.: Opt.		See the LXI Security Extended Function for the criteria to determine if a device is in <i>unsecureMode</i> . Several configurations within the API schemas are documented as placing the instrument into Unsecure Mode, however, the overall determination shall be done by the instrument per the requirement in the LXI Security Extended function.
	Default: None		Required: RULE:23.12.2.1-6 (read-only)
			Unsecure impact: NA
other Unsecure Protocols Enabled	Type: xs:boolean	No change, unless the protocol represented must be enabled to re-	<i>otherUnsecureProtocolsEnabled</i> represents the state of various device-specific protocols that are beyond the scope of LXI. As a group, controllable unsecure protocols beyond the scope of
	Card.: Opt.		
	Default: true		

establish ethernet communication.

the LCI Common Configuration including:
1) LXI specified instrument Common Configuration API, 2) Device specific extensions to the instrument Common Configuration are reflected by the state of this attribute.

If *otherUnsecureProtocolsEnabled* is true, various device unsecure protocols beyond the scope of the LXI Common Configuration are permitted to be enabled.

If *otherUnsecureProtocolsEnabled* is false, all controllable unsecure protocols not enabled by the LXI Common Configuration.

For the purpose of *otherUnsecureProtocolsEnabled*, a secure protocol is a protocol that authenticates the server and encrypts data. Client authentication is not required.

RULE:23.12.2.1-7 LXI Secure devices shall document the protocols that are controlled by this attribute.

RULE:23.12.2.1-8 If the device does not implement any other unsecure protocols, then on a GET, *otherUnsecureProtocolsEnabled* shall return false. However, if written true, such a device shall either fail the PUT or indicate unsecure mode is True.

Required: RULE:23.12.2.1-9

Unsecure impact: Unsecure when the attribute is True. Device determined when the attribute is false

Any Attribute

Type: Any type
Card.: Optional
Default: NA

RULE:23.12.2.1-10 Those settings necessary to re-establish ethernet communication with the instrument shall be enabled.

Arbitrarily typed elements may be included for devices to represent device-specific configuration.

RULE:23.12.2.1-11 The impact of these configurations on the device secure mode are determined by the device vendor. However, if unsecure protocols are enabled, the device shall indicate it is in unsecure mode.

Required: No

Unsecure impact:

23.12.2.2 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
Network	lxi:Network	Optional	RULE:23.12.2.2-1 <i>Network</i> is required.
HTTP	lxi:HTTP	Optional unbounded	<p>RULE:23.12.2.2-2 <i>HTTP</i> is optional, however devices that implement HTTP are require to fully implement this element.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.2.2-3 If multiple HTTP elements are present, each shall have a different port.</p> <p>Additional instances of this element may be used to provide independent control of multiple servers (although each must be on a different port). This may be useful, for instance, if separate servers are setup for the API and the human interface.</p> <p>OBSERVATION: <i>Multiple services can be enabled on a single port. by including multiple instances of the HTTP/Service element.</i></p> <p>OBSERVATION: <i>Devices may place restrictions on which services may be enabled or disabled on various ports. For instance, some devices may require that all API services be enabled or disabled together. To do so, the HTTP/Service element for each service must be set the same.</i></p>
HTTPS	lxi:HTTPS	Optional unbounded	<p>RULE:23.12.2.2-4 <i>HTTPS</i> is required.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.2.2-5 If multiple HTTPS elements are present, each shall have a different port.</p> <p>Additional instances of this element may be used to provide independent control of multiple servers (although each must be on a different port). This may be useful, for instance, if separate servers are setup for the API and the human interface.</p> <p>OBSERVATION: <i>Multiple services can be enabled on a single port. by including multiple instances of the HTTPS/Service element.</i></p> <p>OBSERVATION: <i>Devices may place restrictions on which services may be enabled or disabled on various ports. For instance, some devices may require that all API services be enabled or disabled together. To do so, the HTTPS/Service element for each service must be set the same.</i></p>
SCPIRaw	lxi:SCPIRaw	Optional unbounded	<p>RULE:23.12.2.2-6 At least one instance of <i>SCPIRaw</i> shall be accepted by devices that implement a SCPIRaw Command and Control connection.</p> <p>A separate instance of <i>SCPIRaw</i> is used for each port at which a SCPIRaw server is running.</p>

Telnet	lxi:Telnet	Optional unbounded	<p>RULE:23.12.2.2-7 At least one instance of <i>Telnet</i> shall be accepted by devices that implement the Telnet Command and Control connection.</p> <p>A separate instance of <i>Telnet</i> is used for each port at which a Telnet server is running.</p> <p>OBSERVATION: <i>This may be useful, for instance, if one server provides access to a SCP parser, and another to the device operating system shell.</i></p>
SCPITLS	lxi:SCPITLS	Optional unbounded	<p>RULE:23.12.2.2-8 At least one instance of <i>SCPITLS</i> shall be accepted by devices that implement a SCPITLS Command and Control connection.</p> <p>A separate instance of <i>SCPITLS</i> is provided for each port at which a SCPITLS server is running.</p>
HiSLIP	lxi:HiSLIP	Optional	<p>RULE:23.12.2.2-9 <i>HiSLIP</i> shall be accepted by devices that implement the LXI HiSLIP extended function.</p> <p>Only a single instance of <i>HiSLIP</i> is permitted because a single instance of the protocol supports an arbitrary number of instances of servers at an arbitrary number of subaddresses.</p>
VXI11	lxi:VXI11	Optional	<p>RULE:23.12.2.2-10 <i>VXI11</i> shall be accepted by devices that implement a VXI-11 Command and Control connection.</p> <p>Only a single instance of the VXI-11 protocol can be created on an interface.</p>
<i>Any element</i>	<i>Any type</i>	Optional unbounded	<p>Arbitrary subelements may be included in the <i>Interface</i> element. This enables devices to represent configuration capabilities not included in this XML.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.2.2-11 If a device receives a well-formed extension element it does not recognize, it shall ignore it.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.2.2-12 On a GET, devices are permitted to express arbitrary configuration with extension elements, however such a device shall accept configuration using those elements.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.2.2-13 Any element that controls a protocol that impacts the unsecure mode shall include an <i>unsecureEnabled</i> attribute. Setting this false shall disable the protocol or disable the unsecure behavior. The device shall report <i>UnsecureMode</i> true, when any protocol has <i>unsecureEnabled</i> true.</p> <p>OBSERVATION: <i>It is possible that other configurations in the extension protocol make it secure in reality, however, setting the unsecureEnabled attribute true shall make the device report UnsecureMode true.</i></p>

23.12.3 Network

Network contains various settings associated with the Ethernet interface.

The settings in *Network* generally may be common to all instruments in a system. Settings that are generally device specific or are automatically configured such as the device Ethernet address are in the LXI Device Specific Configuration.

See the LXI Device specification for details about the management of various Ethernet settings.

The *Network* complex type has **no attributes**

23.12.3.1 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
IPv4	lxi:IPv4	Optional	RULE:23.12.3.1-1 IPv4 is required.
IPv6	lxi:IPv6	Optional	RULE:23.12.3.1-2 IPv6 is required by devices that implement the IPv6 Extended Function.

23.12.4 IPv4

IPv4 represents the state of the IP version 4 capabilities of the device.

23.12.4.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
enabled	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt. Default: true	True	<i>enabled</i> generally enables or disables IPv4 operation. Required: RULE:23.12.4.1-1 Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode
autoIPEnabled	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt. Default: None	True	<i>autoIPEnabled</i> represents the state of the Link Local Addressing capability in the device. If enabled, the device may acquire an address using Link Local Address. Link Local addresses supersede static values configured in the LXI Device Specific Configuration. RULE:23.12.4.1-2 If omitted, and <i>DHCPEnabled</i> is present, the device uses the same state as <i>DHCPEnabled</i> . OBSERVATION: If a device has no static IP address configured and both <i>autoIPEnabled</i> and <i>DHCPEnabled</i> are disabled, the device could be no longer reachable via IPv4 on this interface. Devices may either permit this case, generate an error and reject the schema,

or leave the configuration pending till a static address is provided.

OBSERVATION: In some implementations *autoIPEnabled* and *DHCPEnabled* are coupled, that is, both must be enabled or disabled.

Required: RULE:23.12.4.1-3

Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode

DHCPEnabled represents the state of the device DHCP protocol. If True, configuration is accepted via the DHCP protocol.

If DHCP is enabled, the device will accept IPv4 configuration from a DHCP server. DHCP configuration supersedes static values configured in the LXI Device Specific Configuration.

RULE:23.12.4.1-4 If omitted, and *autoIPEnabled* is present, the device uses the same state as *autoIPEnabled*.

OBSERVATION: If a device has no static IP address configured and both *autoIPEnabled* and *DHCPEnabled* are disabled, the device could be no longer reachable via IPv4 on this interface. Devices may either permit this case, generate an error and reject the schema, or leave the configuration pending till a static address is provided.

OBSERVATION: In some implementations *autoIPEnabled* and *DHCPEnabled* are coupled, that is, both must be enabled or disabled.

Required: RULE:23.12.4.1-5

Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode

mDNSEnabled represents the state of the multicast DNS responder in the device.

The multicast DNS responder permits the device to be discovered and identified by clients.

In some implementations the mDNS capability is coupled between IPv4 and IPv6. For those devices, the configuration of the *IPv4/@mDNSEnabled* and the *IPv6/@mDNSEnabled* must be the same.

DHCPEnabled **Type:** xs:boolean True
 Card.: Opt.
 Default: None

mDNSEnabled **Type:** xs:boolean True
 Card.: Opt.
 Default: true

dynamicDNSEnabled	Type: xs:boolean True Card.: Opt. Default: true	<p>If <i>mDNSEnabled</i> is absent, and <i>IPv6/@mDNSEnabled</i> is present, then <i>mDNSEnabled</i> takes on the same value as <i>IPv6/@mDNSEnabled</i>.</p> <p>Required: RULE:23.12.4.1-6</p> <p>Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode</p> <p><i>dynamicDNSEnabled</i> represents the state of the dynamic DNS capability. Dynamic DNS is used to publish the hostname of the device to DNS.</p> <p>If <i>dynamicDNSEnabled</i> is absent, and <i>IPv6/@dynamicDNSEnabled</i> is present, then <i>dynamicDNSEnabled</i> takes on the same value as <i>IPv6/@dynamicDNSEnabled</i>.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.4.1-7 Dynamic DNS is optional for LXI devices. Therefore, if not implemented, the device shall ignore this attribute on a PUT.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.4.1-8 Devices that do not implement dynamic DNS shall omit this attribute on a GET.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.4.1-9 The <i>dynamicDNSEnabled</i> attribute shall be implemented irrespective of if IPv6 dynamic DNS is implemented.</p> <p>Required: RULE:23.12.4.1-10</p> <p>Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode</p>
pingEnabled	Type: xs:boolean True Card.: Opt. Default: true	<p><i>pingEnabled</i> represents the state of the IPv4 ICMP ping responder.</p> <p>In some IPv6 implementation the ICMPv4 ping capability is coupled to the ICMPv6 ping. For those devices, the configuration of the <i>IPv4/@PingEnable</i> and the <i>IPv6/@PingEnabled</i> must be the same.</p> <p>If <i>pingEnabled</i> is absent, and <i>IPv6/@pingEnabled</i> is present, then <i>pingEnabled</i> takes on the same value as <i>IPv6/@pingEnabled</i>.</p> <p>Required: RULE:23.12.4.1-11</p> <p>Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode</p>
Any Attribute	Type: Any type No change unless the configured	<p>Arbitrary extension attributes may be included to provide device-specific IPv4</p>

Card.: *Optional* attribute is configuration that is beyond the scope of the LXI requirements.
Default: *NA* necessary to re-establish ethernet communication.
RULE:23.12.4.1-12 LXI devices shall ignore extension attributes they do not recognize.
Required: No
Unsecure impact: Vendor determined

The IPv4 complex type has **no subelements**

23.12.5 IPv6

IPv6 represents the state of the IP version 6 capabilities of the device.

RULE:23.12.5-1 Since *IPv6* is required in devices that implement the LXI IP Version 6 Extended Function, the required attributes are only required in implementations that implement *IPv6*.

RULE:23.12.5-2 Devices shall implement *IPv6/@enabled*. If the device does not implement IPv6 it shall always return false. If *LXICommonConfiguration/@strict* attribute is false such a device ignores the *IPv6* element on a PUT.

23.12.5.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
enabled	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt. Default: true	True	<i>enabled</i> generally enables or disables IPv6 capability. Required: RULE:23.12.5.1-1 Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode
DHCPEnabled	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt. Default: true	True	<i>DHCPEnabled</i> represents the state of the device IPv6 DHCP protocol. If True, configuration is accepted via the DHCP protocol. If DHCP is enabled, the device will accept IPv6 configuration from a DHCP server, which supercedes static values configured in the LXI Device Specific Configuration. See the note on IPv6 autoconfiguration under <i>Network/IPv6</i> . Required: RULE:23.12.5.1-2 Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode
RAEnabled	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt.	True	<i>RAEnabled</i> represents the state of address generation based on the router advertisement. See the note on IPv6 autoconfiguration under <i>Network/IPv6</i> .

	Default true :		Required: RULE:23.12.5.1-3 Unsecure impact: See @privacyModeEnabled.
static Address Enabled	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt. Default true :	True	<i>staticAddressEnabled</i> indicates if the device uses the static address configured with <i>LXIDeviceSpecificConfiguration/IPv6/StaticAddress</i> . OBSERVATION: <i>There might not be a static address configured.</i> Required: RULE:23.12.5.1-4 Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode.
privacy Mode Enabled	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt. Default true :	True	<i>privacyModeEnabled</i> indicates if the MAC address is included in the IPv6 address generation. When <i>privacyModeEnabled</i> is enabled, neither the link local address, unique local address nor the SLAAC-generated addresses include the device MAC address. See the <i>Observation</i> on IPv6 autoconfiguration under <i>Network/IPv6</i> . Required: RULE:23.12.5.1-5 Unsecure impact: If False the device is in unsecure mode.
mDNSEnabled	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt. Default true :	True	<i>mDNSEnabled</i> represents the state of the IPv6 multicast DNS responder in the device. The multicast DNS responder permits the device to be discovered and identified by clients. In some implementations the mDNS capability is coupled between IPv4 and IPv6. For those devices, the configuration of the <i>IPv4/@mDNSEnabled</i> and the <i>IPv6/@mDNSEnabled</i> must be the same. If <i>mDNSEnabled</i> is absent, and <i>IPv4/@mDNSEnabled</i> is present, then <i>mDNSEnabled</i> takes on the same value as <i>IPv4/@mDNSEnabled</i> . Required: RULE:23.12.5.1-6 Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode
dynamic DNSEnabled	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt.	True	<i>dynamicDNSEnabled</i> represents the state of the IPv6 dynamic DNS capability used to publish the hostname of the device. If <i>dynamicDNSEnabled</i> is absent, and <i>IPv4/@dynamicDNSEnabled</i> is present, then

	Default true :		<i>dynamicDNSEnabled</i> takes on the same value as <i>IPv4/@dynamicDNSEnabled</i> .
			RULE:23.12.5.1-7 Dynamic DNS is optional for LXI devices. Therefore, if not implemented, the device shall ignore this attribute on a PUT.
			RULE:23.12.5.1-8 Devices that do not implement dynamicDNS shall omit this attribute on a GET.
			Required: RULE:23.12.5.1-9 Attribute shall be implemented irrespective of if IPv4 dynamic DNS is implemented.
			Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode
pingEnabled	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt. Default true :	True	<i>pingEnabled</i> represents the state of the IPv6 ICMP ping function. If <i>pingEnabled</i> is absent, and <i>IPv4/@pingEnabled</i> is present, then <i>pingEnabled</i> takes on the same value as <i>IPv4/@pingEnabled</i> . OBSERVATION: <i>The common IPv4 practice of blocking ICMP packets as a supposed security measure is not recommended on IPv6, as IPv6 functioning depends on ICMPv6 for error messages, path MTU discovery, multicast group management and Neighbor Discovery. IPv6 also relies upon multicast availability, which impacts firewalls, intrusion detection and access control rules.</i> OBSERVATION: <i>On some devices IPv6/@pingEnabled must match the IPv4/@pingEnabled state.</i> Required: RULE:23.12.5.1-10 Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode
Any Attribute	Type: Any type Card.: Optional Default: NA	No change unless changing the configured attribute is necessary to re-establish ethernet communication.	Arbitrary extension attributes may be included to provide device specific IPv6 configuration that is beyond the scope of the LXI requirements. RULE:23.12.5.1-11 LXI devices shall ignore extension attributes they do not recognize. Required: No Unsecure impact: Vendor determined

The IPv6 complex type has **no subelements**

23.12.6 HTTP

HTTP represents the configuration of the unsecure HTTP server including general behavior and the services available on the server.

Additional instances of the *HTTP* element are used to configure additional servers on other ports, however, a single *HTTP* element configures all servers on a given port.

Some endpoints may be used by multiple services. If so, those endpoints are enabled if any service requiring them is enabled.

RULE:23.12.6-1 If no services are specified the server at this port is disabled.

RULE:23.12.6-2 If any service is enabled that permits changing the device configuration over an unencrypted connection the device is in unsecure mode.

OBSERVATION: *Since the normal behavior of HTTP is to forward secure URLs to HTTPS, it is not common for enabling HTTP to put the device into unsecure mode.*

RULE:23.12.6-3 Devices that implement the optional unsecure HTTP interface shall not change the HTTP/@operation state nor the enabled services on LCI unless necessary to re-establish communication.

23.12.6.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
operation	Type: restriction of: xs:string Card.: Opt. Default: enable	No change unless changing the configured attribute is necessary to re-establish ethernet communication. For instance, to enable the LXI API.	<p><i>operation</i> controls if the HTTP server is enabled, disabled, or if it forwards all requests to HTTPS.</p> <p>enable Enables the HTTP server, although secure pages shall redirect to HTTPS.</p> <p>disable Disables the HTTP server irrespective of the enabled services. No forwarding function is active.</p> <p>redirectAll All accesses to the HTTP server are redirected to HTTPS.</p> <p>Required: RULE:23.12.6.1-1 Devices that implement the unsecure HTTP protocol shall implement at least the disable and redirectAll settings of @operation.</p> <p>Unsecure impact: True if access to instrument configuration is enabled via any HTTP service.</p>
port	Type: xs:int Card.: Opt.	RULE:23.12.6.1-2 The LCI HTTP port for the LXI Web interface and the LXI API services shall be 80.	<p>TCP port of the HTTP server.</p> <p>Required: RULE:23.12.6.1-3</p>

Default: 80

Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode.

23.12.6.2 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
Service	lxi:Service	Optional unbounded	<p>Each <i>Service</i> element indicates the state of the HTTP service indicated by the <i>Service/@name</i> attribute. Only those services with the <i>Service/@enabled</i> attribute set to <i>true</i> are enabled on this HTTP server.</p> <p><i>Service</i> elements with the <i>Service/@enabled</i> attribute set to false indicate the service is disabled.</p> <p>OBSERVATION: <i>Users should be cautious enabling authentication over HTTP since it may expose unencrypted credentials.</i></p> <p>OBSERVATION: <i>Any service not explicitly enabled is disabled.</i></p> <p>RULE:23.12.6.2-1 When the device is queried, it shall provide a <i>Service</i> element for each service provided by the device, with the <i>Service/@enable</i> attribute indicating those that are currently enabled.</p>

23.12.7 HTTPS

HTTPS configures the secure HTTPS server. That is, the HTTP server that serves content using TLS.

Some endpoints may be used by multiple services. If so, they are enabled when any service that requires the endpoint is enabled.

Disabled elements are used on a read to indicate the schemes implemented by the device.

Disabled elements on a write explicitly indicate that the corresponding scheme is disabled. However, omitting the element indicating the schema has the same affect.

If a device is configured to require application-level authentication it may report the connection is not unsecure.

RULE:23.12.7-1 The HTTPS web human interface content served by LXI Secure devices shall be a superset of the content available via HTTP. That is, a device is not permitted to only offer a subset of the HTTP human interface over the secure HTTPS connection.

RULE:23.12.7-2 If no services are enabled, then the HTTPS server is disabled.

In addition to the LXI-required HTTP client authentication, LXI devices should provide application-level authentication.

RULE:23.12.7-3 If the device is using application-level client authentication, none of the subelements indicating HTTP client authentication need to be enabled in the *HTTPS* element.

RULE:23.12.7-4 When returning the LXI Common Configuration, if a scheme is implemented, then the element representing that scheme shall be present. This permits clients to determine what schemes are available on the device.

RULE:23.12.7-5 After an LCI, the security scheme is not changed.

RULE:23.12.7-6 On LCI the LXI Web interface and the LXI API services shall be enabled.

23.12.7.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
port	Type: xs:int Card.: Opt. Default: 443	RULE:23.12.7.1-1 The default HTTPS port shall be 443 for the Human Interface and the LXI API Service.	TCP port of the HTTPS server. Required: RULE:23.12.7.1-2 Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode
client Authentication Required	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt. Default: false	No change	<i>clientAuthenticationRequired</i> indicates if clients are required to authenticate as configured in this element. <i>clientAuthenticationRequired</i> indicates that all services enabled in <i>HTTPS</i> shall require client authentication. This includes the human interface and any services that are enabled. <i>clientAuthenticationRequired</i> does not impact the API-LXISecurity service which always requires client authentication. Note that client's presenting the API Key are regarded as authentic. OBSERVATION: <i>If the service is using application level authentication, this attribute may be the only indication in the schema that the HTTPS server communication is secure.</i> Required: RULE:23.12.7.1-3 Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode.

23.12.7.2 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
Service	lxi:Service	Optional unbounded	A <i>Service</i> element with the <i>Service/@enabled</i> attribute set to true is included for each service enabled on this HTTP(S) server. RULE:23.12.7.2-1 When the device is queried, it shall provide a <i>Service</i> element for each service provided by the device, with the <i>Service/@enable</i> attribute indicating those that are currently enabled.

23.12.8 Service

The *Service* element is used with the *HTTP* and *HTTPS* elements to indicate the services available on a device and if they are currently enabled.

23.12.8.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
name	Type: xs:string	NA	<i>name</i> indicates the name of the service.
	Card.: Req.		RULE:23.12.8.1-1 LXI Service names are case sensitive. LXI Security specifies the following services:
	Default: NA	Human-Interface	Indicates the endpoints required to serve a human interface to a browser Required of all LXI Security Devices.
		API-LXISecurity	Indicates the LXI API Extended function endpoints required by the LXI Security extended function. Required of all LXI Security Devices.
		API-Device	Indicates the endpoints used to implement various device-specific APIs. <i>API-Device</i> is required of all LXI Security devices that provide a device-specific API on this protocol. More fine-grained device-specific control is permitted as well.
		<i>other</i>	Devices may define additional services that provide more granular control of enabled services or specify additional services. <i>other</i> service declarations are optional. OBSERVATION: <i>clients can discover the available services by reading back the LXI Common Configuration. Although documentation of the device behavior is in product-specific documents.</i> OBSERVATION: <i>where servers define granular services that are a subset of other services, the presence of the less granular service enables all of the subset services.</i>
			Required: RULE:23.12.8.1-2 Unsecure impact: None
enabled	Type: xs:boolean	NA	<i>enabled</i> indicates if the designated service is enabled.
	Card.: Req.		Required: RULE:23.12.8.1-3 Note this attribute is syntactically required.

Default: NA **Insecure impact:** Device determined
Any Attribute **Type:** *Any type* NA Devices may include attributes to further configure the service.
Card.: *Optional*
Default: NA **RULE:23.12.8.1-4** Devices that do not understand additional attributes shall ignore them.
Required: No
Insecure impact: Device determined

23.12.8.2 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
Basic	lxi:AuthenticationMechanism	Optional	<p><i>Basic</i> indicates HTTPS Basic authentication per RFC7617 is enabled.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.8.2-1 Devices shall implement <i>Basic</i>.</p> <p>When <i>Basic</i> is configured, devices are permitted to not be in insecure mode.</p>
Digest	lxi:AuthenticationMechanism	Optional	<p><i>Digest</i> indicates Digest authentication per RFC7616 is enabled.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.8.2-2 Devices are permitted to not implement <i>Digest</i>, however this syntax shall be accepted and produce an error if turned on and not implemented.</p> <p>When <i>Digest</i> is configured, devices are permitted to not be in insecure mode.</p>
<i>Any element</i>	<i>Any type</i>	Optional unbounded	<p>This element is provided to enable devices to extend the list of HTTP authentication schemes with additional elements to configure capabilities not included in the definition of the LXI Common Configuration.</p> <p>OBSERVATION: <i>The rules in the lxi:AuthenticationMechanism element section require the type of these extension elements to be either lxi:AuthenticationMechanism or an extension of lxi:AuthenticationMechanism.</i></p> <p>RULE:23.12.8.2-3 The default value of the <i>enabled</i> attribute of extension elements shall be <i>True</i> so that the presence of the element without a value indicates the mechanism is enabled.</p>

The element name should match the authentication scheme in the IANA HTTP Authentication Schemes Registry.

RULE:23.12.8.2-4 Any extension HTTPS client-authentication scheme is permitted with unsecure mode false.

23.12.9 SCPIRaw

SCPIRaw configures a single SCPIRaw connection. Additional instances of *SCPIRaw* may be used to configure additional SCPIRaw servers at different TCP ports.

SCPIRaw refers to a TCP port that accepts SCPI commands and queries without IEEE 488.2 meta-messages.

Devices are permitted to enable an arbitrary number of SCPIRaw ports, however, each must have a different port number and an additional *SCPIRaw* element to describe it.

RULE:23.12.9-1 When the device receives an LXI Common Configuration, only those SCPIRaw ports indicated and enabled shall be available on the device.

RULE:23.12.9-2 When the device reports its configuration, an instance of *SCPIRaw* shall be provided for each active SCPIRaw connection.

Devices should permit multiple clients to connect to a single SCPIRaw port.

RULE:23.12.9-3 *SCPIRaw* is required if the device implements SCPIRaw connections.

23.12.9.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
enabled	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt. Default: true	No change	<i>enabled</i> enables the SCPIRaw server at this address. Required: RULE:23.12.9.1-1 Unsecure impact: RULE:23.12.9.1-2 The device is operating in unsecure mode if SCPIRaw is enabled.
port	Type: xs:int Card.: Opt. Default: 5025	No change	<i>port</i> specifies the port of this SCPIRaw server. The IANA registered port of 5025 is preferred for SCPI traffic. If additional instances of SCPIRaw are enabled by default on the device, their ports are device-specific. Required: RULE:23.12.9.1-3 Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode
capability	Type: xs:int Card.: Opt. Default: None	Read-only	<i>capability</i> is a read-only attribute that indicates the approximate number of SCPIRaw ports that the client may configure. Required: capability is required on a read. Unsecure impact: NA

The SCPIRaw complex type has **no subelements**

23.12.10 SCPITLS

SCPITLS describes a single secure raw SCPI connection over TLS. Additional instances of *SCPITLS* may be used to configure additional secure raw SCPI servers at different TCP (TLS) ports.

Devices are permitted to enable an arbitrary number of secure raw SCPI ports using *SCPITLS*, however, each must have a different port number.

Devices should permit multiple clients to connect to a single secure raw SCPI port.

RULE:23.12.10-1 When the device receives an LXI Common Configuration, only those secure raw SCPI ports indicated and enabled shall be available on the device.

RULE:23.12.10-2 When the device reports its configuration, an instance of *SCPITLS* shall be included for each configured secure raw SCPI connection. If none are enabled, a single disabled *SCPITLS* element shall be returned to indicate to the client that the capability is available.

RULE:23.12.10-3 *SCPITLS* is required by LXI Security if the device implements secure raw SCPI connections.

23.12.10.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
enabled	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt. Default: true	No change	<i>enabled</i> enables the secure raw SCPI server at this port. Required: RULE:23.12.10.1-1 Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode
port	Type: xs:int Card.: Req. Default: NA	No change	<i>port</i> specifies the port of this secure raw SCPI server. Required: RULE:23.12.10.1-2 Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode
client Authentication Required	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt. Default: false	No change	<i>clientAuthenticationRequired</i> indicates if client authentication is required. Secure raw SCPI connections use mutual TLS (mTLS) for client authentication. The client certificate is authenticated based on the <i>Interface/ClientAuthentication/ClientCertificateAuthentication</i> element which must be configured if an active secure raw SCPI connection requires client authentication. If false, the device accepts SCPITLS connections without client authentication, although mTLS connections may still be supported. Required: RULE:23.12.10.1-3 If secure raw SCPI client authentication is implemented it shall use ClientAuthentication configuration. Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode

capability **Type:** xs:int Read-only *capability* is a read-only attribute. It indicates the approximate number of SCPITLS ports that the client may configure.
Card.: Opt.
Default: None
Required: RULE:23.12.10.1-4
Unsecure impact: NA

The SCPITLS complex type has **no subelements**

23.12.11 **Telnet**

Telnet indicates the telnet connection. Telnet is commonly used for either Command and Control traffic or an operating system shell.

23.12.11.1 **Attributes**

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
enabled	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt. Default: true :	No change	<i>enabled</i> indicates if the Telnet server is enabled. Required: RULE:23.12.11.1-1 Unsecure impact: If Telnet is enabled without requiring TLS (<i>Telnet/@TLSRequired</i>) the device is in unsecure mode.
port	Type: xs:int Card.: Opt. Default: 5024	No change	<i>port</i> specifies the Telnet server port. For Command and Control traffic, the IANA assigned port of 5024 should be used. Required: RULE:23.12.11.1-2 Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode
TLSRequired	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt. Default: false :	No change	<i>TLSRequired</i> indicates that telnet requires a secure TLS connection instead of TCP. OBSERVATION: <i>TLS only guarantees server (device) authentication. To require client authentication, @clientAuthenticationRequired must be true as well.</i> RULE:23.12.11.1-3 If the device implements TLS on Telnet it shall include the <i>TLSRequired</i> attribute in the query response regardless of the state of <i>Telnet/@enabled</i> . Required: RULE:23.12.11.1-4 <i>TLSRequired</i> shall be implemented if the device Telnet implementation supports TLS. Unsecure impact: The device is in unsecure mode unless enabled.

client Authentication Required	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt. Default: false	No change	<p><i>clientAuthenticationRequired</i> indicates that telnet exclusively uses mTLS.</p> <p>OBSERVATION: If <i>clientAuthenticationRequired</i> is enabled, <i>Telnet/TLSTLSRequired</i> must be enabled as well. The unsecure <i>Telnet USER</i> and <i>PASS</i> are not used.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.11.1-5 The mTLS client certificate authentication configured in <i>Interface/ClientAuthentication/ClientCertificateAuthentication</i> shall be used.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.11.1-6 If the device implements mTLS (client authentication) on telnet it shall include the <i>clientAuthenticationRequired</i> attribute in the query response regardless of the state of <i>Telnet/@enabled</i>.</p> <p>Required: RULE:23.12.11.1-7 <i>clientAuthenticationRequired</i> shall be implemented if the device Telnet implementation supports TLS.</p> <p>Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode</p>
capability	Type: xs:int Card.: Opt. Default: None	Read-only	<p><i>capability</i> is a read-only attribute. It indicates the approximate number of Telnet ports that the client may configure.</p> <p>Required: RULE:23.12.11.1-8</p> <p>Unsecure impact: NA</p>
Any Attribute	Type: Any type Card.: Optional Default: NA	NA	<p>Devices may further describe the telnet port, perhaps indicating if this server is SCPI or a command shell.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.11.1-9 Devices that do not understand additional attributes shall ignore them.</p> <p>Required: No</p> <p>Unsecure impact: Device determined</p>

The Telnet complex type has **no subelements**

23.12.12 HiSLIP

HiSLIP contains the configuration of the HiSLIP protocol. HiSLIP supports multiple servers on a port, each at a different subaddress. Therefore, this element contains the configuration of the only device HiSLIP port.

All HiSLIP servers, regardless of their subaddress use the configuration in this element.

23.12.12.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
enabled	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt.	No change	<p><i>enabled</i> indicates if the HiSLIP server is enabled.</p> <p>OBSERVATION: Disabling this server disables all the HiSLIP servers at every HiSLIP subaddress since they</p>

	Default: true		<i>are all served from this port at the various subaddresses.</i>
			Required: RULE:23.12.12.1-1
			Unsecure impact: RULE:23.12.12.1-2 The device is in unsecure mode unless both HiSLIP/@mustStartEncrypted and HiSLIP/@encryptionMandatory are true.
port	Type: xs:int	No change	<i>port</i> indicates the TCP port from which the HiSLIP server is served.
	Card.: Opt.		Required: RULE:23.12.12.1-3
	Default: 4880		Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode
must Start Encrypted	Type: xs:boolean	No change	<i>mustStartEncrypted</i> controls the initial encryption. If enabled, a secure connection must be initially made to this server. It can be subsequently stepped down to an unsecure connection if <i>encryptionMandatory</i> is not true.
	Card.: Opt.		
	Default: false		It is erroneous to have <i>mustStartEncrypted</i> False and <i>HiSLIP/@encryptionMandatory</i> True.
			Required: RULE:23.12.12.1-4
			Unsecure impact: RULE:23.12.12.1-5 The device is in unsecure mode if <i>mustStartEncrypted</i> is false.
encryption Mandatory	Type: xs:boolean	No change	<i>encryptionMandatory</i> indicates that this HiSLIP Server must always have encryption on. That is, the connection must be started securely, and the encryption may not be subsequently turned off.
	Card.: Opt.		
	Default: false		It is erroneous to have <i>encryptionMandatory</i> True and <i>HiSLIP/@mustStartEncrypted</i> False.
			Required: RULE:23.12.12.1-6
			Unsecure impact: RULE:23.12.12.1-7 The device is in unsecure mode if <i>encryptionMandatory</i> is false for any enabled HiSLIP servers.

23.12.12.2 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
Client Authentication Mechanisms	lxi:ClientAuthenticationMechanisms	Optional	<p>RULE:23.12.12.2-1 Devices that support the LXI Security Extended Function and the LXI HiSLIP Extended function shall support Client Authentication.</p> <p>A device may optionally provide client authentication using a higher protocol layer</p>

(for example, SCPI) to provide authentication when using ANONYMOUS.

23.12.13 ClientAuthenticationMechanisms

ClientAuthenticationMechanisms identifies the SASL mechanisms that are enabled for secure HiSLIP connections. The default of the *enabled* attribute for each element is true, therefore, its presence with no attributes enables the mechanism. The absence of an element disables the corresponding mechanism.

OBSERVATION: *ClientAuthenticationMechanisms* does not affect the behavior of unsecure HiSLIP connections which may be enabled using *HiSLIP/@mandatoryEncryption* and *HiSLIP/@mustStartEncrypted*.

OBSERVATION: *Client* credentials are shared amongst the mechanisms and are described in the root *ClientAuthentication* element.

RULE:23.12.13-1 the device shall include in its response each element that it implements, indicating a false enable attribute where disabled. Devices shall omit the elements that represent mechanisms they do not support.

RULE:23.12.13-2 Devices that implement device-specific SASL mechanisms shall follow the pattern of defining additional elements that enable and configure those mechanisms using the *AuthenticationMechanism* complex type, or types derived from it.

The *ClientAuthenticationMechanisms* complex type has **no attributes**

23.12.13.1 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
ANONYMOUS	lxi:AuthenticationMechanism	Optional	<p><i>ANONYMOUS</i> indicates that clients can authenticate using the SASL anonymous mechanism.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.13.1-1 Devices that support LXI Security and the LXI HiSLIP Extended function shall support <i>ANONYMOUS</i>.</p> <p>OBSERVATION: <i>A device can optionally provide client authentication using a higher protocol layer (e.g., SCPI) when using ANONYMOUS.</i></p> <p>Configuring <i>ANONYMOUS</i> does not put the device into unsecure mode.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.13.1-2 The IVI-6.5 SASL Mechanism Specification details specific requirements for SASL mechanisms. Devices shall comply with the IVI device requirements.</p>
PLAIN	lxi:AuthenticationMechanism	Optional	<p><i>PLAIN</i> indicates that clients can authenticate using the SASL PLAIN mechanism.</p>

SCRAM	lxi:AuthenticationMechanism	Optional	<p>RULE:23.12.13.1-3 The IVI-6.5 SASL Mechanism Specification details the specific device and client requirements for the generation of usernames and passwords. Devices shall comply with the IVI device requirements.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.13.1-4 Devices that support LXI Security and the LXI HiSLIP Extended function shall support <i>PLAIN</i>.</p> <p>Configuring <i>PLAIN</i> does not put the device into unsecure mode.</p> <p><i>SCRAM</i> indicates that clients can authenticate using the SASL SCRAM (Salted Challenge Response Authentication Mechanism) mechanism.</p> <p>Two attributes that are used to configure the SCRAM mechanism are located on the element LXICommonConfiguration/ClientAuthentication. See them for additional details.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.13.1-5 The IVI 6.5 SASL Mechanism Specification details the specific device and client requirements for the use of the SASL SCRAM mechanism with HiSLIP. Devices shall comply with the IVI device requirements.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.13.1-6 Devices that support LXI Security and the LXI HiSLIP Extended function shall support <i>SCRAM</i>.</p> <p>Configuring <i>SCRAM</i> does not put the device into unsecure mode.</p>
MTLS	lxi:AuthenticationMechanism	Optional	<p><i>MTLS</i> indicates that devices authenticates TLS clients using TLS mutual authentication (mTLS).</p> <p>OBSERVATION: <i>mTLS connections provide client authentication outside of the SASL mechanisms, therefore SASL refers to mTLS as an EXTERNAL mechanism.</i></p> <p>Configuring <i>MTLS</i> does not put the device into unsecure mode.</p>
Any element	Any type	Optional unbounded	<p>Other extension elements may be included to configure authentication mechanisms that are beyond the scope of the LXI specification.</p> <p>Where registered SASL mechanisms are used, the IANA designation for those mechanisms should be used in the XML.</p>

RULE:23.12.13.1-7 Devices shall ignore mechanisms that they do not implement.

Devices that implement extension mechanisms per this attribute shall include them in the response.

23.12.14 AuthenticationMechanism

AuthenticationMechanism specifies a type of client authentication. It is used for both HiSLIP SASL mechanisms and HTTPS security schemes.

AuthenticationMechanism/@enabled indicates if the mechanism is currently enabled. The tag for the element indicates the specific mechanism or scheme.

HTTP client authentication is described in RFC7235. IANA maintains a list of HTTP authentication schemes, the IANA names of those schemes are generally used as the tag name of the element used to enable the HTTP authentication scheme.

SASL mechanisms are generally specified using the registered SASL mechanism names. For instance, the *PLAIN* SASL mechanism is controlled with an element with the tag (name) *PLAIN*, and the type *AuthenticationMechanism*. The *PLAIN* mechanism is enabled if *PLAIN/@enabled* attribute is *true*.

RULE:23.12.14-1 Where possible, additional client authentication capabilities beyond the scope of the LXI Security Extended Function shall be created using this type. However, if those capabilities require additional configuration, they shall define their own type by extending the *AuthenticationMechanism* ComplexType.

23.12.14.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
enabled	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt. Default: true	No change	<i>enabled</i> indicates that the SASL mechanism or HTTP scheme is enabled. RULE:23.12.14.1-1 On LCI, the enabled mechanisms do not change. Required: RULE:23.12.14.1-2 Unsecure impact: NA
Any Attribute	Type: Any type Card.: Optional Default: NA	See the usage of the defined mechanism.	Additional attributes that define SASL mechanisms or HTTPS schemas beyond the scope of LXI may include additional attributes to define them. Required: Not required. Unsecure impact:

The *AuthenticationMechanism* complex type has **no subelements**

23.12.15 VXI11

VX111 configures the VXI-11 protocol.

23.12.15.1 **Attributes**

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
enabled	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt. Default: true	No change	<i>enabled</i> state of the VXI11 server at this address. Required: Not required. Unsecure impact: RULE:23.12.15.1-1 The device is in unsecure mode if VXI-11 is enabled.

The VXI11 complex type has **no subelements**

23.12.16 **ClientAuthentication**

ClientAuthentication contains client authentication information. That is, information used by the device to determine if the identity proffered by clients attempting to connect to it is authentic.

RULE:23.12.16-1 Information in *ClientAuthentication* shall be used by all protocols that provide client authentication. For instance, a certificate thumbprint that the device accepts for HiSLIP EXTERNAL authentication, will also be accepted for telnet mTLS.

OBSERVATION: *Devices may require that all ClientCredentials are re-sent when the @scramHashCount is changed. Because of this requirement, although this attribute is most closely associated with LXICommonConfiguration/HiSLIP/ClientAuthentication/SCRAM, it is located here so that changes to the @scramHashCount are directly associated with the credentials that must be hashed.*

In addition, @scramChannelBindingRequired is located on this element to retain its association with the @scramHashIterationCount.

OBSERVATION: *Devices may also have mechanisms beyond the scope of the LxiCommonConfiguration to manage the passwords.*

23.12.16.1 **Attributes**

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
scram Hash Iteration Count	Type: xs:int Card.: Opt. Default: <i>None</i>	No change	<i>scramHashIterationCount</i> sets the minimum iteration count that SCRAM uses to hash the client credentials. The default value of this is device dependent, but should be chosen sufficiently high that clients cannot successfully perform brute force attacks. At the time of this writing RFC 7677 recommends a minimum of 4096 for SHA-256, although much larger values are reasonable for LXI devices. OBSERVATION: <i>Devices are permitted to use a higher value for scramHashIterationCount. The actual iteration count used by the device is indicated in the SCRAM protocol.</i> Required: RULE:23.12.16.1-1 Required for devices that support the SCRAM SASL mechanism via the LXICommonConfiguration.

Unsecure impact: NA

scram Channel Binding Required

Type: xs:boolean No change

Card.: Opt.

Default: None

scramChannelBindingRequired specifies if the device permits the client to connect with a non-channel-bound version of SCRAM.

For instance, for a device that supports SCRAM with SHA-256 hashes: if false, then SCRAM-SHA-256 would be accepted in addition to SCRAM-SHA-256-PLUS. If true, only SCRAM-SHA-256-PLUS would be accepted by the device.

Required: RULE:23.12.16.1-2 Required for devices that support the SCRAM SASL mechanism via the LXICommonConfiguration.

Unsecure impact: NA

23.12.16.2 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
Client Credential	lxi:ClientCredential	Optional unbounded	RULE:23.12.16.2-1 Required.
Client Cert Authentication	lxi:ClientCertAuthentication	Optional	RULE:23.12.16.2-2 Required.
Any element	Any type	Optional unbounded	Extension elements may be included to enable devices to specify types of ClientAuthentication beyond the scope of LXI.

23.12.17 ClientCredential

ClientCredential contains an individual user with optional passwords and an indication if this user has API Access rights.

@APIAccess and /Password are optional since they are write-only fields that may not be included in device responses for reasons of secrecy.

23.12.17.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
user	Type: xs:string Card.: Req. Default: NA	No change	<i>user</i> that may be authenticated on the device. RULE:23.12.17.1-1 LXI devices shall accept <i>user</i> names composed of alpha-numeric strings. User names shall be case-sensitive. RULE:23.12.17.1-2 The IVI-6.5 SASL Mechanism Specification details the specific device and client requirements for the generation of usernames and

passwords. Devices shall comply with the IVI device requirements.

Required: RULE:23.12.17.1-3

Unsecure impact: NA

APIAccess	Type: xs:boolean Card.: Opt. Default: false	No change APIAccess indicates if this user is authorized to use the API. If <i>true</i> , this user credential permits the client to use the API. If <i>APIAccess</i> is <i>false</i> , this credential is not sufficient to permit the client to use the API. On a write, the absence <i>APIAccess</i> indicates that no change is to be made to the users stored <i>APIAccess</i> value. Required: RULE:23.12.17.1-4 Unsecure impact: NA
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23.12.17.2 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
Password	lxi:Password	Optional unbounded	

23.12.18 Password

Password contains the passwords associated with an individual client. Passwords may be sent to the device hashed, avoiding the need to serialize clear text passwords within this XML document.

23.12.18.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
format	Type: xs:string Card.: Req. Default: NA	NA	<p><i>format</i> Indicates the format used to generate the hash. The following formats are required by LXI:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>ClearText</i> indicates that the <i>@value</i> is not hashed. <i>MCF</i> indicates that the <i>@value</i> is in a format consistent with the Modular Crypt Format, used by tools such as libxcrypt or Linux crypt(3). <i>SCRAM</i> indicates that the <i>@value</i> is in a format to support SCRAM hashes and shall be represented as: <pre><scram_sasl_mech>\${iteration_count}<:base64_salt>\${stored_key}<:server_key></pre>

Note that in the above string, the '\$' and ':' characters are literals. The fields enclosed in <> indicate where hash algorithm values are incorporated into the string.

The fields are as defined in RFC-5802. For example, the stored hash value of the password "123456" is:

```
SCRAM-SHA-256$4096:sY29SmrcV71GPelgD3H1dg==$NicztZlfZMbAFFbqamvsz8tCZlTc5h2a9zNpteOxsrc=:93tB38XwNA5sE7xni/SyGVL8biMIB+ftW050VwR5/lc=
```

This encodes the field values of:

- o *scram_sasl_mech* SCRAM-SHA-256
- o *iteration_count* 4096
- o *base64_salt* sY29SmrcV71GPelgD3H1dg==
- o *stored_key* NicztZlfZMbAFFbqamvsz8tCZlTc5h2a9zNpteOxsrc=
- o *server_key* 93tB38XwNA5sE7xni/SyGVL8biMIB+ftW050VwR5/lc=

Other formats are permitted, but not specified by LXI.

Required: **RULE:23.12.18.1-1** Devices shall implement the formats specified.

Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode

value	Type: xs:string Card.: 1 Default:	N/A RULE:23.12.18.1-2 <i>value</i> contains the password in the format specified by <i>@format</i> . RULE:23.12.18.1-3 If the device does not support the requested hash algorithm, then the CommonConfiguration put request shall fail. The returned LXIProblemDetails/Title element shall contain an indication that the hash algorithm specified in the value attribute was invalid. The LXIProblemDetails/Instance shall have a comma separated list of accepted values. OBSERVATION: Clients can determine the supported hash algorithms by sending an empty value attribute.
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Required: **RULE:23.12.18.1-4**

Unsecure impact: Does not impact unsecure mode

Any Attribute	Type: Any type Card.: Optional Default:	N/A Arbitrary attributes may be included for devices that wish to further qualify a password, for instance, to associate the password with a specific protocol. Required: No Unsecure impact: NA
---------------	--	---

The Password complex type has **no subelements**

23.12.19 ClientCertAuthentication

Configures client certificate authentication.

RULE:23.12.19-1 Devices shall accept client certificates as valid if they are signed by a root certificate specified in this element, or if they have a thumbprint that matches a thumbprint specified in this element.

The *ClientCertAuthentication* complex type has **no attributes**

23.12.19.1 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
RootCertPEM	xs:string	Optional unbounded	<p><i>RootCertPEM</i> has a single root certificate the device shall use to validate client certificates. Any client certificate that is signed by a trust authority described in one of these root certificates shall be treated as authentic by the device.</p> <p>Certificates are in PEM format, represented in XML as strings. PEM format is a Base64 ASCII encoding of the binary certificate. PEM Format is described in RFC 7468.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.19.1-1 Root certification PEMs shall be semantically validated. For instance, expired root certificates shall not be used.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.19.1-2 <i>RootCertPEM</i> shall be supported.</p>
Cert Thumbprint	lxi:CertThumbprint	Optional unbounded	<p>Each instance of this element has the thumbprint of a client certificate. Client certificates with this thumbprint shall be treated as authentic by the device. Authenticated certificates still require semantic validation, for instance, expired certificates shall not be used.</p> <p>The thumbprint is a hash of the full binary device certificate. The hash function is specified in the <i>CertThumbprint</i> element.</p> <p>RULE:23.12.19.1-3 <i>CertThumbprint</i> shall be supported.</p>

23.12.20 CertThumbprint

CertThumbprint contains a certificate thumbprint. A certificate thumbprint is a hash of a DER encoded X.509 certificate that is used to recognize a specific certificate.

23.12.20.1 **Attributes**

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
hash	Type: xs:string	No change	<i>hash</i> indicates the hash function used to create this thumbPrint. Required: RULE:23.12.20.1-1 Unsecure impact: NA
	Card.: Opt.		
	Default: SHA-256		
thumbPrint	Type: xs:base64Binary	No change	<i>thumbPrint</i> contains the certificate thumbPrint. Required: RULE:23.12.20.1-2 Unsecure impact: NA
	Card.: Req.		
	Default: NA		

The CertThumbprint complex type has **no subelements**

23.13 LXI Device Specific Configuration Schema

The LXI Device Specific Configuration represents device-specific or automatically configured network settings of the device network interface. If the device configuration enables automatic configuration, such as DHCP, any configuration specified in the LXI Device Specific Configuration Schema may be superseded.

RULE:23.13-1 Devices shall retain the LXI Device Specific configuration and only utilize it when automatic configuration is disabled. Thus, writing the LXI Device Specific Configuration while automatic configuration is active then disabling automatic configuration will result in the device using the configuration specified in LXI Device Specific Configuration.

Reading the LXI Device Specific Configuration from the device always returns the current settings of the interface over which it is read, regardless of if the settings were statically configured or received from automatic configuration.

To determine if automatic configuration is enabled read the LXI Common Configuration.

This schema specifies the XML namespace:

http://lxistandard.org/schemas/LXIDeviceSpecificConfiguration/1.0, version: 1.0
Editorial date: September 28, 2023

23.13.1 LXIDeviceSpecificConfiguration

LXIDeviceSpecificConfiguration contains various settings associated with the network interface that are potentially device specific.

For details on the various settings, see the LXI Device specification.

23.13.1.1 **Attributes**

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
name	Type: xs:string	NA	<i>name</i> indicates the name of the interface described by this document.
	Card.: Opt.		

Default: None

name is required on a GET and shall indicate the name used for the interface in the *LXICommonConfiguration Interface/@name* attribute. Devices with a single interface shall use the name "LXI".

name is optional on a PUT. If absent, the interface over which this XML is delivered is configured.

OBSERVATION: providing the *LXICommonConfiguration Interface/@name* here permits the client to associate the device specific IP configuration with the configuration in the *LXICommonConfiguration*.

Required: RULE:23.13.1.1-1

Unsecure impact: NA

23.13.1.2 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
IPv4Device	lxi:IPv4Device	Optional	<i>IPv4Device</i> contains the device-specific configuration related to IPv4. RULE:23.13.1.2-1 LXI Devices shall accept <i>IPv4Device</i> . RULE:23.13.1.2-2 If <i>IPv4Device</i> is absent, and the LXI Common Configuration does not specify automatic configuration, the IPv4 capability is disabled.
IPv6Device	lxi:IPv6Device	Optional	<i>IPv6Device</i> contains the device-specific configuration related to IPv6. RULE:23.13.1.2-3 LXI Devices shall accept <i>IPv6Device</i> RULE:23.13.1.2-4 If <i>IPv6Device</i> is absent, and the LXI Common Configuration does not specify any automatic configuration, the IPv6 capability is disabled.
Any element	Any type	Optional unbounded	Extension elements may be use to provide arbitrary interface configuration.

23.13.2 IPv4Device

IPv4Device represents the device-specific state of the IP version 4 capabilities of the device that are potentially device-specific.

When *IPv4Device* is written, the point in time at which it takes affect is device dependent.

23.13.2.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
address	Type: xs:string Card.: Opt.	No change	<i>address</i> contains the IPv4 address of the device. Required: RULE:23.13.2.1-1

	Default: <i>None</i>		Unsecure impact: Any
subnetMask	Type: xs:string	No change	<i>subnetMask</i> contains the subnet mask to use.
	Card.: Opt.		Required: RULE:23.13.2.1-2
	Default: <i>None</i>		Unsecure impact: any
gateway	Type: xs:string	No change	<i>gateway</i> contains the gateway address.
	Card.: Opt.		Required: RULE:23.13.2.1-3
	Default: <i>None</i>		Unsecure impact: any
dns1	Type: xs:string	No change	<i>dns1</i> is the address of the first DNS server.
	Card.: Opt.		Required: RULE:23.13.2.1-4
	Default: <i>None</i>		Unsecure impact: any
dns2	Type: xs:string	No change	<i>dns2</i> is the address of the second (alternate) DNS server.
	Card.: Opt.		Required: RULE:23.13.2.1-5
	Default: <i>None</i>		Unsecure impact: any
<i>Any Attribute</i>	Type: <i>Any type</i>	NA	Arbitrary extension attributes may be included to provide device-specific IPv4 configuration that is beyond the scope of the LXI requirements.
	Card.: <i>Optional</i>		RULE:23.13.2.1-6 LXI devices shall ignore extension attributes they do not recognize.
	Default: <i>NA</i>		Required: No
			Unsecure impact: NA

The IPv4Device complex type has **no subelements**

23.13.3 IPv6Device

IPv6Device represents the device-specific state of the IP version 6 capabilities of the device that are potentially device-specific.

When *IPv6Device* is written, the point in time at which it takes affect is device dependent.

23.13.3.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
<i>Any Attribute</i>	Type: <i>Any type</i>	NA	Arbitrary extension attributes may be included to provide device-specific IPv6 configuration that is beyond the scope of the LXI requirements.
	Card.: <i>Optional</i>		RULE:23.13.3.1-1 LXI devices shall ignore extension attributes they do not recognize.
	Default: <i>NA</i>		Required: No

Unsecure impact: NA

23.13.3.2 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
StaticAddress	lxi:IPv6Address	Optional unbounded	<p><i>StaticAddress</i> is optional and contains the device static address.</p> <p>OBSERVATION: <i>If the LXICommonConfiguration/Network/IPv6/@staticAddressEnabled is false, the static addresses are not used.</i></p> <p>RULE:23.13.3.2-1 Devices shall accept at least one <i>StaticAddress</i>.</p>
Link Local Address	lxi:IPv6Address	Optional	<p><i>LinkLocalAddress</i> is a read-only field that contains the devices current link local address.</p> <p>RULE:23.13.3.2-2 LXI Devices shall include the link local address in responses.</p>
GlobalAddress	lxi:IPv6Address	Optional unbounded	<p><i>GlobalAddress</i> is a read-only element that contains the addresses provided to the device via router advertisement or DHCP.</p> <p>RULE:23.13.3.2-3 A <i>GlobalAddress</i> element shall be included in the response for every device global address.</p> <p>OBSERVATION: <i>Since unique-local may be determined by router advertisement or stateful DHCPv6 it is returned using a GlobalAddress element.</i></p>

23.13.4 IPv6Address

IPv6Address contains an IPv6 address.

23.13.4.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description	
address	Type: xs:string	NA	<i>address</i> contains the IPv6 address in CIDR notation.	
	Card.: Req.			Required: RULE:23.13.4.1-1
	Default: NA			Unsecure impact: NA
router	Type: xs:string	NA	<i>router</i> contains the router IPv6 address if this <i>IPv6Address</i> has an associated router. The address is in CIDR notation.	
	Card.: Opt.			Required: RULE:23.13.4.1-2
	Default: None			Unsecure impact: NA

dns **Type:** xs:string NA *dns* contains the address of the IPv6 domain name server if this *IPv6Address* has an associated dns. The address is in CIDR notation.

Card.: Opt.

Default: None **Required:** RULE:23.13.4.1-3

Unsecure impact: NA

The IPv6Address complex type has **no subelements**

23.14 LXI Certificate Reference Schema

The LXI Certificate schema indicates a single X.509 certificate, certificate chain, or CSR (Certificate Signing Request) that is on the device.

The certificate is not included in this schema, rather the entity on the device is identified using a GUID. The GUID is assigned by the device and is returned by the Certificate List API.

This schema specifies the XML namespace:

http://ixistandard.org/schemas/LXICertificateRef/1.0, version: 1.0
Editorial date: September 28, 2023

23.14.1 LXICertificateRef

23.14.1.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
GUID	Type: xs:string Card.: Req. Default: NA	NA	The GUID identifies the certificate, certificate list, or CSR. The GUID is returned by the Certificate List API. Required: RULE:23.14.1.1-1 Unsecure impact: NA

The LXICertificateRef complex type has **no subelements**

23.15 LXI Certificate List Schema

The LXI Certificate List schema represents a list of X.509 certificates, certificate chains, and CSR (Certificate Signing Requests) currently on the device.

The returned list of certificates includes a GUID that the client can use to delete the certificate.

This schema specifies the XML namespace:

http://ixistandard.org/schemas/LXICertificateList/1.0, version: 1.0
Editorial date: September 28, 2023

23.15.1 LXICertificateList

LXICertificateList contains a list of certificate entities on a device. Each is assigned a GUID that can be used to further manipulate the certificate.

The *LXICertificateList* complex type has **no attributes**

23.15.1.1 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
Certificate Info	lxi:CertificateInfo	Required unbounded	<i>CertificateInfo</i> contains information about a certificate on the device, including the GUID which may be used to operate on the certificate.

23.15.2 CertificateInfo

CertificateInfo contains information about a certificate, certificate list, or CSR (certificate signing request).

The GUID included in the *CertificateInfo* is used to manipulate the individual entity.

23.15.2.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
GUID	Type: xs:string Card.: Req. Default: NA	NA	<i>GUID</i> is a Globally Unique Identifier generated by the device to represent this certificate. Required: RULE:23.15.2.1-1 Unsecure impact: NA
Type	Type: restriction of: xs:string Card.: Req. Default: NA	NA	<i>Type</i> indicates the kind of entity. One of the following values is returned: IDevID The entity is the Initial device identifier provided by the device manufacturer. LDevID The entity is a locally significant device identifier provisioned to the device by a user. CSR The entity is a Certificate Signing Request produced by the device to be signed by a certificate authority. Required: RULE:23.15.2.1-2 Unsecure impact: NA
DNSName	Type: xs:string Card.: Req. Default: NA	NA	<i>DNSName</i> is the DNS Name from the certificate. Required: RULE:23.15.2.1-3 Unsecure impact: NA
Enabled	Type: xs:boolean	NA	<i>Enabled</i> indicates if the corresponding certificate or certificate chain is enabled for use by the device.

	Card.:	Req.	<i>Enabled</i> is meaningless for Certificate Signing Requests. <i>Enabled</i> shall be returned <i>true</i> for CSRs.
	Default:	NA	
			Required: RULE:23.15.2.1-4
			Unsecure impact: NA
expiration Date Time	Type:	xs:string NA	<i>expirationDateTime</i> is the expiration date and time of the certificate.
	Card.:	Req.	For a CSR, <i>expirationDateTime</i> shall contain the requested expiration time from the CSR. If the CSR <i>LXICertificateRequest/ExpirationDateTime</i> was absent an empty string shall be returned.
	Default:	NA	
			RULE:23.15.2.1-5 The expiration date and time shall be expressed in ASN.1 format using ASN.1 GeneralizedTime per RFC5280.
			OBSERVATION: <i>The device will need to convert GeneralizedTime to UTC time if the year is between 1950 and 2050.</i>
			Required: RULE:23.15.2.1-6
			Unsecure impact: NA

The CertificateInfo complex type has **no subelements**

23.16 LXI Certificate Request Schema

The LXI Certificate Request schema is used by both the *getCSR* and *createCertificate* APIs for the client to specify attributes of the certificate it is requesting.

This schema specifies the XML namespace:

http://lxistandard.org/schemas/LXICertificateRequest/1.0, version: 1.0
Editorial date: September 28, 2023

23.16.1 LXICertificateRequest

LXICertificateRequest contains attributes that a client may request be used for a device certificate.

The *LXICertificateRequest* complex type has **no attributes**

23.16.1.1 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
SubjectName	lxi:SubjectName	Optional	<i>SubjectName</i> specifies the attributes of the distinguished name to be used in the subject of the certificate. The subject of the certificate indicates the identity of the LXI device.

AltDnsName	xs:string	Optional unbounded	<i>AltDnsName</i> specifies the alternate DNS name to be used in the certificate.
AltIPAddress	xs:string	Optional unbounded	<i>AltIPAddress</i> specifies the alternate IP Address to be used in the certificate. Multiple IP addresses may be specified as a comma separated list.
Expiration Date Time	xs:string	Optional	<i>ExpirationDateTime</i> indicates the time at which the requested certificate will expire. RULE:23.16.1.1-1 The expiration date and time shall be expressed in ASN.1 format using ASN.1 GeneralizedTime per RFC5280. OBSERVATION: <i>The device will need to convert GeneralizedTime to UTC time if the year is between 1950 and 2050.</i>
Signature Algorithm	xs:string	Optional	<i>SignatureAlgorithm</i> specifies the signature algorithm that the certificate keyset should use. The string is the Object Identifier (OID) string specified in RFC 3279 or its hierarchy of successors. The OID uniquely identifies the signature algorithm and is a string of integers separated by decimal points. For instance the OID string for SHA256 with RSA Encryption is "1.2.840.113549.1.1.11". Vendors are encouraged to use state of the art cryptographic algorithms when generating certificates or signing requests and thus keep the software up-to-date. Failure to do so may result in devices being easily compromised. For instance, the MD5 and SHA-1 algorithms have been deprecated and are known to be inadequate and should not be used to generated new certificates or sign requests. However, existing certificates should be supported. If absent the signature algorithm is device dependent. This differs from sending an empty string which produces an error. RULE:23.16.1.1-2 If the device does not support the requested signature algorithm, then the certificate request shall fail. The returned <i>LXIProblemDetails/Title</i> element shall contain an indication that the <i>SignatureAlgorithm</i> was invalid. The <i>LXIProblemDetails/Instance</i> shall have a comma separated list of accepted values. OBSERVATION: <i>Clients can determine the supported signature algorithms by sending</i>

the *SignatureAlgorithm* element with an empty string for the *SignatureAlgorithm*.

The *LXICertificateRequest* schema with the *SignatureAlgorithm* is used in both the LXI Create Certificate API and LXI CSR GET API.

- When used in the LXI Create Certificate API *SignatureAlgorithm* specifies the signature algorithm and the key type used to create the LDevID.
- For the LXI CSR GET API, *SignatureAlgorithm* indicates how the returned CSR has been signed by the device, including both the algorithm and the public/private key type. Note that the Certificate Authority (CA) chooses the certificate signature algorithm independently of this field. Note that the client (such as a CA) will use the public key from the CSR to ensure that the instrument has the corresponding private key.

Certificate Extension lxi:CertificateExtension Optional unbounded

CertificateExtension permits the user to request arbitrary certificate fields based on the object identifier and field values.

23.16.2 SubjectName

SubjectName contains the various attributes of the requested certificate subject.

RULE:23.16.2-1 The default fields for the subject name shall be the values used in the device IDDevID.

The *SubjectName* complex type has **no attributes**

23.16.2.1 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
CommonName	xs:string	Optional	<i>CommonName</i> specifies the common name subject attribute.
Organization	xs:string	Optional	<i>Organization</i> specifies the organization subject attribute.
Organizational Unit	xs:string	Optional unbounded	<i>OrganizationUnit</i> specifies the organization unit subject attribute.
Locality	xs:string	Optional	<i>Locality</i> specifies the locality subject attribute.

State	xs:string	Optional	<i>State</i> specifies the state subject attribute.
Country	xs:string	Optional	<i>Country</i> specifies the country subject attribute.
SerialNumber	xs:string	Optional	<i>SerialNumber</i> specifies the serial number subject attribute.
Extra Subject Attribute	lxi:ExtraSubjectAttribute	Optional unbounded	<i>ExtraSubjectAttribute</i> specifies additional subject attributes not included in LXICertificateRequest using the Object ID and value.

23.16.3 ExtraSubjectAttribute

ExtraSubjectAttribute specifies an individual subject attribute.

The *ExtraSubjectAttribute* complex type has **no attributes**

23.16.3.1 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
ObjectID	xs:string	Required	<i>ObjectID</i> is the object ID that indicates the subject attribute as specified by the OpenGroup. The format of this string is a series of dot-separated integers. RULE:23.16.3.1-1 <i>ObjectID</i> shall be included.
ObjectValue	xs:string	Required	<i>ObjectValue</i> is the subject value associated with the specified attribute. RULE:23.16.3.1-2 <i>ObjectValue</i> shall be included.

23.16.4 CertificateExtension

The *CertificateExtension* complex type has **no attributes**

23.16.4.1 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
ObjectID	xs:string	Required	<i>ObjectID</i> is the object ID that indicates the certificate extension as specified by the OpenGroup. The format of this string is a series of dot-separated integers. RULE:23.16.4.1-1 <i>ObjectID</i> shall be included.

Critical	xs:boolean	Optional	<i>Critical</i> indicates that this certificate extension is critical.
ObjectValue	xs:base64Binary	Required	<i>ObjectValue</i> is the subject value associated with the certificate field. RULE:23.16.4.1-2 <i>ObjectValue</i> shall be included.

23.17 LXI Literals Schema

The *LXILiterals* schema contains a single element with optional arbitrary attributes. It is used to pass arbitrary data to a method. As such, it does not provide syntactic validation of parameters.

This schema is intended to be used by methods that require minimal parameters, and would derive very little benefit from schema-based syntactic validation.

Methods that utilize this schema must document the attribute names and types used.

This schema specifies the XML namespace:

http://lxistandard.org/schemas/LXILiterals/1.0, version: 1.0
Editorial date: September 28, 2023

23.17.1 LXILiterals

LXILiterals contains arbitrary attributes that can be used to pass parameters of arbitrary types and names to REST methods.

Methods that utilize this schema must document the attribute names and types used.

23.17.1.1 Attributes

Attribute	Syntax	LCI	Description
<i>Any Attribute</i>	Type: <i>Any type</i>	NA	Each attribute has an arbitrary name with an arbitrarily typed parameter.
	Card.: <i>Optional</i>		Required: Must be implemented as required for parameters used in the method for which this is a parameter.
	Default: <i>NA</i>		Unsecure impact: NA

The *LXILiterals* complex type has **no subelements**

23.18 LXI Problem Details Schema

The LXI Problem Details schema provides detailed explanation from the device regarding HTTP operations that do not have an implicit response. Further detail could be an explanation of error conditions, or other device status regarding the invoked method.

If the HTTP response is OK (200), the *LXIProblemDetails* response is not required.

For some use cases, such as determining authentication requirements, it may be appropriate for a client to intentionally generate an HTTP error then use this structure and the response headers to determine the requirements to access the designated resource.

In such cases, the information in this element may be redundant with information also available from response headers.

RULE:23.18-1 Devices shall return the *LXIProblemDetails* when the LXI API generates 40X errors.

This schema specifies the XML namespace:

http://lxistandard.org/schemas/LXIProblemDetails/1.0, version: 1.0
Editorial date: September 28, 2023

23.18.1 LXIProblemDetails

The LXI ProblemDetails element contains the details related to an HTTP error.

The *LXIProblemDetails* complex type has **no attributes**

23.18.1.1 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
Title	xs:string	Required	High level description of the method result, consistent with the HTTP status code returned. RULE:23.18.1.1-1 <i>Title</i> shall be included.
Detail	xs:string	Optional	Detail regarding the specific method status, for instance, the nature of a syntactic error.
Instance	xs:string	Optional	Detail specific to the issue. For instance, for a syntax error this could contain details used to isolate and correct the problem, such as the line number or specific reference to a flawed syntactic element.

23.19 LXI Pending Details Schema

The LXI Pending Details schema provides detailed explanation from the server regarding HTTP operations that return an HTTP status of 202. The HTTP status of 202 indicates that the operation is pending.

RULE:23.19-1 Schema-valid XML responses, as defined by this schema, shall be returned by devices to indicate pending operations.

OBSERVATION: Other sections of this specification require that devices return the *LXIPendingDetails* whenever an LXI API method returns a status of 202.

This schema specifies the XML namespace:

http://lxistandard.org/schemas/LXIPendingDetails/1.0, version: 1.0
Editorial date: September 28, 2023

23.19.1 LXIPendingDetails

The LXI PendingDetails element contains the details related to why an operation is pending and permits the client to determine when it is completed.

The LXIPendingDetails complex type has **no attributes**

23.19.1.1 Sub-elements

The following must occur in this order:

Element	Type	Cardinality	Requirements
URL	xs:anyURI	Required	<p><i>URL</i> provides a URL at which the client can perform a GET to determine the status of the pending operation.</p> <p>If the API for which this response is generated may result in a new IP address, then the URL returned from the 202 response shall be constructed with either the hostname or an absolute path with no host.</p> <p>RULE:23.19.1.1-1 <i>URL</i> shall be included.</p> <p>OBSERVATION: <i>When querying the URL the client will either receive another operation pending response with another instance of this XML or a status of OK that indicates the operation is complete.</i></p>
User Action Required	xs:boolean	Required	<p><i>UserActionRequired</i> indicates if the operation is blocked waiting for a user action. For instance, a front panel operation or a device reboot.</p>
Estimated Time To Complete	xs:integer	Optional	<p><i>EstimatedTimeToComplete</i> indicates the amount of time in seconds to complete the operation.</p> <p><i>EstimatedTimeToComplete</i> shall be included if <i>@UserActionRequired</i> is false.</p> <p><i>EstimatedTimeToComplete</i> shall be omitted if the device is awaiting a user action and the device does not know when it will occur.</p>
Details	xs:string	Optional	<p><i>Details</i> provides an explanation of the operation that is pending, or why it is pending.</p>